

10/729,807

FILE 'MEDLINE, EMBASE, BIOSIS, BIOTECHDS, SCISEARCH, HCAPLUS, NTIS,
LIFESCI' ENTERED AT 13:17:17 ON 09 DEC 2004

L1 628423 S PEPTIDASE? OR PROTEINASE? OR PROTEASE?
L2 232488 S HUMAN AND L1
L3 1461 S ZINC(A) METALLOPROTEASE?
L4 3232 S ZINC AND L2
L5 6823002 S CLON? OR EXPRESS? OR RECOMBINANT
L6 1449 S L4 AND L5
L7 4633 S MATRIXIN OR HEMOPEXIN
L8 52 S L6 AND L7
L9 31 DUP REM L8 (21 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L10 6055 S BRAIN (A)CANCER
L11 1 S L6 AND L10
L12 924 S ZINC (A)L1
L13 0 S L12 AND L10
L14 1 S L5 AND L1`2
L15 169 S L5 AND L12
L16 3 S L7 AND L15
L17 3 DUP REM L16 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L18 87 DUP REM L15 (82 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
E HILLMAN J L/AU
L19 484 S E3
E BANDMAN O/AU
L20 845 S E3-E7
E TANG Y T/AU
L21 446 S E3
E AZIMZAI Y/AU
L22 291 S E3-E5
E YUE H/AU
L23 485 S E3
E BAUGHN M R/AU
L24 757 S E3-E6
E LU D A M/AU
L25 169 S E3
L26 2086 S L19 OR L20 OR L21 OR L22 OR L23 OR L24 OR L25
L27 0 S L6 AND L26
L28 61 S L2 AND L26
L29 43 DUP REM L28 (18 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=>

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FILE 'LIFESCI' ENTERED AT 13:17:17 ON 09 DEC 2004
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=> s peptidase? or proteinase? or protease?
L1 628423 PEPTIDASE? OR PROTEINASE? OR PROTEASE?

=> s human and l1
L2 232488 HUMAN AND L1

=> s zinc(a) metalloprotease?
L3 1461 ZINC(A) METALLOPROTEASE?

=> s zinc and l2
L4 3232 ZINC AND L2

=> s clon? or express? or recombinant
3 FILES SEARCHED...
L5 6823002 CLON? OR EXPRESS? OR RECOMBINANT

=> s l4 and l5
L6 1449 L4 AND L5

=> s matrixin or hemopexin
L7 4633 MATRIXIN OR HEMOPEXIN

=> s l6 and l7
L8 52 L6 AND L7

=> dup rem l8
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L8
L9 31 DUP REM L8 (21 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 1-31 ibib ab

L9 ANSWER 1 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:838610 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:312238
TITLE: DNA microarray analysis of gene **expression**
in the diagnosis of estrogen receptor positive- and
negative-breast cancer
INVENTOR(S): Erlander, Mark G.; Ma, Xiao-Jun; Wang, Wei; Wittliff,
James L.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Arcturus Bioscience, Inc., USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 226 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004079014	A2	20040916	WO 2002-XA2004006736	20040304
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, CN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW,			
RW:	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004079014	A2	20040916	WO 2004-US6736	20040304
W:	AE, AE, AG, AL, AL, AM, AM, AM, AT, AT, AU, AZ, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BG, BR, BR, BW, BY, BY, BZ, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CN, CO, CO, CR, CR, CU, CU, CZ, CZ, DE, DE, DK, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EC, EE, EE, EG, ES, ES, FI, FI, GB, GD, GE, GE, GH, GM, HR, HR, HU, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, JP, KE, KE, KG, KG, KP, KP, KP, KR, KR, KZ, KZ, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MX, MZ, MZ, NA, NI			
RW:	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2003-451942P P 20030304
WO 2004-US6736 A 20040304

AB The invention relates to the identification and use of gene **expression** profiles, or patterns, suitable for identification of populations that are pos. and neg. for estrogen receptor **expression**. The gene **expression** profiles may be embodied in nucleic acid **expression**, protein **expression**, or other **expression** formats, and may be used in the study and/or diagnosis of cells and tissue in breast cancer as well as for the study and/or determination of prognosis of a patient, including breast cancer survival.

L9 ANSWER 2 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:610028 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:150947

TITLE: Affinity fishing for ligands and protein receptors by an efficient process involving protein mixtures and ligand libraries

INVENTOR(S): St. Hilaire, Phaedria Marie; Yin, Haifeng; Surve, Sheryl; Wenckens, Martin

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Carlsberg A/S, Den.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 172 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004062553	A2	20040729	WO 2004-DK23	20040116
W:	AE, AE, AG, AL, AL, AM, AM, AM, AT, AT, AU, AU, AZ, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BG, BR, BR, BW, BY, BY, BZ, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CN, CO, CO, CR, CR, CU, CU, CZ, CZ, DE, DE, DK, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EC, EE, EE, EG, ES, ES, FI, FI, GB, GD, GE, GE, GH, GH, GH, GM, HR, HR, HU, HU,			

ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, JP, KE, KE, KG, KG, KP, KP, KP, KR, KR, KZ,
KZ, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MD, MG, MK, MN,
MW, MX, MX, MZ

US 2004142379 A1 20040722 US 2003-346737 20030116
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2003-346737 A 20030116
DK 2003-749 A 20030519

AB The invention provides putative "drugable" protein targets and actively binding ligands identified in an efficient and reproducible process by determining the affinity of protein mixts. to libraries of ligand compds. of defined size and composition. The libraries are used to isolate and identify previously unknown corresponding protein-ligand binding pairs from a mixture of proteins and a library of compds., and are particularly useful to identify differentially selective protein-ligand binding pairs, for example, representing a single physiol. state or several varied but related states, such as disease vs. normal conditions. The invention also provides processes for identifying such protein-ligand binding pairs.

L9 ANSWER 3 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:355085 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:369944

TITLE: Human tissue-specific housekeeping genes identified by **expression** profiling

INVENTOR(S): Aburatani, Hiroyuki; Yamamoto, Shogo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): NGK Insulators, Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 372 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004035785	A1	20040429	WO 2002-JP10753	20021016
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			

US 2004229233 A1 20041118 US 2003-684422 20031015
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-418614P P 20021016
WO 2002-JP10753 W 20021016

AB Housekeeping genes commonly **expressed** in 35 different human tissues, oligonucleotide probes and DNA microarrays containing them, are disclosed.

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 4 OF 31 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003-10497 BIOTECHDS

TITLE: Novel crystalline form of a polypeptide corresponding to the catalytic domain of matrix metalloproteinase 9 protein, useful for selecting or designing chemical modulators which are used for treating diabetes, cancer, arthritis; vector-mediated **recombinant** protein gene transfer and **expression** in host cell for use in osteoarthritis, atherosclerosis, restenosis, periodontitis, multiple sclerosis, glomerulonephritis, graft-versus-host disease and inflammation therapy

AUTHOR: JEPSON H; MINSHULL C; PAUPTIT R; ROWSELL S
PATENT ASSIGNEE: ASTRAZENECA AB
PATENT INFO: WO 2003002729 9 Jan 2003
APPLICATION INFO: WO 2002-SE1266 24 Jun 2002
PRIORITY INFO: SE 2001-2298 27 Jun 2001; SE 2001-2298 27 Jun 2001
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2003-201502 [19]

AB DERWENT ABSTRACT:

NOVELTY - A crystalline form (I) of a polypeptide corresponding to the catalytic domain of matrix metalloproteinase9 (MMP9) protein, is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following: (1) a crystalline form (II) of a polypeptide corresponding to catalytic domain of MMP9 in complex with an MMP9 inhibitor compound; (2) a crystalline form (III) of a polypeptide corresponding to active site binding region MMP9 protein, where the active site binding region amino acid residues are identical or equivalent to the active site binding region amino acid residues of MMP9 as given in specification, and the shape of the active site binding region is defined by the atomic coordinates (AC1) of wild type MMP9 construct in complex with a reverse hydroxamate compound as given in specification, or the atomic coordinates (AC2) of MMP9 mutant (E402Q) construct in complex with the reverse hydroxamate compound, as given in specification, or the equivalent coordinates of AC1 or AC2; (3) determining or designing (M1) the three-dimensional structure a crystal form of MMP9 by difference Fourier or molecular replacement using atomic coordinates first MMP9 crystal to model the structure a second MMP9 crystal, where the active site binding region amino acid residues of the first MMP9 crystal are identical or equivalent to the active site binding region amino acid residues of MMP9 as given in specification, and the shape of the active site binding region of the first MMP9 crystal is defined by AC1 or AC2 or its equivalent coordinates; (4) an MMP protein designed by (M1); (5) selecting or designing (M2) chemical modulator of MMP9 by selecting or designing a modulator with a three-dimensional structure that fix into the MMP9 active site binding region; and (6) a modulator (IV) of MMP9 selected or designed by (M2), or its salt are in vivo hydrolyzable ester.

ACTIVITY - Cytostatic; Antiarthritic; Osteopathic; Antiatherosclerotic; Vasotropic; Neuroprotective; Nephrotropic; Antiinflammatory; Antidiabetic; Immunosuppressive. No biological data is given.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - MMP9 modulator (claimed).

USE - (IV) is useful for treating a metalloproteinase mediated disease or condition in a warm-blooded animal (claimed). (I) is useful for determining the three-dimensional structure to high resolution. The three-dimensional structure of the MMP9 catalytic domain, is useful for rational drug design, and the atomic coordinates of the catalytic domain of MMP9 is useful for modeling the structure of second MMP9 crystal, and for selecting or designing chemical modulators (preferably inhibitors) of MMP9. (IV) is preferably useful for treating metalloproteinase mediated disease or condition such as tumor growth and metastasis in cancer, arthritis, and osteoarthritis, atherosclerosis, restenosis, periodontitis, multiple sclerosis, glomerulonephritis, graft-versus-host disease, non-insulin dependent diabetes, etc.

EXAMPLE - Catalytic domain of human matrix metalloproteinase 9 (MMP9) was **cloned** so that the fibronectin type II-like domains which occur as an insert within the catalytic domain sequence were deleted. The remaining catalytic domain fragment containing residues 107-216 was fused to residues 391-443 by overlapping polymerase chain reaction (PCR). The 5' primer introduced an ATG start codon directly upstream of the phenylalanine and a stop codon was introduced, via the 3' primer, after residue 443 to prevent translation of the **hemopexin**-like domains. An inactive mutant of this domain was created by site directed mutagenesis, such that the glutamate (GAG) at position 402 of the full-length cDNA was mutated to give a glutamine

(CAG). The product was **cloned** into T7 **expression** vector and transformed into Escherichia coli BL21 (DE3). This was grown up to log phase and induced to **express** the 18kDa MMP9 catalytic domain protein. Following **expression** in E. coli, MMP9 (107-216,391-443) was mainly located in the inclusion body fraction. The E. coli were harvested, washed and lysed and centrifuged to isolate the insoluble protein. The insoluble fraction was then suspended in 6 M urea to solubilize the protein. To generate active MMP9 (107-216,391-443) the solubilized material was dialyzed sequentially versus 4M, 1 M and 0 M urea. Crystallization of this material after purification resulted in disordered crystals and analysis of the protein using mass spectrometry indicated heterogeneity at the N-terminus. It was found that the addition of acetohydroxamic acid in the refold buffers inhibited auto-proteolysis of the N-terminus of the protein. When crystallization of the protein was carried out it was found that where no acetohydroxamic acid was added during refolding disordered crystals formed whereas when acetohydroxamic acid was added the crystals were well ordered. Post dialysis, the protein was subjected to **zinc** chelate chromatography which selectively bound the MMP9 catalytic domain. A further chromatography step was then carried out using the tripeptide Pro-Leu-Gly bound to sepharose which bound correctly folded MMP9 catalytic domain. The protein was then eluted by addition of an MMP9 inhibitor. **Expression** and refolding of the (E402Q)MMP9(107-216,391-443) construct was carried out as for the wild type construct except that no acetohydroxamic acid was added to the refold buffers. After refolding, the enzyme was purified via **zinc** chelate chromatography followed by a gel filtration step. Crystallization of MMP9 catalytic domain was carried out as follows. The MMP9:reverse hydroxamate inhibitor complexes were crystallized at 15 degreesC by hanging-drop vapor diffusion. For crystallization of the wild-type complex, the enzyme inhibitor complex was purified. The crystallization drops contained a 1:1 mixture of purified complex solution (0.55 mg/ml protein and 0.5 mM inhibitor solution concentration to 4 mg/ml in 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.5, 2 mM CaCl₂, 50 mM NaCl) and reservoir buffer (3.6 M NaCl, 0.1 M Hepes pH 7.5). For crystallization of the mutant complex, the protein was concentrated to 4 mg/ml solution (in 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.5, 50 mM NaCl), 5 mM inhibitor was then added to this solution and the complex was incubated on ice for 30 minutes prior to setting up crystallization trails. The drops contained a 1:1 mixture of complex solution and reservoir buffer (2.6-2.8 M NaCl, 0.1 M Hepes pH 9.0). The wild type and mutant crystals were isomorphous and belonged to space group P4₁2₁2 with unit cell dimensions a = b = 56Angstrom and c = 263Angstrom, and contain two molecules per crystal asymmetric unit. (227 pages)

L9 ANSWER 5 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:837249 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:333090
 TITLE: Matrix metalloproteinase-12 from **human** and mouse and their antimicrobial C-terminal peptides, and related methods and compositions for preventing and treating microbial infections
 INVENTOR(S): Shapiro, Steven D.; Hartzell, William O.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The Brigham and Women's Hospital, Inc., USA
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 126 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003087325	A2	20031023	WO 2003-US10911	20030408
WO 2003087325	A3	20040415		

W: AU, CA, JP

RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR

US 2003235577

A1

20031225

US 2003-409643

20030408

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2002-370649P

P 20020408

AB The invention involves administration of matrix metalloproteinase-12 (MMP-12, also known as macrophage elastase) polypeptides and nucleic acids (MMPAP-12 is used to refer both MMP-12 polypeptides and nucleic acids) for the treatment or prevention of infectious disease associated with microorganisms in subjects. MMP-12 is a 54 kDa protein that consists of three sep. domains, a proenzyme amino terminal domain, a **zinc** binding catalytic domain (also known as **protease** domain), and a **hemopexin** like carboxy terminal domain. During the process of activation, MMP-12 undergoes cleavage of the amino terminal domain for activation of the enzymic domain, which then cleave and release C-terminal domain autolytically. The present invention has shown the antimicrobial activity of **human** and mouse MMP-12, in particular, their 20-22 amino acid C-terminal peptides, against both gram pos. and gram neg. bacteria. This antimicrobial effect of MMP-12, which makes it unique from the other members of the MMP family, is shown at a protein, cellular, in vitro, and in vivo levels. The MMP-12 C-terminal peptides are shown to disrupt the bacterial cell wall causing bacterial death like other antimicrobial peptides, such as defensins and cathelicidins. MMP-12 is required for intracellular macrophage anti-microbial activity in mouse peritonitis and pneumonia model. The invention also relates to kits and compns. relating to the MMPAP-12 mols.

L9 ANSWER 6 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:571232 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:128012

TITLE: Over-expressed gene markers useful in compositions, kits, and methods for identification, assessment, prevention, and therapy of rheumatoid arthritis

INVENTOR(S): Guild, Braydon C.; Liao, Hua; Jones, Michael D.; Zolg, Johannes W.; Wu, Jiang

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Millennium Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 172 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003060465	A2	20030724	WO 2002-US40271	20021217
WO 2003060465	A3	20031211		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 2003224386 A1 20031204 US 2002-320352 20021216

EP 1454146 A2 20040908 EP 2002-803318 20021217

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2001-341942P P 20011219

WO 2002-US40271 W 20021217

AB The invention relates to composition, kits, and methods for detecting, characterizing, preventing, and treating **human** rheumatoid arthritis (RA). A variety of newly-identified markers are provided, wherein changes in the levels of **expression** of one or more of the markers is correlated with RA. The markers were initially identified in the synovial fluid of **human** patients who have been diagnosed with either erosive or non-erosive RA. Four hundred ninety markers were identified by mass spectrometry after synovial fluid samples were subjected to digestion of hyaluronic acid followed by a series of protein depletion and fractionation steps to enrich subsets of proteins from the original synovial fluid samples. Some of the identified markers were then validated in serum of patients who have been diagnosed with either erosive or non-erosive RA.

L9 ANSWER 7 OF 31 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:869511 SCISEARCH

THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 727LN

TITLE: Structure and evolutionary aspects of matrix metalloproteinases: A brief overview

AUTHOR: Das S; Mandal M; Chakraborti T; Mandal A; Chakraborti S (Reprint)

CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ Kalyani, Dept Biochem & Biophys, Kalyani 741235, W Bengal, India (Reprint)

COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: India

SOURCE: MOLECULAR AND CELLULAR BIOCHEMISTRY, (NOV 2003) Vol. 253, No. 1-2, pp. 31-40.

Publisher: KLUWER ACADEMIC PUBL, VAN GODEWIJCKSTRAAT 30, 3311 GZ DORDRECHT, NETHERLANDS.

ISSN: 0300-8177.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal

LANGUAGE: English

REFERENCE COUNT: 70

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

AB The matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs) are **zinc** dependent endopeptidases known for their ability to cleave one or several extracellular matrix (ECM) constituents, as well as non-matrix proteins. They comprise a large family of **proteinases** that share common structural and functional elements and are products of different genes. All members of this family contain a signal peptide, a propeptide and a catalytic domain. The catalytic domain contains two **zinc** ions and at least one calcium ion coordinated to various residues. All MMPs, with the exception matrilysin, have a **hemopexin**/vitronectin-like domain that is connected to the catalytic domain by a hinge or linker region. The **hemopexin**-like domain influences tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinases (TIMP) binding, the binding of certain substrates, membrane activation, and some proteolytic activities. It has been proposed that the origin of MMPs could be traced to before the emergence of vertebrates from invertebrates. It appears conceivable that the domain assemblies occurred at an early stage of the diversification of different MMPs and that they progressed through the evolutionary process independent of one another, and perhaps parallel to each other.

L9 ANSWER 8 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:658295 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:212221

TITLE: Rat toxicologically relevant genes and use in microarrays to evaluate toxicity of toxic agents

INVENTOR(S): Farris, Georgia; Hicken, Samuel H.; Farr, Spencer B.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Phase-1 Molecular Toxicology, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 388 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002066682	A2	20020829	WO 2002-US2935	20020129
WO 2002066682	A3	20021219		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2440008	AA	20020829	CA 2002-2440008	20020129
EP 1368499	A2	20031210	EP 2002-728330	20020129
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
JP 2004535776	T2	20041202	JP 2002-566386	20020129
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			US 2001-264933P	P 20010129
			US 2001-308161P	P 20010726
			WO 2002-US2935	W 20020129

AB The invention provides a set of 700 toxicol. relevant rat genes which useful for determining toxicol. responses. The genes are discovered using empirical data from evaluation of differential **expression** of genes in a 17,241 gene set in response to a predetd. set of known toxic chems. in various rat tissues. The 700 genes are split into 3 groups: (1) genes discovered which match a known complete rat gene when the genes were searched in the GenBank database; (2) genes discovered which did not match a known complete rat gene; and (3) genes chosen on the basis of their possible role in critical cellular pathways and empirical data toxicity responsiveness. Thus, the invention provides a method of evaluating the toxicity of an agent is provided by (a) exposing a test animal to the agent; (b) measuring the **expression** of one or more toxic response genes from a set of partial gene sequences in the test animal in response to the agent, thereby generating a test **expression** profile; and (c) comparing the test **expression** profile with a reference **expression** profile indicative of toxicity. The genes corresponding to the partial gene sequences are responsive in one or more of kidney, liver, spleen, heart, lung, testis, or brain tissues.

L9 ANSWER 9 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:928122 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:12504

TITLE: Method for assaying biomolecules and other constituents using indicator conjugates with synthetic nucleounits in lateral flow, liquid, and dry chemistry techniques

INVENTOR(S): Smith, Jack V.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 46 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
US 2002182600	A1	20021205	US 2001-829563	20010411	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				US 2001-829563	20010411

AB The present invention is a method for the use of particles made up of nucleotides or fragments of base groups of DNA and RNA mols. herein referred to as synthetic nucleounits which can be used as recognition mols. with specificity and sensitivity significantly greater than that of antibodies which are used in clin. diagnostics, biotechnol., and research. The method for detecting an analyte using nucleounits targeted to the analyte comprises (1) identifying a nucleounit from a mixture of synthetic random sequences of nucleounit libraries, (2) conjugating the nucleounit to an indicator for the analyte, and (3) detecting the analyte using the nucleounit-indicator conjugate in a buffer. Step 1 is carried out by (a) contacting the analyte with the mixture of synthetic random sequences of nucleounit libraries such that some nucleounits bind the analyte, (b) removing the unbound nucleounits by partitioning, and (c) amplifying the remaining nucleounits by PCR to obtain an enriched solution of nucleounits with high affinity for the analyte. Thus, a method and lateral flow test strip for detection of cytomegalovirus (CMV) presence in a biol. sample such as serum or urine is described. The strip is prepared with three solns., one containing anti-CMV antibodies, one containing "nucleounit to CMV antibody conjugated to red microparticles" and "red microparticles", and another containing "nucleounit to colored particles". The "nucleounit" may be an oligonucleotide aptamer specific for anti-CMV antibodies.

L9 ANSWER 10 OF 31 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
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ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:74732 SCISEARCH

THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 633BV

TITLE: Matrix metalloproteinase-21, the **human** orthologue for XMMP, is **expressed** during fetal development and in cancer

AUTHOR: Ahokas K; Lohi J; Lohi H; Elomaa O; Karjalainen-Lindsberg M L; Kere J; Saarialho-Kere U (Reprint)

CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ Helsinki, Dept Dermatol, Heilahdentie 2, FIN-00250 Helsinki, Finland (Reprint); Univ Helsinki, Dept Dermatol, FIN-00250 Helsinki, Finland; Univ Helsinki, Cent Hosp, FIN-00250 Helsinki, Finland; Univ Helsinki, Dept Pathol, FIN-00250 Helsinki, Finland; Univ Helsinki, Dept Med Genet, FIN-00250 Helsinki, Finland; Karolinska Inst, Novum, Dept Biosci, Huddinge, Sweden; Karolinska Inst, Clin Res Ctr, Huddinge, Sweden

COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: Finland; Sweden

SOURCE: GENE, (13 NOV 2002) Vol. 301, No. 1-2, pp. 31-41.
Publisher: ELSEVIER SCIENCE BV, PO BOX 211, 1000 AE AMSTERDAM, NETHERLANDS.

ISSN: 0378-1119.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal

LANGUAGE: English

REFERENCE COUNT: 30

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

AB We have characterized a novel **human** matrix metalloproteinase (MMP-21) from **human** placenta DNA complementary to RNA (cDNA). The 569 amino acid translation of the cDNA includes all the typical features of an MMP family member, namely a signal sequence, a prodomain with a PRCGVPD motif, a **zinc**-binding catalytic domain with an HEIGHVLGL sequence, and a **hemopexin**-like domain flanked by two cysteine residues. Furthermore, MMP-21 has a furin activation sequence, but no transmembrane sequence nor a cytoplasmic domain. As in *Xenopus laevis* and *Cynops pyrrhogaster* there is an additional insertion of approximately 30 amino acids between the prodomain and the catalytic domain, which is poorly conserved between the species and is in **human** MMP-21 especially proline rich. The MMP-21 gene has seven exons and is located in chromosome 10. This new MMP is the **human** orthologue for XMMP and CyMMP **expressed** during gastrulation of *X. laevis* and *C. pyrrhogaster*, respectively. A 2.5 kb messenger RNA was observed in fetal liver by Northern analysis. By reverse

transcription-polymerase chain reaction, MMP-21 is **expressed** in various **human** fetal and adult tissues as well as in cancer cell lines. MMP-21 protein can also be detected in malignancies such as ovarian and colon carcinomas by immunohistochemical staining. Our findings suggest that MMP-21 functions in embryogenesis and tumor progression. (C) 2002 Elsevier Science B.V. All rights reserved.

L9 ANSWER 11 OF 31 MEDLINE on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001247490 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 11121398
TITLE: Epilysin, a novel **human** matrix metalloproteinase (MMP-28) **expressed** in testis and keratinocytes and in response to injury.
AUTHOR: Lohi J; Wilson C L; Roby J D; Parks W C
CORPORATE SOURCE: Departments of Pediatrics (Allergy and Pulmonary Medicine) and Cell Biology and Physiology, Washington University School of Medicine, St. Louis, Missouri 63110, USA..
jouko.lohi@helsinki.fi
CONTRACT NUMBER: AR45254 (NIAMS)
SOURCE: Journal of biological chemistry, (2001 Mar 30) 276 (13) 10134-44.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
PUB. COUNTRY: United States
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
OTHER SOURCE: GENBANK-AF219624
ENTRY MONTH: 200105
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010517
Last Updated on STN: 20030105
Entered Medline: 20010510

AB We have **cloned** a new **human** matrix metalloproteinase (MMP-28, epilysin) from **human** keratinocyte and testis cDNA libraries. Like most MMPs, epilysin contains a signal sequence, a prodomain with a PRCGVTD sequence, a **zinc-binding** catalytic domain with an HEIGHTLGLTH sequence, and a **hemopexin-like** domain. In addition, epilysin has a furin activation sequence (RRKKR) but has no transmembrane sequence. The exon-intron organization and splicing pattern of epilysin differ from that of other MMP genes. It has only 8 exons, and 5 exons are spliced at sites not used by other MMPs. Another novel feature of epilysin is that exon 4 is alternatively spliced to a transcript that does not encode the N-terminal half of the catalytic domain. Northern hybridization of tissue RNA indicated that epilysin is **expressed** at high levels in testis and at lower levels in lungs, heart, colon, intestine, and brain. RNase protection assay with various cell lines indicated that epilysin was selectively **expressed** in keratinocytes. **Recombinant** epilysin degraded casein in a zymography assay, and its proteolytic activity was inhibited by EDTA and by batimastat, a selective MMP inhibitor. Immunohistochemical staining showed **expression** of epilysin protein in the basal and suprabasal epidermis of intact skin. In injured skin, prominent staining for epilysin was seen in basal keratinocytes both at and some distance from the wound edge, a pattern that is quite distinct from that of other MMPs **expressed** during tissue repair. These findings suggest that this new MMP functions in several tissues both in tissue homeostasis and in repair.

L9 ANSWER 12 OF 31 MEDLINE on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001442197 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 11489172
TITLE: Transcriptional activation by the sexual pheromone and wounding: a new gene family from Volvox encoding modular proteins with (hydroxy)proline-rich and metalloproteinase homology domains.

AUTHOR: Hallmann A; Amon P; Godl K; Heitzer M; Sumper M
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Lehrstuhl Biochemie I, Universitat Regensburg,
 Universitatstr. 31, D-93053 Regensburg, Germany..
 armin.hallmann@vkl.uni-regensburg.de
 SOURCE: Plant journal : for cell and molecular biology, (2001 Jun)
 26 (6) 583-93.
 Journal code: 9207397. ISSN: 0960-7412.
 PUB. COUNTRY: England: United Kingdom
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LANGUAGE: English
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
 OTHER SOURCE: GENBANK-AJ311547; GENBANK-AJ311548; GENBANK-AJ311549;
 GENBANK-AJ311550
 ENTRY MONTH: 200110
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010813
 Last Updated on STN: 20011008
 Entered Medline: 20011004

AB The green alga *Volvox* represents the simplest kind of multicellular organism: it is composed of only two cell types, somatic and reproductive, making it suitable as a model system. The sexual development of males and females of *Volvox carteri* is triggered by a sex-inducing pheromone at a concentration of < 10⁻¹⁶ M. Early biochemical responses to the pheromone involve structural modifications within the extracellular matrix (ECM). By differential screenings of cDNA libraries made from mRNAs of pheromone-treated *Volvox*, four novel genes were identified that encode four closely related *Volvox* metalloproteinases that we use to define a new protein family, the VMPs. The existence of several features common to matrix glycoproteins, such as signal peptides, a (hydroxy)proline content of 12-25%, and Ser(Pro)2-4 repeats, suggest an extracellular localization of the VMPs within the ECM. Synthesis of VMP cDNAs is triggered not only by the sex-inducing pheromone, but also by wounding, and is restricted to the somatic cell type. Sequence comparisons suggest that the VMPs are members of the MB clan of **zinc**-dependent matrix metalloproteinases, although the putative **zinc** binding site of all VMPs is QEXXHHXGXXH rather than HEXXHHXGXXH. The presence of glutamine instead of histidine in the **zinc** binding motif suggests a novel family, or even clan, of **peptidases**. Like the **matrixin** family of **human** collagenases, *Volvox* VMPs exhibit a modular structure: they possess a metalloproteinase homology domain and a (hydroxy)proline-rich domain, and one of them, VMP4, also has two additional domains. Metalloproteinases seem to be crucial for biochemical modifications of the ECM during development or after wounding in the lower eukaryote *Volvox* with only two cell types, just as in higher organisms.

L9 ANSWER 13 OF 31 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 1
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000396579 MEDLINE
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 10801841
 TITLE: Identification and characterization of **human**
 endometase (Matrix metalloproteinase-26) from endometrial
 tumor.
 AUTHOR: Park H I; Ni J; Gerkema F E; Liu D; Belozarov V E; Sang Q X
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry and Institute of Molecular
 Biophysics, Florida State University, Tallahassee, Florida
 32306-4390, USA.
 CONTRACT NUMBER: CA78646 (NCI)
 SOURCE: Journal of biological chemistry, (2000 Jul 7) 275 (27)
 20540-4.
 Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
 PUB. COUNTRY: United States
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LANGUAGE: English
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
 OTHER SOURCE: GENBANK-AF248646

ENTRY MONTH: 200008
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20000824
Last Updated on STN: 20000824
Entered Medline: 20000816

AB We report the discovery, **cloning**, and characterization of a novel **human** matrix metalloproteinase 26 (MMP-26) (**matrixin**) gene, endometase, an endometrial tumor-derived metalloproteinase. Among more than three million **expressed** sequence tags sequenced, the endometase gene was only obtained from **human** endometrial tumor cDNA library. Endometase mRNA was **expressed** specifically in **human** uterus, not in other tissues/cells tested, e.g. testis, heart, brain, lungs, liver, thymus, and melanoma G361. Endometase protein has a signal peptide, a propeptide domain, and a catalytic domain with a unique "cysteine switch" propeptide sequence, PHCGVPDGS, and a **zinc**-binding motif, VATHEIGHSLGLQH. Endometase is 43, 41, 41, and 39% identical to **human** metalloelastase, stromelysin, collagenase-3, and matrilysin, respectively. The zymogen was **expressed** and isolated from *Escherichia coli* as inclusion bodies with a molecular mass of 28 kDa. The identity and homogeneity of the **recombinant** protein was confirmed by protein N-terminal sequencing, silver stain, and immunoblot analyses. The pro-enzyme was partially activated during the folding process. Endometase selectively cleaved type I gelatin and alpha(1)-**proteinase** inhibitor; however, it did not digest collagens, laminin, elastin, beta-casein, plasminogen, soybean trypsin inhibitor, or Bowman-Birk inhibitor. It hydrolyzed peptide substrates of **matrixins** and tumor necrosis factor-alpha converting enzyme. Endometase may selectively cleave extracellular matrix proteins, inactivate serpins, and process cytokines.

L9 ANSWER 14 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:160199 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:3099

TITLE: **Human** MT6-matrix metalloproteinase: identification, progelatinase A activation, and **expression** in brain tumors

AUTHOR(S): Velasco, Gloria; Cal, Santiago; Merlos-Suarez, Anna; Ferrando, Adolfo A.; Alvarez, Sonsoles; Nakano, Atsuhisa; Arribas, Joaquin; Lopez-Otin, Carlos

CORPORATE SOURCE: Departamento de Bioquímica y Biología Molecular, Facultad de Medicina, Universidad de Oviedo, Oviedo, 33006, Spain

SOURCE: Cancer Research (2000), 60(4), 877-882

CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472

PUBLISHER: AACR Subscription Office

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The localization of proteolytic enzymes at the cell surface is a widely used strategy for facilitating tumor invasion. In this study, the authors have **cloned** a new member of the membrane-type subfamily of matrix metalloproteinases (MT-MMPs), a group of enzymes associated with tumor progression. The **cloned** cDNA encodes a protein of 562 amino acids with a domain organization similar to that of other MT-MMPs, including a prodomain with a cysteine switch, a catalytic domain with the **zinc**-binding site, a **hemopexin**-like domain, and a COOH-terminal extension rich in hydrophobic residues. The predicted protein sequence also contains a short insertion of basic residues located between the propeptide and the catalytic domain and involved in the proteolytic activation of MT-MMPs by furin-like enzymes. Furthermore, immunofluorescence and Western blot anal. of COS-7 cells transfected with the isolated cDNA revealed that the encoded protein is localized at the cell surface. Based on these properties, this novel **human** matrix metalloproteinase has been called MT6-MMP because it is the sixth identified member of this subfamily of matrix metalloproteinase.

Cotransfection of **expression** plasmids encoding MT6-MMP and progelatinase A resulted in activation of COS-7-secreted progelatinase A, as demonstrated by gelatin zymog. In contrast, transfection of progelatinase A cDNA alone did not lead to the activation of the proenzyme. Northern blot anal. of polyadenylated RNAs isolated from **human** tissues demonstrated that MT6-MMP is predominantly **expressed** in leukocytes, lung, and spleen. MT6-MMP was also detected at high levels in SW480 colon carcinoma cells as well as in some anaplastic astrocytomas and glioblastomas, but not in normal colon or brain or in meningiomas. On the basis of these results, the authors propose that MT6-MMP may facilitate tumor progression through its ability to activate progelatinase A at the membrane of cells from colon carcinomas or brain tumors.

REFERENCE COUNT: 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 15 OF 31 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
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ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:274899 SCISEARCH

THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 181PV

TITLE: Identification and characterization of the fifth membrane-type matrix metalloproteinase MT5-MMP

AUTHOR: Pei D Q (Reprint)

CORPORATE SOURCE: UNIV MINNESOTA, DEPT PHARMACOL, 3-249 MILLARD HALL, 435 DELAWARE ST SE, MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55455 (Reprint)

COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: USA

SOURCE: JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (26 MAR 1999) Vol. 274, No. 13, pp. 8925-8932.

Publisher: AMER SOC BIOCHEMISTRY MOLECULAR BIOLOGY INC, 9650 ROCKVILLE PIKE, BETHESDA, MD 20814.

ISSN: 0021-9258.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal

FILE SEGMENT: LIFE

LANGUAGE: English

REFERENCE COUNT: 38

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

AB A new member of the membrane-type matrix metalloproteinase (MT-MMP) subfamily tentatively named MT5-MMP was isolated from mouse brain cDNA library. It is predicted to contain (i) a candidate signal sequence, (ii) a propeptide region with the highly conserved PRCGVDP sequence, (iii) a potential furin recognition motif RRRRNKR, (iv) a **zinc**-binding catalytic domain, (v) a **hemopexin**-like domain, (vi) a 24 residue hydrophobic domain as a potential transmembrane domain, and (vii) a short cytosolic domain. Reverse transcriptase-polymerase chain reaction analysis of its transcripts indicates that MT5-MMP is **expressed** in a brain-specific manner consistent with the origin of its EST clone from cerebellum. It is also highly **expressed** during embryonic development at stages day 11 and 15. Like other MT-MMPs, MT5-MMP specifically activates progelatinase A when co-**expressed** in Madin-Darby canine kidney cells. Its ability to activate progelatinase A is dependent on its proteolytic activity since a mutation converting Glu to Ala in the **zinc** binding motif HE(255)LGH renders MT5-MMP inactive against progelatinase A. In contrast to other MT-MMPs, MT5-MMP tends to shed from cell surface as soluble **proteinases**, thus offering flexibility as both a cell bound and soluble **proteinase** for extracellular matrix remodeling processes. Taken together, these properties serve to distinguish MT5-MMP as a versatile MT-MMP playing an important role in extracellular matrix remodeling events in the brain and during embryonic development.

L9 ANSWER 16 OF 31 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2004 ELSEVIER INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.
on STN DUPLICATE 2

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999243180 EMBASE

TITLE: Therapeutic promises of leukocyte elastase and macrophage

metalloelastase inhibitors for the treatment of pulmonary emphysema.

AUTHOR: Skiles J.W.; Jeng A.Y.

CORPORATE SOURCE: J.W. Skiles, Arthritis and Bone Metabolism, Chemical Research, Novartis Institute Biomedical Res., 556 Morris Avenue, Summit, NJ 07901, United States.
jerry.skiles@pharma.novartis.com

SOURCE: Expert Opinion on Therapeutic Patents, (1999) 9/7 (869-895).
Refs: 69
ISSN: 1354-3776 CODEN: EOTPEG

COUNTRY: United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review

FILE SEGMENT: 015 Chest Diseases, Thoracic Surgery and Tuberculosis
030 Pharmacology
037 Drug Literature Index

LANGUAGE: English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

AB The fibrous protein elastin, which comprises an appreciable percentage of all protein content in some tissues, such as arteries, some ligaments, and the lungs, can be hydrolysed or otherwise destroyed by a select group of enzymes classified as elastases. To date four elastases are known, three of which are **human**: **human** leukocyte elastase (HLE), pancreatic elastase II (PE-II) and macrophage metalloelastase (MME, MMP-12). **Human** leukocyte and pancreatic elastases are both serine **proteinases** (i.e., having a catalytic triad corresponding to Ser195, Asp102 and His57 of chymotrypsin). However, macrophage metalloelastase is a member of the matrix metalloproteinase family (MMPs, **matrixins**), which contain a **zinc** atom at the catalytic site. Imbalances in the levels or regulation of tissue or cellular **proteases** are thought to manifest themselves in various disease states. In order to prevent self-inflicted tissue damage due to over **expression** of enzymes, numerous endogenous inhibitors directed against proteolytic enzymes exist. In the case of **human** leukocyte elastase the primary endogenous inhibitor is α 1-**proteinase** inhibitor (α 1-PI). In the case of the MMPs the endogenous inhibitors are the tissue inhibitors of metalloproteinases (TIMPs). Both of these natural inhibitors are proteins. Because of the liabilities of proteins as drugs, low molecular weight inhibitors may be useful as therapeutic agents as a replacement to α 1-PI and TIMPs. Since HLE and MME have been implicated in the pathogenesis of pulmonary emphysema, inhibitors of these enzymes should have beneficial effects for the treatment of this chronic disease. This report reviews inhibitors of HLE that have appeared in the parent literature since 1997 as well as patents that specifically claim MME inhibition.

L9 ANSWER 17 OF 31 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
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ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:797469 SCISEARCH

THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 245XV

TITLE: Structure of **recombinant** mouse collagenase-3 (MMP-13)

AUTHOR: Botos I; Meyer E; Swanson S M; Lemaitre V; Eeckhout Y; Meyer E F (Reprint)

CORPORATE SOURCE: TEXAS A&M UNIV, DEPT BIOCHEM & BIOPHYS, BIOGRAPH LAB, COLLEGE STN, TX 77843 (Reprint); TEXAS A&M UNIV, DEPT BIOCHEM & BIOPHYS, BIOGRAPH LAB, COLLEGE STN, TX 77843; UNIV LOUVAIN, CELL BIOL UNIT, BRUSSELS, BELGIUM

COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: USA; BELGIUM

SOURCE: JOURNAL OF MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, (1 OCT 1999) Vol. 292, No. 4, pp. 837-844.
Publisher: ACADEMIC PRESS LTD, 24-28 OVAL RD, LONDON NW1 7DX, ENGLAND.
ISSN: 0022-2836.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal
FILE SEGMENT: LIFE
LANGUAGE: English
REFERENCE COUNT: 55

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

AB The matrix metalloproteinases are crucial in the physiological and pathological degradation of the mammalian extracellular matrix, including breast tumours, and osteoarthritic cartilage. These enzymes are classified according to their matrix substrate specificity. Collagenase-3 (MMP-13) is a member of this family and preferentially cleaves type II collagen, cartilage, fibronectin and aggrecan. Collagenase-3 is normally **expressed** in hypertrophic chondrocytes, periosteal cells, and osteoblasts during bone development. The structure of the catalytic domain of **recombinant** mouse collagenase-3, complexed to the hydroxamate inhibitor (RS-113456), is reported at 2.0 Angstrom resolution. Molecular replacement and weak phasing information from a single derivative determined the structure. Neither molecular replacement nor derivative methods had a sufficient radius of convergence to yield a refinable structure. The structure illuminates the atomic **zinc** ion interactions with functional groups in the active site, emphasizing **zinc** ligation and the very voluminous hydrophobic P1' group for the inhibitor potency. The structure provides insight into the specificity of this enzyme, facilitating design of specific inhibitors to target various diseases. (C) 1999 Academic Press.

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ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:550108 SCISEARCH

THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 214PR

TITLE: Effects of culture conditions and exposure to catabolic stimulators (IL-1 and retinoic acid) on the **expression** of matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs) and disintegrin metalloproteinases (ADAMs) by articular cartilage chondrocytes

AUTHOR: Flannery C R (Reprint); Little C B; Caterson B; Hughes C E

CORPORATE SOURCE: UNIV WALES COLL CARDIFF, CARDIFF SCH BIOSCI, CONNECT TISSUE BIOL LABS, MUSEUM AVE, CARDIFF CF1 3US, S GLAM, WALES (Reprint)

COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: WALES

SOURCE: MATRIX BIOLOGY, (JUN 1999) Vol. 18, No. 3, pp. 225-237.
Publisher: ELSEVIER SCIENCE BV, PO BOX 211, 1000 AE AMSTERDAM, NETHERLANDS.
ISSN: 0945-053X.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal

FILE SEGMENT: LIFE

LANGUAGE: English

REFERENCE COUNT: 53

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

AB The chondrocytes of articular cartilage synthesize a number of **proteinases** which are capable of degrading the component molecules of this specialized extracellular matrix. The use of class-specific **proteinase** inhibitors indicates that major activities responsible for catabolism of proteoglycan (aggrecan) and collagen are attributable to **zinc**-dependent metalloproteinases. In this study, we have compared the mRNA **expression** profiles of two matrix metalloproteinases (MMP-3 and MMP-13) and five disintegrin-metalloproteinases (ADAM-10, ADAM-9, ADAM-15, TNF-a-converting enzyme and decysin) by chondrocytes (**human**, porcine and bovine) from fresh cartilage and in cartilage explant cultures and isolated cells cultured in monolayer or in agarose gels. Such cultures were maintained in the presence or absence of interleukin-1 (IL-1) or all-trans-retinoic acid, two agents which promote cartilage matrix degradation in vitro. Whereas transcripts for all metalloproteinases examined were detected in chondrocytes from **human** osteoarthritic cartilage in monolayer cultures, mRNAs for

ADAM-15 and decysin were not present in fresh osteoarthritic **human** cartilage or explant cultures. Similarly, **expression** of porcine and bovine metalloproteinase mRNAs varied with different culture conditions. Novel cDNA sequences obtained for porcine and bovine MMP-3 and MMP-13, porcine ADAM-10, porcine and bovine ADAM-9 and porcine TACE confirmed **expression** of mRNAs for these molecules by articular chondrocytes. Quantitative RT-PCR analysis was used to determine the effects of IL-1 and retinoic acid on metalloproteinase mRNA levels in **human** chondrocytes cultured in monolayer and in porcine chondrocytes cultured in agarose. For the MMPs, IL-1 treatment resulted in an approximately two to threefold increase in **human** and porcine MMP-3 and MMP-13 mRNAs, while retinoic acid treatment caused a statistically significant increase in **human** MMP-3 mRNA levels, but no significant change in transcript levels for porcine MMP-3 nor **human** or porcine MMP-13. The mRNA levels for ADAM-15 were elevated in **human** monolayer chondrocytes exposed to IL-1 or retinoic acid, while transcripts levels for TNF-alpha converting enzyme were increased in response to retinoic acid. In contrast, ADAM-9 mRNA levels were decreased in **human** monolayer chondrocytes exposed to IL-1 or retinoic acid. The results demonstrate that chondrocyte metalloproteinase **expression** can vary dependent on cell environment in situ and in vitro, and provide new information on chondrocyte MMP and ADAM gene **expression** following cytokine (IL-1) or retinoid stimulation. (C) 1999 Elsevier Science B.V./International Society of Matrix Biology. All rights reserved.

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ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:715256 SCISEARCH

THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 119JT

TITLE: Collagenase 2 (MMP-8) **expression** in murine tissue-remodeling processes - Analysis of its potential role in postpartum involution of the uterus

AUTHOR: Balbin M; Fueyo A; Knauper V; Pendas A M; Lopez J M; Jimenez M G; Murphy G; LopezOtin C (Reprint)

CORPORATE SOURCE: UNIV OVIEDO, FAC MED, DEPT BIOQUIM & BIOL MOL, E-33006 OVIEDO, SPAIN (Reprint); UNIV OVIEDO, FAC MED, DEPT BIOQUIM & BIOL MOL, E-33006 OVIEDO, SPAIN; UNIV OVIEDO, FAC MED, DEPT BIOL FUNC, E-33006 OVIEDO, SPAIN; UNIV OVIEDO, FAC MED, DEPT MORFOL & BIOL CELULAR, E-33006 OVIEDO, SPAIN; UNIV E ANGLIA, SCH BIOL SCI, NORWICH NR4 7TJ, NORFOLK, ENGLAND

COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: SPAIN; ENGLAND

SOURCE: JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (11 SEP 1998) Vol. 273, No. 37, pp. 23959-23968.

Publisher: AMER SOC BIOCHEMISTRY MOLECULAR BIOLOGY INC, 9650 ROCKVILLE PIKE, BETHESDA, MD 20814.

ISSN: 0021-9258.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal

FILE SEGMENT: LIFE

LANGUAGE: English

REFERENCE COUNT: 57

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

AB Neutrophil collagenase or collagenase 2 (MMP-8) is unique among the family of matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs) because of its exclusive pattern of **expression** in inflammatory conditions. At present, no evidence of the occurrence of this enzyme in tissues other than **human** has been reported. In this work, we have **cloned** the murine homologue of **human** collagenase 2. The isolated cDNA contains an open reading frame coding for a polypeptide of 465 amino acids, which is 74% identical to its **human** counterpart. The mouse collagenase 2 exhibits the domain structure characteristic of several MMPs, including a signal sequence, a prodomain with the cysteine residue essential for enzyme latency, an activation locus with the

Zinc-binding site, and a COOH-terminal fragment with sequence similarity to **hemopexin**. It also contains the three conserved residues (Tyr-209, Asp-230, and Gly-232) located around the Zinc-binding site and are distinctive of the collagenase subfamily. Northern blot analysis of RNAs isolated from a variety of mouse tissues revealed that collagenase 2 is **expressed** at late stages during mouse embryogenesis, coinciding with the appearance of hematopoietic cells. In addition, collagenase 2 was highly **expressed** in the postpartum uterus starting at 1 day postpartum and extending up to 5 days. Enzymatic analysis revealed that matrilysin, another MMP overexpressed in uterine tissue, is able to activate murine procollagenase 2. These data suggest that both enzymes could form an activation cascade resulting in the generation of the collagenolytic activity required during the process of massive connective tissue resumption occurring in the involuting uterus.

L9 ANSWER 20 OF 31 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:695245 SCISEARCH
THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 116RN
TITLE: Matrix metalloproteinases: structures, evolution, and diversification
AUTHOR: Massova I; Kotra L P; Fridman R; Mobashery S (Reprint)
CORPORATE SOURCE: WAYNE STATE UNIV, DEPT CHEM, DETROIT, MI 48202 (Reprint);
WAYNE STATE UNIV, DEPT CHEM, DETROIT, MI 48202; WAYNE
STATE UNIV, DEPT PATHOL, DETROIT, MI 48202; WAYNE STATE
UNIV, KARMANOS CANC INST, DETROIT, MI 48202
COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: USA
SOURCE: FASEB JOURNAL, (SEP 1998) Vol. 12, No. 12, pp. 1075-1095.
Publisher: FEDERATION AMER SOC EXP BIOL, 9650 ROCKVILLE
PIKE, BETHESDA, MD 20814-3998.
ISSN: 0892-6638.
DOCUMENT TYPE: General Review; Journal
FILE SEGMENT: LIFE
LANGUAGE: English
REFERENCE COUNT: 58

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

AB A comprehensive sequence alignment of 64 members of the family of matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs) for the entire sequences, and subsequently the catalytic and the **hemopexin**-like domains, have been performed. The 64 MMPs were selected from plants, invertebrates, and vertebrates. The analyses disclosed that as many as 23 distinct subfamilies of these proteins are known to exist. Information from the sequence alignments: was correlated with structures, both crystallographic as well as computational, of the catalytic domains for the 23 representative members of the MMP family. A survey of the metal binding sites and two loops containing variable sequences of amino acids, which are important for substrate interactions, are discussed. The collective data support the proposal that the assembly of the domains into multidomain enzymes was likely to be an early evolutionary event. This was followed by diversification, perhaps in parallel among the MMPs, in a subsequent evolutionary time scale. Analysis indicates that a retrograde structure simplification may have accounted for the evolution of MMPs with simple domain constituents, such as matrilysin, from the larger and more elaborate enzymes.

L9 ANSWER 21 OF 31 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 3
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998010662 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 9346968
TITLE: Activation mechanism of meprins, members of the astacin metalloendopeptidase family.
AUTHOR: Johnson G D; Bond J S
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, The
Pennsylvania State University College of Medicine, Hershey,
Pennsylvania 17033-0850, USA.

CONTRACT NUMBER: DK09238 (NIDDK)
DK19691 (NIDDK)
SOURCE: Journal of biological chemistry, (1997 Oct 31) 272 (44)
28126-32.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
PUB. COUNTRY: United States
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 199712
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19980109
Last Updated on STN: 20000303
Entered Medline: 19971209

AB Meprins are mammalian **zinc** metalloendopeptidases with **protease** domains structurally related to astacin, the prototype of the "astacin family" of metalloproteases. Mature, active astacins are produced by proteolytic removal of an activation peptide to generate a new NH2-terminal residue. Structural studies indicate that the NH2-terminal ammonium group inserts into a water-filled cavity adjacent to the active site to form a salt bridge with a Glu residue that is conserved in all astacins. A similar interaction is known to play a crucial role in the activation of trypsin, resulting in the hypothesis that this salt bridge is required for the activation of astacin-like **proteases**. In this study, we have used the mouse meprin alpha subunit as a model to test this hypothesis of zymogen activation of the astacins. Mutants were generated to vary the NH2-terminal residue of the mature meprin alpha subunit (Asn78) and its putative salt bridge partner (Glu178). In addition, mutants creating NH2-terminal extensions and truncations were **expressed** in human embryonic kidney 293 cells. The **recombinant** proteins were activated by limited **protease** digestion and assayed for enzymatic activity and thermal stability. Point mutations of Asn78 resulted in enzymes with activity comparable to the wild-type enzyme, indicating that the structure of this side chain is not essential for activity. NH2-terminal extension mutants of meprin alpha retained partial activity, with greater decreases against peptide relative to protein substrates. A mutant with a deletion of Asn78 to disrupt salt bridge formation with Glu178 had full activity, indicating that the putative salt bridge with Glu178 is not essential for enzyme activity. However, all changes in meprin alpha subunit NH2-terminal structure were found to decrease the thermal stability of the enzyme. These observations and additional data indicate that the zymogen activation mechanism of meprin and other astacins differs from that of the trypsin family of enzymes, and has some features in common with **matrixins**. It is proposed that prosequence removal of astacins allows the formation of hydrogen bonds involving the two NH2-terminal residues that are critical for enzyme structure.

L9 ANSWER 22 OF 31 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
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ACCESSION NUMBER: 97:459495 SCISEARCH
THE GENUINE ARTICLE: XD805
TITLE: Sea urchin hatching enzyme (envelysin): cDNA
cloning and deprivation of protein substrate
specificity by autolytic degradation
AUTHOR: Nomura K (Reprint); Shimizu T; Kinoh H; Sendai Y; Inomata
M; Suzuki N
CORPORATE SOURCE: TOKYO METROPOLITAN INST GERONTOL, DEPT BIOCHEM, ITABASHI
KU, 35-2 SAKAECHO, TOKYO 173, JAPAN (Reprint); HOKKAIDO
UNIV, GRAD SCH SCI, DIV BIOL SCI, KITA KU, SAPPORO,
HOKKAIDO 060, JAPAN; TOYAMA MED & PHARMACEUT UNIV, FAC
MED, DEPT BIOCHEM, SUGITANI, TOYAMA 93001, JAPAN; RES INST
FUNCT PEPTIDES, YAMAGATA 990, JAPAN
COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: JAPAN
SOURCE: BIOCHEMISTRY, (10 JUN 1997) Vol. 36, No. 23, pp. 7225-7238

Publisher: AMER CHEMICAL SOC, 1155 16TH ST, NW,
WASHINGTON, DC 20036.
ISSN: 0006-2960.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal
FILE SEGMENT: LIFE
LANGUAGE: English
REFERENCE COUNT: 74

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

AB The hatching enzyme (envelysin) of the sea urchin *Hemicentrotus pulcherrimus* was purified from the medium of hatched blastulae. By cDNA cloning its deduced amino acid sequence and molecular architecture were revealed. The 591-residue precursor with calculated M-r of 66 123 consists of an 18-residue signal sequence, a 151-residue propeptide, and a 422-residue mature enzyme with N-terminal catalytic and C-terminal **hemopexin**-like domains. As compared with that of *Paracentrotus lividus*, its amino acid sequence is 69% identical and 10% similar. They share typical structural features with the mammalian MMP gene family members: cysteine switch, **zinc**-binding signature, methionine-turn, Cys residues near both ends of **hemopexin**-like domain, etc. However, its propeptide has a 70-residue extra sequence with an Asp- and Glu-rich stretch, supposedly involved in the proenzyme activation by binding Ca²⁺ ions in seawater. The hinge region is also longer than those of most MMPs, with an extra sequence rich in Thr and Arg residues. Mature 50K enzyme is highly susceptible to autolytic cleavage at Gln(503)-Leu(504), producing the 38K form retaining catalytic activity and substrate specificity against fertilization envelope. The 38K form and 15K fragment were coeluted from a gel-filtration column, suggesting that these two fragments are disulfide-bridged and that the tertiary structure is not much deviated. The 38K form further autolyzed to 32K form by cleaving Tyr(450)-Tyr(451) bond with the loss of protein-substrate specificity, retaining only nonspecific **protease** activity. Thus, the autolytic release of 2/3 of the C-terminal domain reduced the highly specific enzyme to a common nonspecific **protease**, implying that the size and structure of almost the entire **hemopexin**-like domain is essential for the protein substrate specificity. Moreover, autolytic degradation of envelysins from the two species follow quite different pathways despite their high homology in structure. The 38K and 32K forms were inhibited by bovine TIMP-1 with different IC₅₀ values, indicating that its inhibitory activity depends on the extent of the interaction with the C-terminal domain of the enzyme.

L9 ANSWER 23 OF 31 MEDLINE on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 97448957 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 9303281
TITLE: Matrix metalloproteinases. Novel targets for directed cancer therapy.
AUTHOR: Yu A E; Hewitt R E; Connor E W; Stetler-Stevenson W G
CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratory of Pathology, National Cancer Institute, National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, Maryland, USA.
SOURCE: Drugs & aging, (1997 Sep) 11 (3) 229-44. Ref: 144
Journal code: 9102074. ISSN: 1170-229X.
PUB. COUNTRY: New Zealand
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
General Review; (REVIEW)
(REVIEW, TUTORIAL)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 199712
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19980109
Last Updated on STN: 20000303
Entered Medline: 19971217

AB Matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs), or **matrixins**, are a family of **zinc** endopeptidases that play a key role in both physiological and

pathological tissue degradation. Normally, there is a careful balance between cell division, matrix synthesis and matrix degradation, which is under the control of cytokines, growth factors and cell matrix interactions. The MMPs are involved in remodelling during tissue morphogenesis and wound healing. Under pathological conditions, this balance is altered: in arthritis, there is uncontrolled destruction of cartilage; in cancer, increased matrix turnover is thought to promote tumour cell invasion. The demonstration of a functional role of MMPs in arthritis and tumour metastasis raises the possibility of therapeutic intervention using synthetic MMP inhibitors with appropriate selectivity and pharmacokinetics. As the process of drug discovery focuses on structure-based design, efforts to resolve the 3-dimensional structures of the MMP family have intensified. Several novel MMP inhibitors have been identified and are currently being investigated in clinical trials. The structural information that is rapidly accumulating will be useful in refining the available inhibitors to selectively target specific MMP family members. In this review, we focus on the role of MMPs and their inhibitors in tumour invasion, metastasis and angiogenesis, and examine how MMPs may be targeted to prevent cancer progression.

L9 ANSWER 24 OF 31 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 4
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 96234364 MEDLINE
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 8640782
 TITLE: Molecular **cloning** of a novel membrane-type matrix metalloproteinase from a **human** breast carcinoma.
 AUTHOR: Puente X S; Pendas A M; Llano E; Velasco G; Lopez-Otin C
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, School of Medicine, University of Oviedo, Spain.
 SOURCE: Cancer research, (1996 Mar 1) 56 (5) 944-9.
 Journal code: 2984705R. ISSN: 0008-5472.
 PUB. COUNTRY: United States
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LANGUAGE: English
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
 OTHER SOURCE: GENBANK-X89576
 ENTRY MONTH: 199607
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19960726
 Last Updated on STN: 20000303
 Entered Medline: 19960715

AB A new member of the matrix metalloproteinase (MMP) family of enzymes has been **cloned** from a **human** breast carcinoma cDNA library. The isolated cDNA contains an open reading frame 1554 bp long, encoding a polypeptide of 518 amino acids. The predicted amino acid sequence displays a similar domain organization as the remaining MMPs, including a prodomain with the activation locus, the **zinc**-binding site, and the **hemopexin** domain. In addition, it contains a C-terminal extension, rich in hydrophobic residues and similar in size to those present in the different membrane-type MMPs (MT-MMPs) identified to date. On the basis of these structural characteristics, this novel MMP has been tentatively called MT4-MMP, because it represents the fourth member of this subclass of MMPs characterized mainly by the occurrence of putative transmembrane domain in their amino acid sequences. MT4-MMP also contains a nine-residue insertion between the propeptide and the catalytic domain, which is a common feature of MT-MMPs and stromelysin-3. This amino acid sequence insertion ends with the consensus sequence R-X-R/K-R, which seems to be essential in the activation of these **proteinases** by furin. Northern blot analysis of polyadenylated RNAs isolated from a variety of **human** tissues revealed that the MT4-MMP gene (MMP-17) is **expressed** mainly in the brain, leukocytes, the colon, the ovary, and the testis. The **expression** of MT4-MMP in leukocytes together with its putative membrane localization suggest that this enzyme could be involved in the activation of membrane-bound precursors of growth factors or inflammatory mediators such as tumor necrosis factor-alpha. In addition, MT4-MMP transcripts were

detected in all breast carcinomas, as well as in all breast cancer cell lines analyzed in the present work. On the basis of these **expression** data in breast tumors, a potential role for **human** MT4-MMP in the tumoral process is also suggested.

L9 ANSWER 25 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:49599 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:114848
TITLE: The astacin family of metalloendopeptidases
AUTHOR(S): Jiang, Weiping; Bond, Judith S.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dept. of Biochem. and Molecular Biology, Pennsylvania State Univ. College of Med., Hershey, PA, 17033, USA
SOURCE: Zinc Metalloproteases in Health and Disease (1996), 23-45. Editor(s): Hooper, Nigel M. Taylor & Francis: London, UK.
CODEN: 63WOAB
DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; General Review
LANGUAGE: English

AB A review with .apprx.60 refs. Mol. **cloning** and DNA sequencing of a mammalian kidney and intestinal brush border membrane **protease** (EC 3.4.24.18) led to the discovery of the 'astacin family', a new family of metalloproteases. The family was named after a 200 amino acid crayfish endopeptidase called astacin, the first member of the group to be sequenced and crystallized. Thirty members have now been identified including meprins, bone morphogenetic protein-1 (BMP-1), and tolloid. The signature sequence for the family is: HEXXHXXGFXHXXRXDR. Structural studies indicate these proteins bind **zinc** pentaco-ordinately, unlike thermolysin-like **proteases**, and bear relationships to serravalins, **matrixins** and snake venom metalloproteases. The **protease** domains of members of the astacin family share 18 to 98% amino acid identity, and have other domain similarities. For example, most members are synthesized with pre- and pro-sequences immediately NH2-terminal to the **protease** domain. Several members contain one or two copies of epidermal growth factor (EGF)-like domains, and complement-like domains (Clr/Clis) near the COOH-terminus. The pasting and patching of different domains to the **protease** domain create proteins of very different sizes and functions. The proteins of the family identified thus far are either bound to the plasma membrane or secreted from cells. They are **expressed** in a tissue- and species-specific manner in mature organisms, and in a temporal and spatial specific manner in developmental systems. They have been identified in a wide variety of species including bacteria, hydra, nematodes, fruit flies, frogs, fish, sea urchins, quail, mice, rats and **humans**. They are suggested to play roles in embryonic stages of development (in processes such as dorsal-ventral patterning, hatching, and eggshell matrix degradation), and in mature organisms (in processes such as cartilage and bone formation, fragmentation of peptide hormones or urinary proteins and in processes leading to extensive degradation). This chapter reviews the recent advances on the structure, function, regulation and evolution of the astacin family.

L9 ANSWER 26 OF 31 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 5
ACCESSION NUMBER: 96032716 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 7559421
TITLE: Identification of structural determinants controlling **human** and mouse stromelysin-3 proteolytic activities.
AUTHOR: Noel A; Santavica M; Stoll I; L'Hoir C; Staub A; Murphy G; Rio M C; Basset P
CORPORATE SOURCE: Institut de Genetique et de Biologie Moleculaire et Cellulaire, CNRS/INSERM/ULP, BP163, Illkirch, CU de Strasbourg, France.
SOURCE: Journal of biological chemistry, (1995 Sep 29) 270 (39)

22866-72.

Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 199511
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19951227
Last Updated on STN: 20000303
Entered Medline: 19951106

AB Matrix metalloproteinases (**matrixins**) constitute a group of extracellular **proteinases** belonging to the metzincin superfamily. They are involved in both physiological and pathological tissue remodeling processes, including those associated with cancer progression. Stromelysin-3, which is **expressed** in most invasive **human** carcinomas, is a matrix metalloproteinase with unusual functional properties. In particular, its mature form does not cleave any of the major extracellular matrix components. To define critical structural determinants involved in controlling stromelysin-3 proteolytic activity, we have used site-directed mutagenesis. We show that the deletion of at least 175 C-terminal amino-acids is sufficient to endow mouse stromelysin-3 with activities against casein, laminin, and type IV collagen. In the case of the **human** enzyme, however, a further and single Ala-235-->Pro substitution is necessary to observe similar activities. Ala-235, which characterizes **human** stromelysin-3 among **matrixins**, is located immediately after the C terminus of the "Met-turn," which forms a hydrophobic basis for the catalytic **zinc** atom in the metzincin family. We conclude that **human** stromelysin-3 has gained specific functional properties during evolution by amino acid substitution in the catalytic **zinc** environment, and that it represents an attractive target for specific inhibitors that may be used to prevent cancer progression.

L9 ANSWER 27 OF 31 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
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ACCESSION NUMBER: 95:330834 SCISEARCH

THE GENUINE ARTICLE: QW981

TITLE: THE METZINCINS - TOPOLOGICAL AND SEQUENTIAL RELATIONS BETWEEN THE ASTACINS, ADAMALYSINS, SERRALYSINS, AND **MATRIXINS** (COLLAGENASES) DEFINE A SUPERFAMILY OF **ZINC-PEPTIDASES**

AUTHOR: STOCKER W (Reprint); GRAMS F; BAUMANN U; REINEMER P; GOMISRUTH F X; MCKAY D B; BODE W

CORPORATE SOURCE: UNIV HEIDELBERG, INST ZOOL, NEUENHEIMER FELD 230, D-69120 HEIDELBERG, GERMANY (Reprint); MAX PLANCK INST BIOCHEM, D-82152 MARTINSRIED, GERMANY; UNIV FREIBURG, INST ORGAN CHEM & BIOCHEM, D-79104 FREIBURG, GERMANY; UNIV AUTONOMA BARCELONA, INST BIOL FONAMENTAL, E-08193 BARCELONA, SPAIN; STANFORD UNIV, SCH MED, DEPT CELL BIOL, BECKMAN LABS STRUCT BIOL, STANFORD, CA, 94305

COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: GERMANY; SPAIN; USA

SOURCE: PROTEIN SCIENCE, (MAY 1995) Vol. 4, No. 5, pp. 823-840.
ISSN: 0961-8368.

DOCUMENT TYPE: General Review; Journal

FILE SEGMENT: LIFE

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

REFERENCE COUNT: 136

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

AB The three-dimensional structures of the **zinc** endopeptidases **human** neutrophil collagenase, adamalysin II from rattlesnake venom, alkaline **proteinase** from *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*, and astacin from crayfish are topologically similar, with respect to a five-stranded P-sheet and three α -helices arranged in typical sequential order. The four proteins exhibit the characteristic consensus motif

HEXXHXXGXXH, whose three histidine residues are involved in binding of the catalytically essential **zinc** ion. Moreover, they all share a conserved methionine residue beneath the active site metal as part of a superimposable 'Met-turn.' This structural relationship is supported by a sequence alignment performed on the basis of topological equivalence showing faint but distinct sequential similarity. The alkaline **proteinase** is about equally distant (26% sequence identity) to both **human** neutrophil collagenase and astacin and a little further away from adamalysin II (17% identity). The pairs astacin/adamalysin II, astacin/**human** neutrophil collagenase, and adamalysin II/**human** neutrophil collagenase exhibit sequence identities of 16%, 14%, and 13%, respectively. Therefore, the corresponding four distinct families of **zinc peptidases**, the astacins, the matrix metalloproteinases (**matrixins**, collagenases), the adamalysins/reprolysins (snake venom **proteinases**/reproductive tract proteins), and the serralysins (large bacterial **proteases** from Serratia, Erwinia, and Pseudomonas) appear to have originated by divergent evolution from a common ancestor and form a superfamily of proteolytic enzymes for which the designation 'metzincins' has been proposed. There is also a faint but significant structural relationship of the metzincins to the thermolysin-like enzymes, which share the truncated **zinc**-binding motif HEXXH and, moreover, similar topologies in their N-terminal domains.

L9 ANSWER 28 OF 31 MEDLINE on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 96173003 MEDLINE
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 8590015
 TITLE: Structure of full-length porcine synovial collagenase reveals a C-terminal domain containing a calcium-linked, four-bladed beta-propeller.
 AUTHOR: Li J; Brick P; O'Hare M C; Skarzynski T; Lloyd L F; Curry V A; Clark I M; Bigg H F; Hazleman B L; Cawston T E; +
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Blackert Laboratory, Imperial College, London, UK.
 SOURCE: Structure (London, England), (1995 Jun 15) 3 (6) 541-9. Journal code: 9418985. ISSN: 0969-2126.
 PUB. COUNTRY: ENGLAND: United Kingdom
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LANGUAGE: English
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
 ENTRY MONTH: 199603
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19960404
 Last Updated on STN: 20000303
 Entered Medline: 19960327

AB BACKGROUND: The collagenases are members of the family of **zinc**-dependent enzymes known as the matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs). They are the only **proteinases** that specifically cleave the collagen triple helix, and are important in a large number of physiological and pathological processes. Structures are known for the N-terminal catalytic domain of collagenases MMP-1 and MMP-8 and of stromelysin (MMP-3). This catalytic domain alone, which comprises about 150 amino acids, has no activity against collagen. A second domain, of 200 amino acids, is homologous to haemopexin, a haem-binding glycoprotein. RESULTS: The crystal structure of full-length MMP-1 at 2.5 Å resolution gives an R-factor of 21.7%. Two domains are connected by an exposed proline-rich linker of 17 amino acids, which is probably flexible and has no secondary structure. The catalytic domain resembles those previously observed, and contains three calcium-binding sites. The haemopexin-like domain contains four units of four-stranded antiparallel beta sheet stabilized on its fourfold axis by a cation, which is probably calcium. The domain constitutes a four-bladed beta-propeller structure in which the blades are scarcely twisted. CONCLUSIONS: The exposed linker accounts for the difficulty in purifying full-length collagenase. The C-terminal domain provides a structural model for haemopexin and its homologues. It controls the specificity of MMPs, affecting both substrate and inhibitor

binding, although its role remains obscure. These structural results should aid the design of site-specific mutants which will reveal further details of the specificity mechanism.

L9 ANSWER 29 OF 31 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
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ACCESSION NUMBER: 93:351599 SCISEARCH

THE GENUINE ARTICLE: LE436

TITLE: IMPLICATIONS OF THE 3-DIMENSIONAL STRUCTURE OF ASTACIN FOR
THE STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION OF THE ASTACIN FAMILY OF
ZINC-ENDOPEPTIDASES

AUTHOR: STOCKER W (Reprint); GOMISRUTH F X; BODE W; ZWILLING R

CORPORATE SOURCE: UNIV HEIDELBERG, INST ZOOL, FACHRICHTUNG PHYSIOL,
NEUENHEIMER FELD 230, W-6900 HEIDELBERG 1, GERMANY
(Reprint); MAX PLANCK INST BIOCHEM, W-8033 MARTINSRIED,
GERMANY

COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: GERMANY

SOURCE: EUROPEAN JOURNAL OF BIOCHEMISTRY, (15 MAY 1993) Vol. 214,
No. 1, pp. 215-231.
ISSN: 0014-2956.

DOCUMENT TYPE: General Review; Journal

FILE SEGMENT: LIFE

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

REFERENCE COUNT: 113

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

AB Astacin, a **zinc**-endopeptidase from the crayfish *Astacus*
astacus L., represents a structurally

distinct group of metalloproteinases termed the 'astacin family'. This protein family includes oligomeric membrane-bound proteins with **zinc proteinase** domains found in rodent kidneys (meprins A and B) and **human** small intestine (N-benzoyl-L-tyrosyl-4-aminobenzoate hydrolase). Another branch of this family comprises morphogenetically active proteins, which induce bone formation (**human** bone morphogenetic protein 1), or which play specific roles during the embryonic development of amphibians, fishes, echinoderms, and insects.

The X-ray crystal structure of astacin has recently been solved to a resolution of 0.18 nm [Bode et al. (1992) *Nature* 358,164-1671. This structure is different from hitherto known metalloendopeptidase structures and has been used in the present study to analyze the structures of the other members of the astacin protein family.

Computer-assisted modelling of the proteolytic domain of the alpha-subunit of meprin A based on the astacin structure is possible if five single and one double residue deletions and three single residue insertions are implied. The **proteinase** domains of the other astacins can be included in the model-based sequence alignment by introducing additionally three insertions and one deletion. All of these insertions and deletions are observed in loop segments connecting regular secondary structure elements and should leave the overall structure unaltered.

The topology of residues forming the **zinc**-binding active site of astacin corresponds to almost identical arrangements in all other astacins, suggesting that these are likewise metalloproteinases. Based on this similarity, it is proposed that the active-site metal ion of the astacins is penta-coordinated by three histidine residues, a tyrosine residue and a water molecule in a trigonal bipyramidal geometry. Other remarkable common features are a hydrophobic cluster in the N-terminal domain and a conserved, solvent-filled cavity buried in the C-terminal domain. Most interestingly, the amino-termini of all astacins can be modelled to start in a corresponding internal water cavity as seen in the astacin template, where the terminal alanine residue forms a water-linked salt bridge to Glu103, directly adjacent to His102, the third **zinc** ligand. Therefore, an activation mechanism for the astacins reminiscent of that of the trypsin-like **proteinases** had been suggested, which

now seems to be probable also for the other astacins.

Besides these common traits, there are some minor differences which may have important consequences on the function of the astacins. A striking example are variations in the presumed S', substrate-binding site, which binds the amino acid side chain on the C-terminal side of the scissile bond of the substrate. In this subsite the crayfish **proteinase** astacin prefers short, uncharged residues. By contrast, meprin A accepts bulky, charged side chains in this position. This difference presumably can be explained by both the replacement of Pro176 (astacin) by Gly176 (all other astacins) and the concomitant deletion of Tyr177 (all other astacins).

Interestingly, the three imidazole-zinc ligands are included in a consensus sequence (HEXXHX-XGXXH) which the astacins share with otherwise sequentially unrelated enzymes like vertebrate matrix metalloproteinases (**matrixins**), snake venom haemorrhagic toxins and certain large bacterial enzymes. Hence, a **zinc** ligation similar to that seen in astacin is probable also for these **proteinases**.

L9 ANSWER 30 OF 31 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 6
ACCESSION NUMBER: 93125388 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 1480063
TITLE: Primary structure and function of stromelysin/transin in cartilage matrix turnover.
AUTHOR: Wilhelm S M; Wunderlich D; Maniglia C A; Eisen A Z; Goldberg G I
CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute for Arthritis and Autoimmunity, Miles Research Center, West Haven, CT 06516.
SOURCE: Matrix (Stuttgart, Germany). Supplement, (1992) 1 37-44. Journal code: 9312140. ISSN: 0940-1199.
PUB. COUNTRY: GERMANY: Germany, Federal Republic of
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 199302
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19930226
Last Updated on STN: 20000303
Entered Medline: 19930205

AB Stromelysin/Transin is a member of the matrix metalloprotease gene family. This metalloprotease is synthesized as a preproenzyme with a predicted size of 53,977 Da including a 17 amino acid signal peptide. Prostromelysin is secreted from normal and transformed cells in two forms with apparent molecular masses on NaDodSO4 gels of 60 and 58-kDa. The minor 60-kDa species contains N-linked oligosaccharide(s). Stromelysin consists of three domains the amino terminal propeptide(s) domain contains the tribasic amino acid sequence RRR which is important in the proteolytic activation of this zymogen by trypsin-like serine **proteases**. The second domain consists of the catalytic domain which contains the **zinc** binding site. The carboxyl-terminal **hemopexin** domain has no known function and can be removed without a loss of enzymatic activity. Stromelysin has a broad range of substrate specificity including proteoglycans, casein, fibronectin, laminin, native type IV and IX collagen and gelatin but not type I collagen. In the presence of trypsin or plasmin, catalytic amounts of this enzyme can also fully activate interstitial fibroblast collagenase. We have developed a panel of monoclonal antibodies against stromelysin which will be useful for the tissue localization of the various species of this enzyme in tissues. In addition, we have demonstrated that either **human** rIL-1 (alpha) or rTNF (alpha) can stimulate the **expression** of this enzyme in cultured bovine articular cartilage at least 10-fold. Based on western blot analysis, the zymogen form of the enzyme was the major enzyme species detected in either the media or cartilage matrix compartments of cytokine treated cultures.

L9 ANSWER 31 OF 31 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 91:264688 SCISEARCH
THE GENUINE ARTICLE: FK111
TITLE: MATRIX METALLOPROTEINASES AND THEIR INHIBITORS IN
CONNECTIVE-TISSUE REMODELING
AUTHOR: WOESSNER J F (Reprint)
CORPORATE SOURCE: UNIV MIAMI, SCH MED, DEPT BIOCHEM & MOLEC BIOL, R 127, POB
016960, MIAMI, FL, 33101 (Reprint)
COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: USA
SOURCE: FASEB JOURNAL, (1991) Vol. 5, No. 8, pp. 2145-2154.
DOCUMENT TYPE: General Review; Journal
FILE SEGMENT: LIFE
LANGUAGE: ENGLISH
REFERENCE COUNT: 78

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

AB Matrix metalloproteinases are an important group of **zinc** enzymes responsible for degradation of the extracellular matrix components such as collagen and proteoglycans in normal embryogenesis and remodeling and in many disease processes such as arthritis, cancer, periodontitis, and osteoporosis. A **matrixin** family is defined, comprising at least seven members that range in size from M(r) 28000 to 92000 and are related in gene sequence to collagenase. All family members are secreted as zymogens that lose peptides of about 10,000 daltons upon activation. Latency is due to a conserved cysteine that binds to **zinc** at the active center. Latency is overcome by physical (chaotropic agents), chemical (HOC1, mercurials), and enzymatic (trypsin, plasmin) treatments that separate the cysteine residue from the **zinc**.
Expression of the metalloproteinases is switched on by a variety of agents acting through regulatory elements of the gene, particularly the AP-1 binding site. A family of protein inhibitors of M(r) 28,500 or less binds strongly and stoichiometrically in noncovalent fashion to inhibit members of the family. The serum protein alpha-2-macroglobulin and relatives are also strongly inhibitory.

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:16:50 ON 09 DEC 2004)

FILE 'MEDLINE, EMBASE, BIOSIS, BIOTECHDS, SCISEARCH, HCAPLUS, NTIS, LIFESCI' ENTERED AT 13:17:17 ON 09 DEC 2004

L1 628423 S PEPTIDASE? OR PROTEINASE? OR PROTEASE?
L2 232488 S HUMAN AND L1
L3 1461 S ZINC(A) METALLOPROTEASE?
L4 3232 S ZINC AND L2
L5 6823002 S CLON? OR EXPRESS? OR RECOMBINANT
L6 1449 S L4 AND L5
L7 4633 S MATRIXIN OR HEMOPEXIN
L8 52 S L6 AND L7
L9 31 DUP REM L8 (21 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s brain (a)cancer

L10 6055 BRAIN (A) CANCER

=> s l6 and l10

L11 1 L6 AND L10

=> d all

L11 ANSWER 1 OF 1 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
AN 2004:162790 HCAPLUS
DN 140:212096
ED Entered STN: 29 Feb 2004

TI Brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns,
tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic
and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof

IN Madden, Stephen I.; Wang, Clarence J.; Cook, Brian P.; Lattera, John;
Walter, Kevin

PA Genzyme Corporation, USA; The Johns Hopkins University; Cook, Brian P

SO PCT Int. Appl., 114 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C12N

CC 3-4 (Biochemical Genetics)
Section cross-reference(s): 1, 13, 14

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2004016758	A2	20040226	WO 2003-US25614	20030815
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
PRAI	US 2002-403390P	P	20020815		
	US 2003-458978P	P	20030401		

CLASS

PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
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WO 2004016758	ICM	C12N
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AB To gain a better understanding of brain tumor angiogenesis, new techniques for isolating brain endothelial cells (ECs) and evaluating gene **expression** patterns were developed. A new version of SAGE, long-SAGE, have been employed. When transcripts from brain ECs derived from normal and malignant colorectal tissues were compared with transcripts from non-endothelial cells, genes predominantly **expressed** in the endothelium were identified. Comparison between normal- and tumor-derived endothelium revealed genes that were specifically elevated in tumor-associated brain endothelium. These results confirm that neoplastic and normal endothelium in **human** brains are distinct at the mol. level, and have significant implications for the development of anti-angiogenic therapies in the future. The genes were identified that were **expressed** at significantly higher levels in brain tumor endothelium than in normal endothelium. This markers were named GEMs (glioma endothelial markers). A methods to aid in diagnosing and therapy of glioma are provided.

ST brain endothelium gene **expression** tumor marker **human**
therapy; glioma diagnosis gene marker anticancer screening

IT Proteins

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(2-oxoglutarate 5-dioxygenase (lysine hydroxylase, Ehlers-Danlos syndrome type VI); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers)

IT Connexins

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(43; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic

and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (ARP2 (actin-related protein 2), actin-related protein 2/3, subunit 2 (34 kD); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (B3GALT6, for β -1,3-galactosyltransferase-6; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (B7 homolog 3; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Endothelin receptors
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (B; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Apolipoproteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (C-I; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT CD antigens
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (CD231; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (CDC37, cell division cycle 37, Saccharomyces cerevisiae, homolog; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (CTONG2002453; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(DC2; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (DENTT (differentially **expressed** nucleolar TGF-beta 1 target protein); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (DKFZP434B 168; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (DKFZp434E1515; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (DKFZp58601624.1; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (DKFZp586D0918; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (DKFZp761H221; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (DKFZp762A227; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (DNA segment on chromosome X and Y (unique) 155 **expressed** sequence; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

study); USES (Uses)
 (E3 ubiquitin ligase SMIJRF1; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Apolipoproteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (E; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (EUROIMAGE 1977059; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (EUROIMAGE 50374, EUROIMAGE 701679, EUROIMAGE 1035904; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (FLJ21865, FLJ10980, FLJ30634, FLJ23239; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (FLJ22215, FLJ10297, FLJ10350, FLJ20401; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (FLJ22678, FLJ12442, FLJ11863, FLJ31238, FLJ10350, FLJ39848; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (FLJ32203, FLJ22329, FLJ32424, FLJ10707; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (FLJ34888, FLJ32205, FLJ22329, FLJ23471; brain endothelial cell gene

expression patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Tumor markers
(GEMS (glioma endothelial markers); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(GTP-binding, 2; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Phosphoproteins
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Golgi phosphoprotein 1; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(HEMBA1006926; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(HLA class II region **expressed** gene KE2; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Hermansky-Pudlak syndrome 4; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Hs 54828; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Hs111988, Hs112238, Hs127824, Hs296234,; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

- (Hs16450, Hs272106; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (Hs299251, Hs311780; Hs212191, Hs328774; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (Huntingtin interacting protein K; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Myosins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (I, D; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Profilins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (I, non-muscle; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (IGFBP-3; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (IGFBP-5; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (IGFBP-7; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Annexins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (II; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological

study); USES (Uses)
 (IMAGE 3342825, MGC:17337 IMAGE 4213591; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (IMAGE 3908182; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (IMAGE 4845226; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (ITB 1_HUMAN integrin beta-1 precursor; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (Jagged 1, Alagille syndrome; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (KIAA0404, KIAA0726, KIAA0470, KIAA0685, KIAA1887; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (KIDNE2004864; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Ribosomal proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (L10, L10a; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Ribosomal proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (L10; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

- IT Ribosomal proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (L13; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Ribosomal proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (L27; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Ribosomal proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (L38; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Ribosomal proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (L45, mitochondrial; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (LAMP (lysosome-associated membrane protein), lysosome-associated multispinning membrane protein-5; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Transcription factors
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (LDB2 (LIM domain-binding 2); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Lipoprotein receptors
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (LDL, acetylated; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (LNG03128; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (LOC57333; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns,

tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (LOC88745; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Blood-group substances
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (Lutheran, Auberger b antigen included; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Antigens
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (MAA (melanoma-associated antigen), recognized by cytotoxic T lymphocytes; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Antigens
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (MAA (melanoma-associated antigen); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (MACMARCKS (macrophage myristoylated alanine-rich C kinase substrate); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (MAP1 (microtubule-associated protein 1); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (MGC4677; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Histocompatibility antigens
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (MHC (major histocompatibility complex), class I; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (NS1-binding; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (NT2NE2017332; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Transcription factors
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (PBX2 (pre-B-cell leukemia transcription factor 2); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (PLACE6003038; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (PRO0628; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Splicing factors
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (PSF (PTB-associated splicing factor); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (PTEN-induced putative kinase 1; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (Quiescin Q6; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (RAG-1 (recombination-activating gene, 1), Rag C; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (RGS-12 (regulator of G-protein signaling 12); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (RING finger, double ring-finger; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (RING finger, ring finger protein 40; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Ribosomal proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (S16; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Ribosomal proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (S19; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Ribosomal proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (S9; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Genetic methods
 (SAGE, for serial anal. of gene **expression**; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (SEC24 (Saccharomyces cerevisiae) related gene family, member A; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Splicing factors
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (SFRS6 (splicing factor, arginine/serine-rich 6); brain endothelial

cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(SKMUS2000954; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Transcription factors

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(SOX4; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(SPLEN2014669; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(SREC; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Receptors

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(SSR (signal sequence receptor), GEM (glioma endothelial marker) for; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Receptors

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(SSR (signal sequence receptor), translocon-associated protein δ , GEM (glioma endothelial marker) for; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(SSR4; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(T21371, F25H8.3; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic

use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (TBP-associated factor, 28 kD; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Tyrosine kinase receptors
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (TEK tyrosine kinase-like; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Transcription factors
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (TLE (transducin-like enhancer corepressor), transducin-like enhancer of split 2; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (TM4SF2 (transmembrane 4 superfamily member 2); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (TNF-induced; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Growth factor receptors
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (TNFR superfamily, member 16; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Fas antigen
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (TNFRSF6-associated via death domain; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (TRAPD; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Initiation factors (protein formation)
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(Tif (translation initiation factor); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (U6 snRNA-associated Sm-like protein LSm7; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Myosins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (X; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Immunostimulants
 (adjuvants; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Brain, neoplasm
 (angiogenesis; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Radiotherapy
 (antibody-directed; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Porins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (aquaporin 1; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Transcription factors
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (binding to IGHM enhancer 3; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Antitumor agents
 Biomarkers (biological responses)
 DNA microarray technology
 Drug screening
 Gene therapy
 Human
 Mammalia
 Molecular **cloning**
 Susceptibility (genetic)
 (brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Leukemia inhibitory factor
 Macrophage inflammatory protein 1α
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns,

tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Biglycans
 CD59 (antigen)
 G protein-coupled receptors
 Insulin receptors
 Osteonectin
 Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT mRNA
 RL: ANT (Analyte); DGN (Diagnostic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Antibodies and Immunoglobulins
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Gene **expression** profiles, animal
 (by SAGE; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Diagnosis
 (**cancer**; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (cell membrane glycoprotein, 11,000 M(r) (surface antigen); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (chromosome 21 open reading frame 25; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (chromosome 22 open reading frame 5; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (coactosin-like; brain endothelial cell gene **expression**

patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(coagulation factor II (thrombin) receptor-like 3; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(coagulation factor III (thromboplastin, tissue factor); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cysteine-rich, cysteine-rich protein 2; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cysteine-rich, secreted, acidic; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Toxins

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cytotoxins, antibody conjugates; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(dJ181N3.1; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(degenerative spermatocyte (homolog Drosophila, lipid desaturase); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Neuroglia, neoplasm

(diagnosis; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(dihydropyrimidinase-like 3; brain endothelial cell gene

expression patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(dorfin; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(dysferlin; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Elongation factors (protein formation)

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(eEF-2; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(endoplasmic reticulum associated protein 140 kDa; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(endothelial (venous malformations, multiple cutaneous and mucosal); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Angiogenesis

(endothelialization; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Blood vessel

(endothelium, brain; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Brain

(endothelium; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Enzymes, biological studies

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(excision repair cross-complementing rodent repair deficiency complementation group 1; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers)

IT Proteins

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(**expressed** in thyroid; brain endothelial cell gene

- expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT cDNA sequences
(for glioma endothelial markers; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Agglutinins and Lectins
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(galectin-8; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteins
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(gap junction-specific; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteins
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(glioma endothelial marker 1 precursor; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteins
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(glioma-associated; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Glycophorins
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(glycophorin C; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteins
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(heme oxygenase (decycling) 1; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteoglycans, biological studies
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(heparitin sulfate-containing, 2; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteins
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(homolog of Drosophila E(sp 1); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Immunoassay
(immunoblotting; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Immunoassay
(immunohistochem.; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(inhibin, beta B (activin AB beta polypeptide); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Drug delivery systems
(injections, i.m.; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(insig-1 (insulin-induced gene 1); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(integrin beta 4 binding; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Antibodies and Immunoglobulins
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(labeled; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(lamins, lamin A/C; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(latexin; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use)
(limb girdle muscular dystrophy 2B (autosomal recessive); brain

endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(lysyl oxidase-like 2; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(macrophage migration inhibitory factor (glycosylation-inhibiting factor); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Nucleic acid hybridization

(microarray; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Diagnosis

(mol.; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(nuclear factor (erythroid-derived 2)-like2; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Epitopes

(of glioma-associated protein; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(ortholog of rat vacuole membrane protein 1; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(p53-induced; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteoglycans, biological studies

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(perlecan; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Receptors

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological

- study); USES (Uses)
 (plexin, B2; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (procollagen-lysine; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (prosaposins, variant Gaucher disease and variant metachromatic leukodystrophy; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (prostate tumor overexpressed gene 1; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (protective protein for β -galactosidase (galactosialidosis); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Ras proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (ras homolog gene family, member A; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (retinoic acid-induced 14; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (schwannomin-interacting protein 1; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (similar to RIKEN cDNA 2310012N15, 5730528L13; brain endothelial cell

- gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Ribonucleoproteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (small nuclear ribonucleoprotein polypeptide B; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (smoothelin; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Transport proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (solute carrier family 29 (nucleoside transporters), member 1; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (sprouty (Drosophila) homolog 4; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (sudd (suppressor of bimD6, Aspergillus nidulans) homolog; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Tumor necrosis factor receptors
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (superfamily, member 12 (translocating chain-association membrane protein); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Antigens
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (surface, Thy-i; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (synaptopodin; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

- IT Surgery
(therapy after surgical removal of glioma; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteins
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(translocase of inner mitochondrial membrane 17 homolog A (yeast); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteins
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(tuftelin-interacting; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT EST (**expressed** sequence tag)
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(tumor marker gene identified by; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Proteins
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(tumor suppressor deleted in oral cancer-related 1; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Antigens
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(tumor-associated, T-cell lymphoma-associated, cutaneous, se20-4; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Collagens, biological studies
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(type I; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Collagens, biological studies
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(type IV, $\alpha 1$; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)
- IT Collagens, biological studies
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(type VI, $\alpha 2$; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (ubiquinol-cytochrome c reductase hinge protein; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (v-akt murine thymoma viral oncogene homolog 2; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Transcription factors
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (v-ets, v-ets avian erythroblastosis virus E26 oncogene homolog 1; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Proteins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (zinc finger-containing, 144, Mel-18; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Fibronectin receptors
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (α polypeptide; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Integrins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (α 10; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Laminins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (α 5; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Integrins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (α 5; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Transforming growth factors
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(β 1-; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Catenins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (γ -; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT Laminins
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (γ 3; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT 37256-36-3, NADH dehydrogenase (ubiquinone)
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (1 alpha, subcomplex, 7(14.5 kD, B14.5a); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT 110071-61-9
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (1; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT 105238-46-8, Macropain
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (26S subunit; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT 9013-66-5, Glutathione peroxidase
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (4, (phospholipid hydroperoxidase); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT 9000-83-3, ATPase
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (8; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT 9028-04-0, NADH-coenzyme Q reductase
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (Fe-S protein 7 (20 kD); brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT 9014-24-8
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

study); USES (Uses)
 (II, TAF11; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns,
 tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic
 and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT 9001-12-1, Matrix metalloproteinase 1 9030-22-2, Uridine phosphorylase
 9039-53-6, Urokinase 80295-32-5, Complement c 1 91448-99-6, Cystatin C
 105913-11-9, Plasminogen activator 140610-48-6, Matrix metalloproteinase
 10 300865-11-6, Protein tyrosine phosphatase, non-receptor type 1
 324751-96-4, Stanniocalcin 2 324752-01-4, Stanniocalcin 1 405202-87-1,
 Mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase 11
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic
 use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological
 study); USES (Uses)
 (brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns,
 tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic
 and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT 95076-93-0, Peptidylprolyl isomerase
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic
 use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological
 study); USES (Uses)
 (cyclophilin A; brain endothelial cell gene **expression**
 patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic,
 therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT 146480-36-6, Matrix metalloproteinase 9
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic
 use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological
 study); USES (Uses)
 (gelatinase B, 92 kD gelatinase, 92 kD type IV collagenase; brain
 endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated
 brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer
 drug screening uses thereof)

IT 161384-17-4, Matrix metalloproteinase 14
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic
 use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological
 study); USES (Uses)
 (membrane-inserted; brain endothelial cell gene **expression**
 patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic,
 therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT 664382-60-9 664382-61-0 664382-62-1 664382-63-2 664382-64-3
 664382-65-4 664382-66-5 664382-67-6 664382-68-7 664382-69-8
 664382-70-1 664382-71-2 664382-72-3 664382-73-4 664382-74-5
 664382-75-6 664382-76-7 664382-77-8 664382-78-9 664382-79-0
 664382-80-3 664382-81-4 664382-82-5 664382-83-6 664382-84-7
 664382-85-8 664382-86-9 664382-87-0 664382-88-1 664382-89-2
 664382-90-5 664382-91-6 664382-92-7 664382-93-8 664382-94-9
 664382-95-0 664382-96-1 664382-97-2 664382-98-3 664382-99-4
 664383-00-0 664383-01-1 664383-02-2 664383-03-3 664383-04-4
 664383-05-5 664383-06-6 664383-07-7 664383-08-8 664383-09-9
 664383-10-2 664383-11-3 664383-12-4 664383-13-5 664383-14-6
 664383-15-7 664383-16-8 664383-17-9 664383-18-0 664383-19-1
 664383-20-4 664383-21-5 664383-22-6 664383-23-7 664383-24-8
 664383-25-9 664383-26-0 664383-27-1 664383-28-2 664383-29-3
 664383-30-6 664383-31-7 664383-32-8 664383-33-9 664383-34-0
 664383-35-1 664383-36-2 664383-37-3 664383-38-4 664383-39-5
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RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(nucleotide sequence; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT	664384-93-4	664384-94-5	664384-95-6	664384-96-7	664384-97-8
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RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(nucleotide sequence; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

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RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(nucleotide sequence; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

IT 149371-18-6, Legumain

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(**protease**, cysteine, 1; brain endothelial cell gene **expression** patterns, tumor-associated brain endothelium markers, and diagnostic, therapeutic and anti-cancer drug screening uses thereof)

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:16:50 ON 09 DEC 2004)

FILE 'MEDLINE, EMBASE, BIOSIS, BIOTECHDS, SCISEARCH, HCAPLUS, NTIS, LIFESCI' ENTERED AT 13:17:17 ON 09 DEC 2004

L1	628423 S PEPTIDASE? OR PROTEINASE? OR PROTEASE?
L2	232488 S HUMAN AND L1
L3	1461 S ZINC(A) METALLOPROTEASE?
L4	3232 S ZINC AND L2
L5	6823002 S CLON? OR EXPRESS? OR RECOMBINANT
L6	1449 S L4 AND L5
L7	4633 S MATRIXIN OR HEMOPEXIN
L8	52 S L6 AND L7
L9	31 DUP REM L8 (21 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L10	6055 S BRAIN (A)CANCER
L11	1 S L6 AND L10

=> s zinc (a)l1

L12 924 ZINC (A) L1

=> s l12 and l10

L13 0 L12 AND L10

=> s 15 and 11`2
L14 1 L5 AND L1`2

=> s 15 and 112
L15 169 L5 AND L12

=> s 17 and 115
L16 3 L7 AND L15

=> dup rem 116
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L16
L17 3 DUP REM L16 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 1-3 ibib ab

L17 ANSWER 1 OF 3 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on
STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:695245 SCISEARCH

THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 116RN

TITLE: Matrix metalloproteinases: structures, evolution, and
diversification

AUTHOR: Massova I; Kotra L P; Fridman R; Mobashery S (Reprint)

CORPORATE SOURCE: WAYNE STATE UNIV, DEPT CHEM, DETROIT, MI 48202 (Reprint);
WAYNE STATE UNIV, DEPT CHEM, DETROIT, MI 48202; WAYNE
STATE UNIV, DEPT PATHOL, DETROIT, MI 48202; WAYNE STATE
UNIV, KARMANOS CANC INST, DETROIT, MI 48202

COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: USA

SOURCE: FASEB JOURNAL, (SEP 1998) Vol. 12, No. 12, pp. 1075-1095.
Publisher: FEDERATION AMER SOC EXP BIOL, 9650 ROCKVILLE
PIKE, BETHESDA, MD 20814-3998.
ISSN: 0892-6638.

DOCUMENT TYPE: General Review; Journal

FILE SEGMENT: LIFE

LANGUAGE: English

REFERENCE COUNT: 58

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

AB A comprehensive sequence alignment of 64 members of the family of
matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs) for the entire sequences, and
subsequently the catalytic and the **hemopexin**-like domains, have
been performed. The 64 MMPs were selected from plants, invertebrates, and
vertebrates. The analyses disclosed that as many as 23 distinct
subfamilies of these proteins are known to exist. Information from the
sequence alignments: was correlated with structures, both crystallographic
as well as computational, of the catalytic domains for the 23
representative members of the MMP family. A survey of the metal binding
sites and two loops containing variable sequences of amino acids, which
are important for substrate interactions, are discussed. The collective
data support the proposal that the assembly of the domains into
multidomain enzymes was likely to be an early evolutionary event. This was
followed by diversification, perhaps in parallel among the MMPs, in a
subsequent evolutionary time scale. Analysis indicates that a retrograde
structure simplification may have accounted for the evolution of MMPs with
simple domain constituents, such as matrilysin, from the larger and more
elaborate enzymes.

L17 ANSWER 2 OF 3 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on
STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 95:330834 SCISEARCH

THE GENUINE ARTICLE: QW981

TITLE: THE METZINCINS - TOPOLOGICAL AND SEQUENTIAL RELATIONS
BETWEEN THE ASTACINS, ADAMALYSINS, SERRALYSINS, AND
MATRIXINS (COLLAGENASES) DEFINE A SUPERFAMILY OF
ZINC-PEPTIDASES

AUTHOR: STOCKER W (Reprint); GRAMS F; BAUMANN U; REINEMER P;
 GOMISRUTH F X; MCKAY D B; BODE W
 CORPORATE SOURCE: UNIV HEIDELBERG, INST ZOOL, NEUENHEIMER FELD 230, D-69120
 HEIDELBERG, GERMANY (Reprint); MAX PLANCK INST BIOCHEM,
 D-82152 MARTINSRIED, GERMANY; UNIV FREIBURG, INST ORGAN
 CHEM & BIOCHEM, D-79104 FREIBURG, GERMANY; UNIV AUTONOMA
 BARCELONA, INST BIOL FONDAMENTAL, E-08193 BARCELONA, SPAIN;
 STANFORD UNIV, SCH MED, DEPT CELL BIOL, BECKMAN LABS
 STRUCT BIOL, STANFORD, CA, 94305
 COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: GERMANY; SPAIN; USA
 SOURCE: PROTEIN SCIENCE, (MAY 1995) Vol. 4, No. 5, pp. 823-840.
 ISSN: 0961-8368.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: General Review; Journal
 FILE SEGMENT: LIFE
 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH
 REFERENCE COUNT: 136

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

AB The three-dimensional structures of the zinc endopeptidases human neutrophil collagenase, adamalysin II from rattlesnake venom, alkaline proteinase from *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*, and astacin from crayfish are topologically similar, with respect to a five-stranded β -sheet and three α -helices arranged in typical sequential order. The four proteins exhibit the characteristic consensus motif HEXHHXXGXXH, whose three histidine residues are involved in binding of the catalytically essential zinc ion. Moreover, they all share a conserved methionine residue beneath the active site metal as part of a superimposable 'Met-turn.' This structural relationship is supported by a sequence alignment performed on the basis of topological equivalence showing faint but distinct sequential similarity. The alkaline proteinase is about equally distant (26% sequence identity) to both human neutrophil collagenase and astacin and a little further away from adamalysin II (17% identity). The pairs astacin/adamalysin II, astacin/human neutrophil collagenase, and adamalysin II/human neutrophil collagenase exhibit sequence identities of 16%, 14%, and 13%, respectively. Therefore, the corresponding four distinct families of **zinc peptidases**, the astacins, the matrix metalloproteinases (**matrixins**, collagenases), the adamalysins/reprolysins (snake venom proteinases/reproductive tract proteins), and the serralsins (large bacterial proteases from *Serratia*, *Erwinia*, and *Pseudomonas*) appear to have originated by divergent evolution from a common ancestor and form a superfamily of proteolytic enzymes for which the designation 'metzincins' has been proposed. There is also a faint but significant structural relationship of the metzincins to the thermolysin-like enzymes, which share the truncated zinc-binding motif HEXXH and, moreover, similar topologies in their N-terminal domains.

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ACCESSION NUMBER: 93:351599 SCISEARCH
 THE GENUINE ARTICLE: LE436
 TITLE: IMPLICATIONS OF THE 3-DIMENSIONAL STRUCTURE OF ASTACIN FOR THE STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION OF THE ASTACIN FAMILY OF ZINC-ENDOPEPTIDASES
 AUTHOR: STOCKER W (Reprint); GOMISRUTH F X; BODE W; ZWILLING R
 CORPORATE SOURCE: UNIV HEIDELBERG, INST ZOOL, FACHRICHTUNG PHYSIOL, NEUENHEIMER FELD 230, W-6900 HEIDELBERG 1, GERMANY (Reprint); MAX PLANCK INST BIOCHEM, W-8033 MARTINSRIED, GERMANY
 COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: GERMANY
 SOURCE: EUROPEAN JOURNAL OF BIOCHEMISTRY, (15 MAY 1993) Vol. 214, No. 1, pp. 215-231.
 ISSN: 0014-2956.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: General Review; Journal
 FILE SEGMENT: LIFE
 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

REFERENCE COUNT: 113

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

AB Astacin, a zinc-endopeptidase from the crayfish *Astacus astacus* L., represents a structurally distinct group of metalloproteinases termed the 'astacin family'. This protein family includes oligomeric membrane-bound proteins with **zinc proteinase** domains found in rodent kidneys (meprins A and B) and human small intestine (N-benzoyl-L-tyrosyl-4-aminobenzoate hydrolase). Another branch of this family comprises morphogenetically active proteins, which induce bone formation (human bone morphogenetic protein 1), or which play specific roles during the embryonic development of amphibians, fishes, echinoderms, and insects.

The X-ray crystal structure of astacin has recently been solved to a resolution of 0.18 nm [Bode et al. (1992) *Nature* 358,164-1671. This structure is different from hitherto known metalloendopeptidase structures and has been used in the present study to analyze the structures of the other members of the astacin protein family.

Computer-assisted modelling of the proteolytic domain of the alpha-subunit of meprin A based on the astacin structure is possible if five single and one double residue deletions and three single residue insertions are implied. The proteinase domains of the other astacins can be included in the model-based sequence alignment by introducing additionally three insertions and one deletion. All of these insertions and deletions are observed in loop segments connecting regular secondary structure elements and should leave the overall structure unaltered.

The topology of residues forming the zinc-binding active site of astacin corresponds to almost identical arrangements in all other astacins, suggesting that these are likewise metalloproteinases. Based on this similarity, it is proposed that the active-site metal ion of the astacins is penta-coordinated by three histidine residues, a tyrosine residue and a water molecule in a trigonal bipyramidal geometry. Other remarkable common features are a hydrophobic cluster in the N-terminal domain and a conserved, solvent-filled cavity buried in the C-terminal domain. Most interestingly, the amino-termini of all astacins can be modelled to start in a corresponding internal water cavity as seen in the astacin template, where the terminal alanine residue forms a water-linked salt bridge to Glu103, directly adjacent to His102, the third zinc ligand. Therefore, an activation mechanism for the astacins reminiscent of that of the trypsin-like proteinases had been suggested, which now seems to be probable also for the other astacins.

Besides these common traits, there are some minor differences which may have important consequences on the function of the astacins. A striking example are variations in the presumed S', substrate-binding site, which binds the amino acid side chain on the C-terminal side of the scissile bond of the substrate. In this subsite the crayfish proteinase astacin prefers short, uncharged residues. By contrast, meprin A accepts bulky, charged side chains in this position. This difference presumably can be explained by both the replacement of Pro176 (astacin) by Gly176 (all other astacins) and the concomitant deletion of Tyr177 (all other astacins).

Interestingly, the three imidazole-zinc ligands are included in a consensus sequence (HEXXHX-XGXXH) which the astacins share with otherwise sequentially unrelated enzymes like vertebrate matrix metalloproteinases (**matrixins**), snake venom haemorrhagic toxins and certain large bacterial enzymes. Hence, a zinc ligation similar to that seen in astacin is probable also for these proteinases.

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:16:50 ON 09 DEC 2004)

FILE 'MEDLINE, EMBASE, BIOSIS, BIOTECHDS, SCISEARCH, HCAPLUS, NTIS, LIFESCI' ENTERED AT 13:17:17 ON 09 DEC 2004

L1 628423 S PEPTIDASE? OR PROTEINASE? OR PROTEASE?

L2 232488 S HUMAN AND L1
 L3 1461 S ZINC(A) METALLOPROTEASE?
 L4 3232 S ZINC AND L2
 L5 6823002 S CLON? OR EXPRESS? OR RECOMBINANT
 L6 1449 S L4 AND L5
 L7 4633 S MATRIXIN OR HEMOPEXIN
 L8 52 S L6 AND L7
 L9 31 DUP REM L8 (21 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
 L10 6055 S BRAIN (A)CANCER
 L11 1 S L6 AND L10
 L12 924 S ZINC (A)L1
 L13 0 S L12 AND L10
 L14 1 S L5 AND L1`2
 L15 169 S L5 AND L12
 L16 3 S L7 AND L15
 L17 3 DUP REM L16 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> dup rem l15

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L15

L18 87 DUP REM L15 (82 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 1-87 ibib

L18 ANSWER 1 OF 87 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 1
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004260200 MEDLINE
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 15158771
 TITLE: Down-regulation of gp63 in Leishmania amazonensis reduces its early development in Lutzomyia longipalpis.
 AUTHOR: Hajmova Martina; Chang Kwang-Poo; Kolli Bala; Volf Petr
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Parasitology, Faculty of Science, Charles University, Vinicna 7, Prague 2, Czech Republic.
 CONTRACT NUMBER: AI-20486 (NIAID)
 SOURCE: Microbes and infection / Institut Pasteur, (2004 Jun) 6 (7) 646-9.
 Journal code: 100883508. ISSN: 1286-4579.
 PUB. COUNTRY: France
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LANGUAGE: English
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
 ENTRY MONTH: 200408
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20040526
 Last Updated on STN: 20040813
 Entered Medline: 20040812

L18 ANSWER 2 OF 87 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2004 ELSEVIER INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.
 on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004259943 EMBASE
 TITLE: Thermal stabilization of penicillolysin, a thermolabile 19 kDa Zn (2+)-protease, obtained by site-directed mutagenesis.
 AUTHOR: Doi Y.; Akiyama H.; Yamada Y.; Ee C.E.; Lee B.R.; Ikeguchi M.; Ichishima E.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: E. Ichishima, Laboratory of Molecular Enzymology, Graduate School of Bioengineering, Soka University, Hachioji, Tokyo 192-8577, Japan. ichisima@t.soka.ac.jp
 SOURCE: Protein Engineering, Design and Selection, (2004) 17/3 (261-266).
 Refs: 32
 ISSN: 1741-0126 CODEN: PEDSBR
 COUNTRY: United Kingdom
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article
 FILE SEGMENT: 004 Microbiology
 LANGUAGE: English
 SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

L18 ANSWER 3 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:933415 SCISEARCH
THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 862DL
TITLE: The metal-binding motif of dipeptidyl peptidase III directly influences the enzyme activity in the copper derivative of dipeptidyl peptidase III
AUTHOR: Hirose J (Reprint); Kamigakiuchi H; Iwamoto H; Fujii H; Nakai M; Takenaka M; Kataoka R; Sugahara M; Yamamoto S; Fukasawa K M
CORPORATE SOURCE: Fukuyama Univ, Fac Life Sci & Biotechnol, Dept Appl Biol Sci, Gakuen Cho, Fukuyama, Hiroshima 7290292, Japan (Reprint); Fukuyama Univ, Fac Life Sci & Biotechnol, Dept Appl Biol Sci, Fukuyama, Hiroshima 7290292, Japan; Fukuyama Univ, Fac Life Sci & Biotechnol, Dept Biotechnol, Fukuyama, Hiroshima 7290292, Japan; Matsumoto Dent Univ, Sch Dent, Dept Oral Biochem, Nagano 3990781, Japan
COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: Japan
SOURCE: ARCHIVES OF BIOCHEMISTRY AND BIOPHYSICS, (1 NOV 2004) Vol. 431, No. 1, pp. 1-8.
Publisher: ELSEVIER SCIENCE INC, 360 PARK AVE SOUTH, NEW YORK, NY 10010-1710 USA.
ISSN: 0003-9861.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal
LANGUAGE: English
REFERENCE COUNT: 19
ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 4 OF 87 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN DUPLICATE 2

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003-24297 BIOTECHDS
TITLE: New polynucleotide encoding a **zinc protease** signature-containing protein polypeptide, useful for treating diseases, e.g. cancer, asthma, COPD or a CNS, genito-urinary, hematological or cardiovascular disorder; involving vector-mediated gene transfer and **expression** in host cell for use in therapy
AUTHOR: LIOU J
PATENT ASSIGNEE: BAYER AG
PATENT INFO: WO 2003070929 28 Aug 2003
APPLICATION INFO: WO 2003-EP1616 18 Feb 2003
PRIORITY INFO: US 2002-405303 23 Aug 2002; US 2002-357255 19 Feb 2002
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2003-671810 [63]

L18 ANSWER 5 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:915500 SCISEARCH
THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 733FP
TITLE: Critical amino acids in the active site of meprin metalloproteinases for substrate and peptide bond specificity
AUTHOR: Villa J P; Bertenshaw G P; Bond J S (Reprint)
CORPORATE SOURCE: Penn State Univ, Coll Med, Dept Biochem & Mol Biol, H171, Hershey, PA 17033 USA (Reprint); Penn State Univ, Coll Med, Dept Biochem & Mol Biol, Hershey, PA 17033 USA
COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: USA
SOURCE: JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (24 OCT 2003) Vol. 278, No. 43, pp. 42545-42550.
Publisher: AMER SOC BIOCHEMISTRY MOLECULAR BIOLOGY INC, 9650 ROCKVILLE PIKE, BETHESDA, MD 20814-3996 USA.
ISSN: 0021-9258.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal
LANGUAGE: English
REFERENCE COUNT: 32

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 6 OF 87 MEDLINE on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003401341 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 12916979
TITLE: Phosphorus-based SAHA analogues as histone deacetylase inhibitors.
AUTHOR: Kapustin Galina V; Fejer Gyorgy; Gronlund Jennifer L; McCafferty Dewey G; Seto Edward; Etzkorn Felicia A
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, Virginia Tech, Blacksburg, Virginia 24061-0212, USA.
CONTRACT NUMBER: R01 GM 65539 (NIGMS)
R01 GM52516 (NIGMS)
R01 GM58486 (NIGMS)
SOURCE: Organic letters, (2003 Aug 21) 5 (17) 3053-6.
Journal code: 100890393. ISSN: 1523-7060.
PUB. COUNTRY: United States
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 200311
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20030828
Last Updated on STN: 20031104
Entered Medline: 20031103

L18 ANSWER 7 OF 87 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 3
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003465785 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 12842980
TITLE: Active amino acids of the Kell blood group protein and model of the ectodomain based on the structure of neutral endopeptidase 24.11.
AUTHOR: Lee Soohie; Debnath Asim K; Redman Colvin M
CORPORATE SOURCE: Lindsley F. Kimball Research Institute, New York Blood Center, 310 E 67th St, New York, NY 10021, USA..
solee@nybloodcenter.org
CONTRACT NUMBER: HL54459 (NHLBI)
SOURCE: Blood, (2003 Oct 15) 102 (8) 3028-34.
Journal code: 7603509. ISSN: 0006-4971.
PUB. COUNTRY: United States
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 200311
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20031008
Last Updated on STN: 20031218
Entered Medline: 20031124

L18 ANSWER 8 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:844455 SCISEARCH
THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 723GW
TITLE: Amino acid sequence and crystal structure of BaP1, a metalloproteinase from Bothrops asper snake venom that exerts multiple tissue-damaging activities
AUTHOR: Watanabe L; Shannon J D; Valente R H; Rucavado A; Alape-Giron A; Kamiguti A S; Theakston R D G; Fox J W; Gutierrez J M (Reprint); Arni R K
CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ Costa Rica, Fac Microbiol, Inst Clodomiro Picado, San Jose, Costa Rica (Reprint); Univ Costa Rica, Escuela Med, Dept Bioquim, San Jose, Costa Rica; Univ Liverpool, Royal Liverpool Univ Hosp, Dept Haematol, Liverpool, Merseyside,

England; Univ Liverpool, Liverpool Sch Trop Med, Venom Res Unit, Liverpool L3 5QA, Merseyside, England; Fiocruz MS, Dept Fisiol & Farmacodinam, BR-21045900 Rio De Janeiro, Brazil; Univ Virginia, Hlth Sci Ctr, Dept Microbiol, Charlottesville, VA 22908 USA; UNESP, IBILCE, Dept Phys, BR-15054000 Sao Jose do Rio Preto, Brazil
COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: Costa Rica; England; Brazil; USA
SOURCE: PROTEIN SCIENCE, (OCT 2003) Vol. 12, No. 10, pp. 2273-2281

Publisher: COLD SPRING HARBOR LAB PRESS, PUBLICATIONS DEPT 500 SUNNYSIDE BLVD, WOODBURY, NY 11797-2924 USA.
ISSN: 0961-8368.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal
LANGUAGE: English
REFERENCE COUNT: 54
ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 9 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:500649 SCISEARCH
THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 688ER
TITLE: Differences in the activation mechanism between the alpha and beta subunits of human meprin
AUTHOR: Becker C; Kruse M N; Sloty K A; Kohler D; Harris J R; Rosmann S; Sterchi E E; Stocker W (Reprint)
CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ Munster, Inst Zoophysiol, Hindenburgpl 55, D-48143 Munster, Germany (Reprint); Univ Munster, Inst Zoophysiol, D-48143 Munster, Germany; Univ Mainz, Inst Zool, D-55099 Mainz, Germany; Univ Bern, Inst Biochem & Mol Biol, CH-3012 Bern, Switzerland
COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: Germany; Switzerland
SOURCE: BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (MAY 2003) Vol. 384, No. 5, pp. 825-831.
Publisher: WALTER DE GRUYTER & CO, GENTHINER STRASSE 13, D-10785 BERLIN, GERMANY.
ISSN: 1431-6730.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal
LANGUAGE: English
REFERENCE COUNT: 45
ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 10 OF 87 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 4
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003408100 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 12946361
TITLE: X-ray structure of isoaspartyl dipeptidase from E.coli: a dinuclear **zinc peptidase** evolved from amidohydrolases.
AUTHOR: Jozic Daniela; Kaiser Jens T; Huber Robert; Bode Wolfram; Maskos Klaus
CORPORATE SOURCE: Max-Planck-Institut fur Biochemie, Abteilung Strukturforschung, Am Klopferspitz 18a, D-82152 Martinsried, Germany.
SOURCE: Journal of molecular biology, (2003 Sep 5) 332 (1) 243-56.
Journal code: 2985088R. ISSN: 0022-2836.
PUB. COUNTRY: England; United Kingdom
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
OTHER SOURCE: PDB-1PO9; PDB-1POJ; PDB-1POK
ENTRY MONTH: 200310
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20030830
Last Updated on STN: 20031011
Entered Medline: 20031010

L18 ANSWER 11 OF 87 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:612822 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:392360
 TITLE: Stimulation of tissue transglutaminase activity by Clostridium botulinum neurotoxin type B
 AUTHOR(S): Moon, Yu Seok; Yang, Gi-Hyeok; Rhee, Sang-Dal; Jung, Hyun Ho
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Biological Science, Korea Advanced Institute of Science and Technology, Yusong, Daejeon, 305-701, S. Korea
 SOURCE: Journal of Microbiology (Seoul, Republic of Korea) (2003), 41(2), 161-164
 CODEN: JOMIFG; ISSN: 1225-8873
 PUBLISHER: Microbiological Society of Korea
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 REFERENCE COUNT: 18 THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L18 ANSWER 12 OF 87 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 5
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003298378 MEDLINE
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 12825352
 TITLE: Cloning and characterization of putative zinc protease genes of Ehrlichia canis.
 AUTHOR: Teng Ching-Hao; Barr Stephen C; Chang Yung-Fu
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Population Medicine and Diagnostic Sciences, College of Veterinary Medicine, Cornell University, Ithaca, NY 14853, USA.
 SOURCE: DNA sequence : journal of DNA sequencing and mapping, (2003 Apr) 14 (2) 109-21.
 Journal code: 9107800. ISSN: 1042-5179.
 PUB. COUNTRY: England: United Kingdom
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LANGUAGE: English
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
 ENTRY MONTH: 200401
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20030627
 Last Updated on STN: 20040116
 Entered Medline: 20040115

L18 ANSWER 13 OF 87 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:424624 BIOSIS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200300424624
 TITLE: The role of Leishmania surface metaloprotease gp63 in sand fly vector.
 AUTHOR(S): Hajmova, M. [Reprint Author]; Volf, P. [Reprint Author]; Kolli, B. K.; Chang, K.-P.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Charles University, Prague, Czech Republic
 SOURCE: Journal of Eukaryotic Microbiology, (March-April 2003) Vol. 50, No. 2, pp. 17A-18A. print.
 Meeting Info.: 32nd Annual Meeting of the Czech Section of the Society of Protozoologists. May, 2002. Society of Protozoologists.
 ISSN: 1066-5234 (ISSN print).
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; (Meeting)
 Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)
 LANGUAGE: English
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 17 Sep 2003
 Last Updated on STN: 17 Sep 2003

L18 ANSWER 14 OF 87 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:64532 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200300064532
TITLE: The ADAMs family of metalloproteases: Multidomain proteins with multiple functions.
AUTHOR(S): Seals, Darren F.; Courtneidge, Sara A. [Reprint Author]
CORPORATE SOURCE: Van Andel Research Institute, Grand Rapids, MI, 49503, USA
sara.courtneidge@vai.org
SOURCE: Genes & Development, (January 1 2003) Vol. 17, No. 1, pp. 7-30. print.
CODEN: GEDEEP. ISSN: 0890-9369.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
General Review; (Literature Review)
LANGUAGE: English
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 29 Jan 2003
Last Updated on STN: 29 Jan 2003

L18 ANSWER 15 OF 87 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003-13613 BIOTECHDS
TITLE: Isolated human or murine Zace2 polypeptide useful for reducing inflammation in conditions such as inflammatory bowel disease, arthritis, enterocolitis, ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease;
recombinant protein production and antibody for use in disease gene therapy
AUTHOR: PIDDINGTON C S; PETRIE C; SHOEMAKER K E; BISHOP P D
PATENT ASSIGNEE: ZYMOGENETICS INC
PATENT INFO: US 2002177211 28 Nov 2002
APPLICATION INFO: US 2001-978385 16 Oct 2001
PRIORITY INFO: US 2001-978385 16 Oct 2001; US 1999-133952 13 May 1999
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2003-328489 [31]

L18 ANSWER 16 OF 87 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-11328 BIOTECHDS
TITLE: Novel isolated metalloproteinase polypeptide, termed Zace1, for treating inflammatory bowel disease e.g. Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, and diseases associated with inflammation e.g. arthritis, enterocolitis;
vector-mediated metallo protease gene transfer, **expression** in host cell and antibody for **recombinant** protein production and drug screening
AUTHOR: SHEPPARD P O
PATENT ASSIGNEE: SHEPPARD P O
PATENT INFO: US 2002001583 3 Jan 2002
APPLICATION INFO: US 1998-846996 25 Nov 1998
PRIORITY INFO: US 2001-846996 1 May 2001
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2002-204857 [26]

L18 ANSWER 17 OF 87 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:353597 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:365216
TITLE: **Recombinant** light chains of botulinum neurotoxins and light chain fusion proteins for use in research and clinical therapy
INVENTOR(S): Smith, Leonard A.; Jensen, Melody
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): United States Army Medical Research and Materiel Command, USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 166 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002036758	A2	20020510	WO 2001-US47230	20011106
WO 2002036758	A3	20040219		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 2003009025	A1	20030109	US 2001-910186	20010720
CA 2428270	AA	20020510	CA 2001-2428270	20011106
AU 2002028887	A5	20020515	AU 2002-28887	20011106
EP 1409529	A2	20040421	EP 2001-990010	20011106
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2000-246774P	P 20001106
			US 2001-910186	A 20010720
			US 2001-311966P	P 20010809
			US 1999-133865P	P 19990512
			US 1999-133866P	P 19990512
			US 1999-133867P	P 19990512
			US 1999-133868P	P 19990512
			US 1999-133869P	P 19990512
			US 1999-133873P	P 19990512
			US 1999-146192P	P 19990729
			WO 2000-US12890	W 20000512
			US 2000-611419	A1 20000706
			WO 2001-US47230	W 20011106

L18 ANSWER 18 OF 87 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:51609 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:113829

TITLE: Human oligopeptidase A-like enzyme and cDNA and their use in drug screening and cancer diagnosis and treatment

INVENTOR(S): Ramakrishnan, Shyam

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Bayer Aktiengesellschaft, Germany

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 78 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002004608	A2	20020117	WO 2001-EP7583	20010703
WO 2002004608	A3	20020620		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2000-216351P

P 20000705

L18 ANSWER 19 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:686394 SCISEARCH

THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 582GX

TITLE: Contribution of molecular modeling and site-directed
mutagenesis to the identification of two structural
residues, Arg-220 and Asp-227, in aminopeptidase A

AUTHOR: Rozenfeld R; Iturrioz X; Maigret B; Llorens-Cortes C
(Reprint)

CORPORATE SOURCE: Coll France, INSERM, Unite 36, 11 Pl Marcelin Berthelot,
F-75005 Paris, France (Reprint); Coll France, INSERM,
Unite 36, F-75005 Paris, France; Univ Nancy 1, CNRS, UMR
7565, Chim Theor Lab, F-54506 Vandoeuvre Les Nancy, France

COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: France

SOURCE: JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (9 AUG 2002) Vol. 277,
No. 32, pp. 29242-29252.

Publisher: AMER SOC BIOCHEMISTRY MOLECULAR BIOLOGY INC,
9650 ROCKVILLE PIKE, BETHESDA, MD 20814-3996 USA.

ISSN: 0021-9258.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal

LANGUAGE: English

REFERENCE COUNT: 42

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 20 OF 87 MEDLINE on STN

DUPLICATE 6

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002054087 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 11675384

TITLE: Leukotriene A4 hydrolase/aminopeptidase. Glutamate 271 is a
catalytic residue with specific roles in two distinct
enzyme mechanisms.

AUTHOR: Rudberg Peter C; Tholander Fredrik; Thunnissen Marjolein M
G M; Haeggstrom Jesper Z

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Medical Biochemistry and Biophysics, Division
of Chemistry II, Karolinska Institutet, S-171 77 Stockholm,
Sweden.

SOURCE: Journal of biological chemistry, (2002 Jan 11) 277 (2)
1398-404.

Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200202

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20020125

Last Updated on STN: 20030105

Entered Medline: 20020207

L18 ANSWER 21 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:900903 SCISEARCH

THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 589BH

TITLE: Probing the active sites and mechanisms of rat
metalloproteases meprin A and B

AUTHOR: Bertenshaw G P; Villa J P; Hengst J A; Bond J S (Reprint)

CORPORATE SOURCE: Penn State Univ, Coll Med, Dept Biochem & Mol Biol,
Hershey, PA 17033 USA (Reprint)

COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: USA

SOURCE: BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (JUL-AUG 2002) Vol. 383, No. 7-8,
pp. 1175-1183.

Publisher: WALTER DE GRUYTER & CO, GENTHINER STRASSE 13,
D-10785 BERLIN, GERMANY.

ISSN: 1431-6730.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal
LANGUAGE: English
REFERENCE COUNT: 43
ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 22 OF 87 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 7
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002681098 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 12441103
TITLE: Activation mechanism of pro-astacin: role of the
pro-peptide, tryptic and autoproteolytic cleavage and
importance of precise amino-terminal processing.
AUTHOR: Yiallourous Irene; Kappelhoff Reinhild; Schilling Oliver;
Wegmann Frank; Helms Mike W; Auge Astrid; Brachtendorf
Gertrud; Berkhoff Eva Grosse; Beermann Bernd; Hinz Hans
Jurgen; Konig Simone; Peter-Katalinic Jasna; Stocker Walter
CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Zoophysiology, University of Munster,
Hindenburgplatz 55, Munster, Germany.
SOURCE: Journal of molecular biology, (2002 Nov 22) 324 (2) 237-46.
Journal code: 2985088R. ISSN: 0022-2836.
PUB. COUNTRY: England: United Kingdom
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 200212
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20021121
Last Updated on STN: 20021227
Entered Medline: 20021223

L18 ANSWER 23 OF 87 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on
STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:584905 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200200584905
TITLE: Regulation of hemagglutinin/protease production in *Vibrio*
cholerae.
AUTHOR(S): Silva, A. J. [Reprint author]; Benitez, J. A. [Reprint
author]
CORPORATE SOURCE: California State University, Fresno, CA, USA
SOURCE: Abstracts of the General Meeting of the American Society
for Microbiology, (2002) Vol. 102, pp. 73. print.
Meeting Info.: 102nd General Meeting of the American
Society for Microbiology. Salt Lake City, UT, USA. May
19-23, 2002. American Society for Microbiology.
ISSN: 1060-2011.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; (Meeting)
Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)
LANGUAGE: English
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 13 Nov 2002
Last Updated on STN: 30 Dec 2002

L18 ANSWER 24 OF 87 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-11684 BIOTECHDS
TITLE: New polypeptide-human ATP dependent membrane conjugated
zinc proteinase 10.45 and polynucleotide
for encoding such polypeptide;
vector-mediated gene transfer and **expression** in
host cell for **recombinant** protein production and
disease therapy
AUTHOR: MAO Y; XIE Y
PATENT ASSIGNEE: BODE GENE DEV CO LTD SHANGHAI
PATENT INFO: CN 1327066 19 Dec 2001
APPLICATION INFO: CN 2000-116334 5 Jun 2000
PRIORITY INFO: CN 2000-116334 5 Jun 2000
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Chinese

OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2002-206994 [27]

L18 ANSWER 25 OF 87 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:115319 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:173907

TITLE: Proteins, nucleic acids, and antibodies for mammalian zinc metalloprotease subfamily members ADAMTS-5 through ADAMTS-10 and the related protein ADAMTS-R1

INVENTOR(S): Apte, Suneel S.; Hurskainen, Tiina L.; Hirohata, Satoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cleveland Clinic Foundation, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 181 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001011074	A2	20010215	WO 2000-US21223	20000803
WO 2001011074	C2	20020912		
W:	AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
US 6391610	B1	20020521	US 1999-369364	19990806
AU 2000065160	A5	20010305	AU 2000-65160	20000803
US 2002110894	A1	20020815	US 2001-918171	20010730
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-369364	A 19990806
			WO 2000-US21223	W 20000803

L18 ANSWER 26 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:562978 SCISEARCH

THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 451VP

TITLE: Identification of amino acid residues in bone morphogenetic protein-1 important for procollagen C-proteinase activity

AUTHOR: Garrigue-Antar L; Barker C; Kadler K E (Reprint)

CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ Manchester, Sch Biol Sci, Wellcome Trust Ctr Cell Matrix Res, 2-205 Stopford Bldg, Oxford Rd, Manchester M13 9PT, Lancs, England (Reprint); Univ Manchester, Sch Biol Sci, Wellcome Trust Ctr Cell Matrix Res, Manchester M13 9PT, Lancs, England

COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: England

SOURCE: JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (13 JUL 2001) Vol. 276, No. 28, pp. 26237-26242.

Publisher: AMER SOC BIOCHEMISTRY MOLECULAR BIOLOGY INC, 9650 ROCKVILLE PIKE, BETHESDA, MD 20814 USA.

ISSN: 0021-9258.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal

LANGUAGE: English

REFERENCE COUNT: 35

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 27 OF 87 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:141131 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:292554

TITLE: A zinc finger-containing papain-like protease couples subgenomic mRNA synthesis to genome translation in a positive-stranded RNA virus

AUTHOR(S): Tijms, Marieke A.; Van Dinten, Leonie C.; Gorbalenya, Alexander E.; Snijder, Eric J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Virology, Center of Infectious Diseases, Leiden University Medical Center, Leiden, 2300 RC, Neth.

SOURCE: Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America (2001), 98(4), 1889-1894
CODEN: PNASA6; ISSN: 0027-8424

PUBLISHER: National Academy of Sciences

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

REFERENCE COUNT: 47 THERE ARE 47 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L18 ANSWER 28 OF 87 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 8

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001343387 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 11406201

TITLE: Up-regulation of TNF-alpha convertase (TACE/ADAM17) after oxygen-glucose deprivation in rat forebrain slices.

AUTHOR: Hurtado O; Cardenas A; Lizasoain I; Bosca L; Leza J C; Lorenzo P; Moro M A

CORPORATE SOURCE: Departamento de Farmacologia, Facultad de Medicina, Universidad Complutense de Madrid (UCM), 28040 Madrid, Spain.

SOURCE: Neuropharmacology, (2001 Jun) 40 (8) 1094-102.
Journal code: 0236217. ISSN: 0028-3908.

PUB. COUNTRY: England: United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200109

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010910
Last Updated on STN: 20010910
Entered Medline: 20010906

L18 ANSWER 29 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:833486 SCISEARCH

THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 481TP

TITLE: Crystal structure of human macrophage elastase (MMP-12) in complex with a hydroxamic acid inhibitor

AUTHOR: Nar H (Reprint); Werle K; Bauer M M T; Dollinger H; Jung B

CORPORATE SOURCE: Boehringer Ingelheim Pharma KG, Dept Med Chem, Biberach, Germany (Reprint); SibTeq Stable Isotope Biotech GmbH, Munich, Germany; Boehringer Ingelheim Pharma KG, Dept Pulm Dis, Ingelheim, Germany

COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: Germany

SOURCE: JOURNAL OF MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, (28 SEP 2001) Vol. 312, No. 4, pp. 743-751.
Publisher: ACADEMIC PRESS LTD, 24-28 OVAL RD, LONDON NW1 7DX, ENGLAND.
ISSN: 0022-2836.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal

LANGUAGE: English

REFERENCE COUNT: 34

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 30 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:719419 SCISEARCH

THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 470NK

TITLE: Mutational analysis of the proteolytic domain of pregnancy-associated plasma protein-A (PAPP-A): classification as a metzincin
 AUTHOR: Boldt H B; Overgaard M T; Laursen L S; Weyer K; Sottrup-Jensen L; Oxvig C (Reprint)
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Aarhus Univ, Dept Biol Mol & Struct, Sci Pk, Gustav Wieds Vej 10C, DK-8000 Aarhus C, Denmark (Reprint); Aarhus Univ, Dept Biol Mol & Struct, DK-8000 Aarhus C, Denmark
 COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: Denmark
 SOURCE: BIOCHEMICAL JOURNAL, (1 SEP 2001) Vol. 358, Part 2, pp. 359-367.
 Publisher: PORTLAND PRESS, 59 PORTLAND PLACE, LONDON W1N 3AJ, ENGLAND.
 ISSN: 0264-6021.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 REFERENCE COUNT: 44
 ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 31 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
 on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:928321 SCISEARCH
 THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 492DD
 TITLE: Progress in the design of matrix metalloproteinase inhibitors
 AUTHOR: Cheng F (Reprint); Liu H; Luo X M; Jiang H L; Shen J K; Chen K X; Ji R Y
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Chinese Acad Sci, Shanghai Inst Mat Med, Shanghai 200031, Peoples R China (Reprint)
 COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: Peoples R China
 SOURCE: PROGRESS IN CHEMISTRY, (JUL 2001) Vol. 13, No. 4, pp. 283-293.
 Publisher: CHINESE ACAD SCIENCES, NO. 8 KEXUEYUANNANLU, ZHONGGUANCUN, BEIJING 100080, PEOPLES R CHINA.
 ISSN: 1005-281X.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal
 LANGUAGE: Chinese
 REFERENCE COUNT: 38
 ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 32 OF 87 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 9
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001234744 MEDLINE
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 11223883
 TITLE: The neprilysin (NEP) family of zinc metalloendopeptidases: genomics and function.
 AUTHOR: Turner A J; Isaac R E; Coates D
 CORPORATE SOURCE: School of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, University of Leeds, Leeds, UK.. a.j.turner@leeds.ac.uk
 SOURCE: BioEssays : news and reviews in molecular, cellular and developmental biology, (2001 Mar) 23 (3) 261-9. Ref: 69
 Journal code: 8510851. ISSN: 0265-9247.
 PUB. COUNTRY: England: United Kingdom
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 General Review; (REVIEW)
 (REVIEW, TUTORIAL)
 LANGUAGE: English
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
 ENTRY MONTH: 200105
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010517
 Last Updated on STN: 20010517
 Entered Medline: 20010503

L18 ANSWER 33 OF 87 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:199928 HCAPLUS

TITLE: Computational study on the reaction mechanism of histone deacetylases
AUTHOR(S): Wang, Di-Fei; Helquist, Paul; Wiech, Norbert L.; Wiest, Olaf G.; Oliver, A. Jayne
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of Notre Dame, Notre Dame, IN, 46556, USA
SOURCE: Abstracts of Papers, 221st ACS National Meeting, San Diego, CA, United States, April 1-5, 2001 (2001)
COMP-139
CODEN: 69FZD4
PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Meeting Abstract
LANGUAGE: English

L18 ANSWER 34 OF 87 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:355176 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200100355176
TITLE: Heterologous **expression** and functional analysis of the human **zinc peptidase** meprin.
AUTHOR(S): Kruse, M.-N. [Reprint author]; Koehler, D.; Slotty, K. A. [Reprint author]; Sterchi, E. E.; Stoecker, W. [Reprint author]
CORPORATE SOURCE: Institut fuer Zoophysiologie, Molekulare Physiologie, Universitaet Muenster, Muenster, Germany
SOURCE: Zoology (Jena), (2001) Vol. 103, No. Supplement 3, pp. 87. print.
Meeting Info.: 93rd Annual Meeting of the Deutsche Zoologische Gesellschaft. Bonn, Germany. June 12-16, 2000. Deutsche Zoologische Gesellschaft.
ISSN: 0944-2006.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; (Meeting)
Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)
LANGUAGE: English
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 2 Aug 2001
Last Updated on STN: 19 Feb 2002

L18 ANSWER 35 OF 87 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:324025 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200000324025
TITLE: Characterization of the zinc binding activity of the rubella virus nonstructural protease.
AUTHOR(S): Liu, Xin; Yang, Jenny; Ghazi, A. Mohamad; Frey, Teryl K. [Reprint author]
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Biology, Georgia State University, Atlanta, GA, 30303, USA
SOURCE: Journal of Virology, (July, 2000) Vol. 74, No. 13, pp. 5949-5956. print.
CODEN: JOVIAM. ISSN: 0022-538X.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
LANGUAGE: English
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 2 Aug 2000
Last Updated on STN: 7 Jan 2002

L18 ANSWER 36 OF 87 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2004 ELSEVIER INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000290148 EMBASE
TITLE: Cocrystal structure of synaptobrevin-II bound to botulinum neurotoxin type B at 2.0 Å resolution.
AUTHOR: Hanson M.A.; Stevens R.C.
CORPORATE SOURCE: R.C. Stevens, Dept. of Chem. and Molecular Biology, Scripps Research Institute, San Diego, CA 92037, United States.
stevens@scripps.edu

SOURCE: Nature Structural Biology, (2000) 7/8 (687-692).
ISSN: 1072-8368 CODEN: NSBIEW
COUNTRY: United States
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article
FILE SEGMENT: 029 Clinical Biochemistry
LANGUAGE: English
SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

L18 ANSWER 37 OF 87 LIFESCI COPYRIGHT 2004 CSA on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:7981 LIFESCI
TITLE: Differential **expression** of GP63 genes in
Trypanosoma cruzi
AUTHOR: Grandgenett, P.M.; Coughlin, B.C.; Kirchhoff, L.V.;
Donelson, J.E.*
CORPORATE SOURCE: Genetics Ph.D. Program, University of Iowa, Iowa City, IA
52242, USA; E-mail: john-donelson@uiowa.edu
SOURCE: Molecular and Biochemical Parasitology [Mol. Biochem.
Parasitol.], (20001000) vol. 110, no. 2, pp. 409-415.
ISSN: 0166-6851.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
FILE SEGMENT: G; K
LANGUAGE: English

L18 ANSWER 38 OF 87 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:490736 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:217801
TITLE: Mutations in the Arabidopsis VAR2 locus cause leaf
variegation due to the loss of a chloroplast FtsH
protease
AUTHOR(S): Chen, Meng; Choi, YangDo; Voytas, Daniel F.; Rodermel,
Steve
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Botany, Iowa State University, Ames, IA,
50011, USA
SOURCE: Plant Journal (2000), 22(4), 303-313
CODEN: PLJUED; ISSN: 0960-7412
PUBLISHER: Blackwell Science Ltd.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
REFERENCE COUNT: 56 THERE ARE 56 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L18 ANSWER 39 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:32578 SCISEARCH
THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 388AA
TITLE: Chimeric derivative of fibrolase, a fibrinolytic enzyme
from southern copperhead venom, possesses inhibitory
activity on platelet aggregation
AUTHOR: Swenson S; Bush L R; Markland F S (Reprint)
CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ So Calif, Keck Sch Med, Dept Biochem & Mol Biol, Los
Angeles, CA 90033 USA (Reprint); Univ So Calif, Keck Sch
Med, Kenneth Norris Jr Comprehensive Canc Ctr, Los Angeles,
CA 90033 USA; Diatide Inc, Londondery, NH 03053 USA
COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: USA
SOURCE: ARCHIVES OF BIOCHEMISTRY AND BIOPHYSICS, (15 DEC 2000)
Vol. 384, No. 2, pp. 227-237.
Publisher: ACADEMIC PRESS INC, 525 B ST, STE 1900, SAN
DIEGO, CA 92101-4495 USA.
ISSN: 0003-9861.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal
LANGUAGE: English
REFERENCE COUNT: 52
ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 40 OF 87 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 10
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001061083 MEDLINE
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 11078883
 TITLE: The roles of Glu93 and Tyr149 in astacin-like zinc
 peptidases.
 AUTHOR: Yiallourous I; Grosse Berkhoff E; Stocker W
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Zoophysiology, University of Munster,
 Hindenburgplatz 55, D-48143, Munster, Germany..
 yiallou@uni-muenster.de
 SOURCE: FEBS letters, (2000 Nov 10) 484 (3) 224-8.
 Journal code: 0155157. ISSN: 0014-5793.
 PUB. COUNTRY: Netherlands
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LANGUAGE: English
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
 ENTRY MONTH: 200012
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010322
 Last Updated on STN: 20010322
 Entered Medline: 20001222

L18 ANSWER 41 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
 on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:235391 SCISEARCH
 THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 295ZL
 TITLE: Structure and function of the methionine aminopeptidases
 AUTHOR: Lowther W T; Matthews B W (Reprint)
 CORPORATE SOURCE: UNIV OREGON, HOWARD HUGHES MED INST, INST MOL BIOL,
 EUGENE, OR 97403 (Reprint); UNIV OREGON, HOWARD HUGHES MED
 INST, INST MOL BIOL, EUGENE, OR 97403; UNIV OREGON, DEPT
 PHYS, EUGENE, OR 97403
 COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: USA
 SOURCE: BIOCHIMICA ET BIOPHYSICA ACTA-PROTEIN STRUCTURE AND
 MOLECULAR ENZYMOLOGY, (7 MAR 2000) Vol. 1477, No. 1-2, pp.
 157-167.
 Publisher: ELSEVIER SCIENCE BV, PO BOX 211, 1000 AE
 AMSTERDAM, NETHERLANDS.
 ISSN: 0167-4838.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: General Review; Journal
 FILE SEGMENT: LIFE
 LANGUAGE: English
 REFERENCE COUNT: 66
 ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 42 OF 87 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:466933 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:239681
 TITLE: A human RNA viral cysteine proteinase that depends
 upon a unique Zn2+-binding finger connecting the two
 domains of a papain-like fold
 AUTHOR(S): Herold, Jens; Siddell, Stuart G.; Gorbalenya,
 Alexander E.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Virology and Immunology, University of
 Wurzburg, Wurzburg, 97078, Germany
 SOURCE: Journal of Biological Chemistry (1999), 274(21),
 14918-14925
 CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258
 PUBLISHER: American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular
 Biology
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 REFERENCE COUNT: 86 THERE ARE 86 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L18 ANSWER 43 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.

on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:497860 SCISEARCH
THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 208XB
TITLE: Escherichia coli methionine aminopeptidase: Implications of crystallographic analyses of the native, mutant, and inhibited enzymes for the mechanism of catalysis
AUTHOR: Lowther W T; Orville A M; Madden D T; Lim S J; Rich D H; Matthews B W (Reprint)
CORPORATE SOURCE: UNIV OREGON, HOWARD HUGHES MED INST, INST MOL BIOL, 1229 UNIV OREGON, EUGENE, OR 97403 (Reprint); UNIV OREGON, HOWARD HUGHES MED INST, INST MOL BIOL, EUGENE, OR 97403; UNIV OREGON, DEPT PHYS, EUGENE, OR 97403; UNIV WISCONSIN, DEPT CHEM, MADISON, WI 53706; UNIV WISCONSIN, SCH PHARM, MADISON, WI 53706
COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: USA
SOURCE: BIOCHEMISTRY, (15 JUN 1999) Vol. 38, No. 24, pp. 7678-7688

Publisher: AMER CHEMICAL SOC, 1155 16TH ST, NW, WASHINGTON, DC 20036.
ISSN: 0006-2960.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal
FILE SEGMENT: LIFE
LANGUAGE: English
REFERENCE COUNT: 61

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 44 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:427499 SCISEARCH
THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 201KL
TITLE: Enhancement of the endopeptidase activity of botulinum neurotoxin by its associated proteins and dithiothreitol
AUTHOR: Cai S O; Sarkar H K; Singh B R (Reprint)
CORPORATE SOURCE: UNIV MASSACHUSETTS, DEPT CHEM & BIOCHEM, 285 OLD WESTPORT RD, N DARTMOUTH, MA 02747 (Reprint); UNIV MASSACHUSETTS, DEPT CHEM & BIOCHEM, N DARTMOUTH, MA 02747; UNIV MASSACHUSETTS, CTR MARINE SCI & TECHNOL, N DARTMOUTH, MA 02747; BAYLOR COLL MED, DEPT MOL PHYSIOL & BIOPHYS, HOUSTON, TX 77030
COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: USA
SOURCE: BIOCHEMISTRY, (25 MAY 1999) Vol. 38, No. 21, pp. 6903-6910

Publisher: AMER CHEMICAL SOC, 1155 16TH ST, NW, WASHINGTON, DC 20036.
ISSN: 0006-2960.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal
FILE SEGMENT: LIFE
LANGUAGE: English
REFERENCE COUNT: 42

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 45 OF 87 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 11

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000053900 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 10585873
TITLE: cDNA cloning, bacterial expression, in vitro renaturation and affinity purification of the zinc endopeptidase astacin.
AUTHOR: Reyda S; Jacob E; Zwilling R; Stocker W
CORPORATE SOURCE: Zoologisches Institut, Universitat Heidelberg, Im Neuenheimer Feld 230, D-69120 Heidelberg, Germany.
SOURCE: Biochemical journal, (1999 Dec 15) 344 Pt 3 851-7. Journal code: 2984726R. ISSN: 0264-6021.
PUB. COUNTRY: ENGLAND: United Kingdom
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
OTHER SOURCE: GENBANK-AJ242595
ENTRY MONTH: 200003
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20000330
Last Updated on STN: 20000330
Entered Medline: 20000317

L18 ANSWER 46 OF 87 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 12
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999235565 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 10220159
TITLE: Characterization of a chromosomally encoded glycylglycine
endopeptidase of Staphylococcus aureus.
AUTHOR: Ramadurai L; Lockwood K J; Nadakavukaren M J; Jayaswal R K
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Biological Sciences, Illinois State
University, Normal 61790-4120, USA.
SOURCE: Microbiology (Reading, England), (1999 Apr) 145 (Pt 4)
801-8.
Journal code: 9430468. ISSN: 1350-0872.
PUB. COUNTRY: ENGLAND: United Kingdom
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 199909
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19990921
Last Updated on STN: 20000303
Entered Medline: 19990908

L18 ANSWER 47 OF 87 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:428884 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:210810
TITLE: Enzymatic action of human glandular kallikrein 2
(hK2). Substrate specificity and regulation by Zn²⁺
and extracellular protease inhibitors
AUTHOR(S): Lovgren, Janita; Airas, Kalervo; Lilja, Hans
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Laboratory Medicine, Division of
Clinical Chemistry, Lund University, Malmo, Swed.
SOURCE: European Journal of Biochemistry (1999), 262(3),
781-789
CODEN: EJBCAI; ISSN: 0014-2956
PUBLISHER: Blackwell Science Ltd.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
REFERENCE COUNT: 58 THERE ARE 58 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L18 ANSWER 48 OF 87 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 13
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000026098 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 10556534
TITLE: Second transmembrane segment of FtsH plays a role in its
proteolytic activity and homo-oligomerization.
COMMENT: Erratum in: FEBS Lett 2000 Feb 11;467(2-3):365. Makinoa
T[corrected to Makino T]
AUTHOR: Makino S; Makino T; Abe K; Hashimoto J; Tatsuta T; Kitagawa
M; Mori H; Ogura T; Fujii T; Fushinobu S; Wakagi T;
Matsuzawa H; Makinoa T
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Biotechnology, The University of Tokyo, 1-1-1
Yayoi, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo, . Japan.smakino@nibh.go.jp
SOURCE: FEBS letters, (1999 Nov 5) 460 (3) 554-8.
Journal code: 0155157. ISSN: 0014-5793.
PUB. COUNTRY: Netherlands
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 199912
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20000113
Last Updated on STN: 20021218
Entered Medline: 19991222

L18 ANSWER 49 OF 87 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 14
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998395014 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 9726890
TITLE: Genetic characterization and physiological role of
endopeptidase O from Lactobacillus helveticus CNRZ32.
AUTHOR: Chen Y S; Steele J L
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Food Science, University of
Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, Wisconsin 53706, USA.
SOURCE: Applied and environmental microbiology, (1998 Sep) 64 (9)
3411-5.
Journal code: 7605801. ISSN: 0099-2240.
PUB. COUNTRY: United States
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
OTHER SOURCE: GENBANK-AF019410
ENTRY MONTH: 199810
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19990106
Last Updated on STN: 20000303
Entered Medline: 19981030

L18 ANSWER 50 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:796437 SCISEARCH
THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 127YJ
TITLE: Structural characterizations of nonpeptidic thiadiazole
inhibitors of matrix metalloproteinases reveal the basis
for stromelysin selectivity
AUTHOR: Finzel B C (Reprint); Baldwin E T; Bryant G L; Hess G F;
Wilks J W; Trepod C M; Mott J E; Marshall V P; Petzold G
L; Poorman R A; OSullivan T J; Schostarez H J; Mitchell M
A
CORPORATE SOURCE: PHARMACIA & UPJOHN INC, STRUCT ANALYT & MED CHEM,
KALAMAZOO, MI 49007 (Reprint); PHARMACIA & UPJOHN INC,
CELL & MOL BIOL, KALAMAZOO, MI 49007; PHARMACIA & UPJOHN
INC, BIOPROC RES PREPARAT, KALAMAZOO, MI 49007; PHARMACIA
& UPJOHN INC, PROT SCI, KALAMAZOO, MI 49007; PHARMACIA &
UPJOHN INC, MED CHEM, KALAMAZOO, MI 49007
COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: USA
SOURCE: PROTEIN SCIENCE, (OCT 1998) Vol. 7, No. 10, pp. 2118-2126.
Publisher: CAMBRIDGE UNIV PRESS, 40 WEST 20TH STREET, NEW
YORK, NY 10011-4211.
ISSN: 0961-8368.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal
FILE SEGMENT: LIFE
LANGUAGE: English
REFERENCE COUNT: 42
ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 51 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:695245 SCISEARCH
THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 116RN
TITLE: Matrix metalloproteinases: structures, evolution, and
diversification
AUTHOR: Massova I; Kotra L P; Fridman R; Mobashery S (Reprint)
CORPORATE SOURCE: WAYNE STATE UNIV, DEPT CHEM, DETROIT, MI 48202 (Reprint);
WAYNE STATE UNIV, DEPT CHEM, DETROIT, MI 48202; WAYNE
STATE UNIV, DEPT PATHOL, DETROIT, MI 48202; WAYNE STATE

COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: UNIV, KARMANOS CANC INST, DETROIT, MI 48202
SOURCE: USA
FASEB JOURNAL, (SEP 1998) Vol. 12, No. 12, pp. 1075-1095.
Publisher: FEDERATION AMER SOC EXP BIOL, 9650 ROCKVILLE
PIKE, BETHESDA, MD 20814-3998.
ISSN: 0892-6638.
DOCUMENT TYPE: General Review; Journal
FILE SEGMENT: LIFE
LANGUAGE: English
REFERENCE COUNT: 58
ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 52 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:643483 SCISEARCH
THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 111QQ
TITLE: Bacteriolytic activity and specificity of Achromobacter
beta-lytic protease
AUTHOR: Li S L (Reprint); Norioka S; Sakiyama F
CORPORATE SOURCE: OSAKA UNIV, INST PROT RES, DIV PROT CHEM, 2-2 YAMADAOKA,
SUITA, OSAKA 5650871, JAPAN (Reprint)
COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: JAPAN
SOURCE: JOURNAL OF BIOCHEMISTRY, (AUG 1998) Vol. 124, No. 2, pp.
332-339.
Publisher: JAPANESE BIOCHEMICAL SOC, ISHIKAWA BLDG-3F,
25-16 HONGO-5-CHOME, BUNKYO-KU, TOKYO 113, JAPAN.
ISSN: 0021-924X.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal
FILE SEGMENT: LIFE
LANGUAGE: English
REFERENCE COUNT: 22
ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 53 OF 87 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:70610 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:241178
TITLE: Dipeptidyl peptidase III is a zinc
metallo-exopeptidase, Molecular **cloning** and
expression
AUTHOR(S): Fukasawa, Katsuhiko; Fukasawa, Kayoko M.; Kanai,
Makoto; Fujii, Shingo; Hirose, Junzo; Harada, Minoru
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Oral Biochemistry, Matsumoto Dental
College, Nagano, 399-07, Japan
SOURCE: Biochemical Journal (1998), 329(2), 275-282
CODEN: BIJOAK; ISSN: 0264-6021
PUBLISHER: Portland Press Ltd.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
REFERENCE COUNT: 34 THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L18 ANSWER 54 OF 87 MEDLINE on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998062321 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 9398337
TITLE: Site-directed mutagenesis of the active site glutamate in
human matrilysin: investigation of its role in catalysis.
AUTHOR: Cha J; Auld D S
CORPORATE SOURCE: Center for Biochemical and Biophysical Sciences and
Medicine, Harvard Medical School, Boston, Massachusetts
02115, USA.
CONTRACT NUMBER: GM-53265 (NIGMS)
SOURCE: Biochemistry, (1997 Dec 16) 36 (50) 16019-24.
Journal code: 0370623. ISSN: 0006-2960.
PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 199801
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19980206
Last Updated on STN: 20000303
Entered Medline: 19980127

L18 ANSWER 55 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 97:591363 SCISEARCH
THE GENUINE ARTICLE: XP073
TITLE: Effects of pH, temperature, and alcohols on the remarkable
activation of thermolysin by salts
AUTHOR: Inouye K (Reprint); Lee S B; Nambu K; Tonomura B
CORPORATE SOURCE: KYOTO UNIV, FAC AGR, DEPT FOOD SCI & TECHNOL, SAKYO KU,
KYOTO 60601, JAPAN (Reprint)
COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: JAPAN
SOURCE: JOURNAL OF BIOCHEMISTRY, (AUG 1997) Vol. 122, No. 2, pp.
358-364.
Publisher: JAPANESE BIOCHEMICAL SOC, ISHIKAWA BLDG-3F,
25-16 HONGO-5-CHOME, BUNKYO-KU, TOKYO 113, JAPAN.
ISSN: 0021-924X.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal
FILE SEGMENT: LIFE
LANGUAGE: English
REFERENCE COUNT: 46

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 56 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 97:524256 SCISEARCH
THE GENUINE ARTICLE: XJ247
TITLE: 1.8-angstrom crystal structure of the catalytic domain of
human neutrophil collagenase (matrix metalloproteinase-8)
complexed with a peptidomimetic hydroxamate prime-side
inhibitor with a distinct selectivity profile
AUTHOR: Betz M; Huxley P; Davies S J; Mushtaq Y; Pieper M;
Tschesche H; Bode W; GomisRuth F X (Reprint)
CORPORATE SOURCE: CSIC, CTR INVEST, JORDI GIRONA 18-26, E-08034 BARCELONA,
SPAIN (Reprint); MAX PLANCK INST BIOCHEM, PLANEGG,
GERMANY; BRITISH BIOTECH PHARMACEUT LTD, OXFORD, ENGLAND;
UNIV BIELEFELD, D-4800 BIELEFELD, GERMANY
COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: SPAIN; GERMANY; ENGLAND
SOURCE: EUROPEAN JOURNAL OF BIOCHEMISTRY, (1 JUL 1997) Vol. 247,
No. 1, pp. 356-363.
Publisher: SPRINGER VERLAG, 175 FIFTH AVE, NEW YORK, NY
10010.
ISSN: 0014-2956.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal
FILE SEGMENT: LIFE
LANGUAGE: English
REFERENCE COUNT: 41

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 57 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 97:585019 SCISEARCH
THE GENUINE ARTICLE: XN651
TITLE: The role of angiotensin-converting enzyme in blood
pressure control, renal function, and male fertility
AUTHOR: Esther C R; Marino E M (Reprint); Bernstein K E
CORPORATE SOURCE: EMORY UNIV, DEPT PATHOL, ATLANTA, GA 30322 (Reprint);
EMORY UNIV, DEPT PATHOL, ATLANTA, GA 30322

COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: USA
 SOURCE: TRENDS IN ENDOCRINOLOGY AND METABOLISM, (JUL 1997) Vol. 8,
 No. 5, pp. 181-186.
 Publisher: ELSEVIER SCIENCE INC, 655 AVENUE OF THE
 AMERICAS, NEW YORK, NY 10010.
 ISSN: 1043-2760.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: General Review; Journal
 FILE SEGMENT: LIFE
 LANGUAGE: English
 REFERENCE COUNT: 56
 ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 58 OF 87 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 15
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 97479197 MEDLINE
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 9337849
 TITLE: Identification by site-directed mutagenesis of three
 essential histidine residues in membrane dipeptidase, a
 novel mammalian **zinc peptidase**.
 AUTHOR: Keynan S; Hooper N M; Turner A J
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology,
 University of Leeds, U.K.
 SOURCE: Biochemical journal, (1997 Aug 15) 326 (Pt 1) 47-51.
 Journal code: 2984726R. ISSN: 0264-6021.
 PUB. COUNTRY: ENGLAND: United Kingdom
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LANGUAGE: English
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
 ENTRY MONTH: 199711
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19971224
 Last Updated on STN: 20000303
 Entered Medline: 19971113

L18 ANSWER 59 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
 on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 97:94099 SCISEARCH
 THE GENUINE ARTICLE: WD500
 TITLE: Tissue distribution and subcellular localization of rabbit
 liver metalloendopeptidase
 AUTHOR: Nakagawa K (Reprint); Kawabata S; Nakashima Y; Iwanaga S;
 Sueishi K
 CORPORATE SOURCE: KYUSHU UNIV, FAC MED, DEPT PATHOL, HIGASHI KU, 60 3-1-1
 MAIDASHI, FUKUOKA 81282, JAPAN (Reprint); KYUSHU UNIV, FAC
 SCI, DEPT BIOL, FUKUOKA 812, JAPAN
 COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: JAPAN
 SOURCE: JOURNAL OF HISTOCHEMISTRY & CYTOCHEMISTRY, (JAN 1997) Vol.
 45, No. 1, pp. 41-47.
 Publisher: HISTOCHEMICAL SOC INC, MT SINAI MEDICAL CENTER
 19 EAST 98TH ST SUTIE 9G, NEW YORK, NY 10029.
 ISSN: 0022-1554.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal
 FILE SEGMENT: LIFE
 LANGUAGE: English
 REFERENCE COUNT: 30
 ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 60 OF 87 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on
 STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:281751 BIOSIS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199799580954
 TITLE: Regulation of the surface Zn-proteinase **expression**
 in Leishmania by Zn-2+ to modulate parasite virulence.
 AUTHOR(S): Porter, J. M. [Reprint author]; Seay, M. B.; Parl, A. K.;
 Chaudhuri, G.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Microbiol., Meharry Med. Coll., Nashville, TN 37208,

SOURCE: USA
 Abstracts of the General Meeting of the American Society
 for Microbiology, (1997) Vol. 97, No. 0, pp. 31.
 Meeting Info.: 97th General Meeting of the American Society
 for Microbiology. Miami Beach, Florida, USA. May 4-8, 1997.
 ISSN: 1060-2011.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; (Meeting)
 Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)
 Conference; (Meeting Poster)

LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 3 Jul 1997
 Last Updated on STN: 3 Jul 1997

L18 ANSWER 61 OF 87 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:4043 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:137812
 TITLE: Structural studies of aminopeptidase P. A novel
 cellular peptidase
 AUTHOR(S): Turner, Anthony J.; Hyde, Ralph J.; Lim, Jaeseung;
 Hooper, Nigel M.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, University
 of Leeds, Leeds, LS2 9JT, UK
 SOURCE: Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology (1997),
 421(Cellular Peptidases in Immune Functions and
 Diseases), 7-16
 CODEN: AEMBAP; ISSN: 0065-2598
 PUBLISHER: Plenum Publishing Corp.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review
 LANGUAGE: English
 REFERENCE COUNT: 49 THERE ARE 49 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L18 ANSWER 62 OF 87 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on
 STN DUPLICATE 16
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:24167 BIOSIS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199799323370
 TITLE: Surface Zn-proteinase as a molecule for defense of
 Leishmania mexicana amazonensis promastigotes against
 cytolysis inside macrophage phagolysosomes.
 AUTHOR(S): Seay, Michael B.; Heard, Pamela L.; Chaudhuri, Gautam
 [Reprint author]
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Div. Biomedical Sci., Meharry Med. Coll., 1005 D. B. Todd,
 Jr. Blvd., Nashville, TN 37208, USA
 SOURCE: Infection and Immunity, (1996) Vol. 64, No. 12, pp.
 5129-5137.
 CODEN: INFIBR. ISSN: 0019-9567.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
 LANGUAGE: English
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 15 Jan 1997
 Last Updated on STN: 15 Jan 1997

L18 ANSWER 63 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
 on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 97:79547 SCISEARCH
 THE GENUINE ARTICLE: WC758
 TITLE: Sequence and functional analysis of an Escherichia coli
 DNA fragment able to complement pqqE and pqqF mutants from
 Methylobacterium organophilum
 AUTHOR: Turlin E; Gasser F; Biville F (Reprint)
 CORPORATE SOURCE: INST PASTEUR, UNITE REGULAT EXPRESS GENET, DEPT BIOCHIM &
 GENET MOL, 28 RUE DR ROUX, F-75724 PARIS 15, FRANCE
 (Reprint); INST PASTEUR, UNITE REGULAT EXPRESS GENET, DEPT
 BIOCHIM & GENET MOL, F-75724 PARIS 15, FRANCE
 COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: FRANCE

SOURCE: BIOCHIMIE, (JAN 1996) Vol. 78, No. 10, pp. 822-831.
Publisher: EDITIONS SCIENTIFIQUES ELSEVIER, 141 RUE JAVEL,
75747 PARIS CEDEX 15, FRANCE.
ISSN: 0300-9084.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal
FILE SEGMENT: LIFE
LANGUAGE: English
REFERENCE COUNT: 45

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 64 OF 87 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:31022 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:55411
TITLE: Molecular **cloning** and disease associations
of hepatitis G virus
AUTHOR(S): Kim, Jungsuh P.; Fry, Kirk E.; Wages, John, Jr.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Genelabs Technologies, Inc., Redwood City, CA, 94063,
USA
SOURCE: Antiviral Therapy (1996), 1(Suppl. 3, Therapies for
Viral Hepatitis), 33-38
CODEN: ANTHFA
PUBLISHER: MTM Publications
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review
LANGUAGE: English

L18 ANSWER 65 OF 87 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on
STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:515584 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199598529884
TITLE: A tolloid-like gene is regulated in Aplysia neurons by
treatments that induce long-term memory.
AUTHOR(S): Liu, Q. R. [Reprint author]; Hattar, S. [Reprint author];
Macphee, K. [Reprint author]; Byrne, J. H.; Eskin, A.
[Reprint author]
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Biochem. Biophys. Sci., Univ. Houston, Houston, TX
77204, USA
SOURCE: Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, (1995) Vol. 21, No.
1-3, pp. 1680.
Meeting Info.: 25th Annual Meeting of the Society for
Neuroscience. San Diego, California, USA. November 11-16,
1995.
ISSN: 0190-5295.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; (Meeting)
Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)
Conference; (Meeting Poster)
LANGUAGE: English
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 5 Dec 1995
Last Updated on STN: 5 Dec 1995

L18 ANSWER 66 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 95:471164 SCISEARCH
THE GENUINE ARTICLE: RG310
TITLE: THE RENAL MEMBRANE DIPEPTIDASE (DEHYDROPEPTIDASE-I)
INHIBITOR, CILASTATIN, INHIBITS THE BACTERIAL
METALLO-BETA-LACTAMASE ENZYME CPHA
AUTHOR: KEYNAN S (Reprint); HOOPER N M; FELICI A; AMICOSANTE G;
TURNER A J
CORPORATE SOURCE: UNIV LEEDS, DEPT BIOCHEM & MOLEC BIOL, LEEDS LS2 9JT, W
YORKSHIRE, ENGLAND (Reprint); UNIV LAQUILA, FAC MED,
I-67100 LAQUILA, ITALY
COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: ENGLAND; ITALY
SOURCE: ANTIMICROBIAL AGENTS AND CHEMOTHERAPY, (JUL 1995) Vol. 39,
No. 7, pp. 1629-1631.

DOCUMENT TYPE: ISSN: 0066-4804.
FILE SEGMENT: Note; Journal
LANGUAGE: LIFE
REFERENCE COUNT: ENGLISH
21

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 67 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 95:701339 SCISEARCH
THE GENUINE ARTICLE: RY357
TITLE: SUBSTRATE-SPECIFICITY OF RABBIT LIVER METALLOENDOPEPTIDASE
AND ITS NEW FLUOROGENIC PEPTIDE-SUBSTRATES
AUTHOR: KOJIMA N; KAWABATA S (Reprint); MAKINOSE Y; NISHINO N;
IWANAGA S
CORPORATE SOURCE: KYUSHU UNIV 33, FAC SCI, DEPT BIOL, HIGASHI KU, FUKUOKA
81281, JAPAN (Reprint); KYUSHU UNIV 33, FAC SCI, DEPT
BIOL, HIGASHI KU, FUKUOKA 81281, JAPAN; KYUSHU INST
TECHNOL, FAC ENGN, DEPT APPL CHEM, KITAKYUSHU 804,
FUKUOKA, JAPAN
COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: JAPAN
SOURCE: JOURNAL OF BIOCHEMISTRY, (OCT 1995) Vol. 118, No. 4, pp.
855-861.
ISSN: 0021-924X.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal
FILE SEGMENT: LIFE
LANGUAGE: ENGLISH
REFERENCE COUNT: 39

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 68 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 95:330834 SCISEARCH
THE GENUINE ARTICLE: QW981
TITLE: THE METZINCINS - TOPOLOGICAL AND SEQUENTIAL RELATIONS
BETWEEN THE ASTACINS, ADAMALYSINS, SERRALYSINS, AND
MATRIXINS (COLLAGENASES) DEFINE A SUPERFAMILY OF
ZINC-PEPTIDASES
AUTHOR: STOCKER W (Reprint); GRAMS F; BAUMANN U; REINEMER P;
GOMISRUTH F X; MCKAY D B; BODE W
CORPORATE SOURCE: UNIV HEIDELBERG, INST ZOOL, NEUENHEIMER FELD 230, D-69120
HEIDELBERG, GERMANY (Reprint); MAX PLANCK INST BIOCHEM,
D-82152 MARTINSRIED, GERMANY; UNIV FREIBURG, INST ORGAN
CHEM & BIOCHEM, D-79104 FREIBURG, GERMANY; UNIV AUTONOMA
BARCELONA, INST BIOL FONAMENTAL, E-08193 BARCELONA, SPAIN;
STANFORD UNIV, SCH MED, DEPT CELL BIOL, BECKMAN LABS
STRUCT BIOL, STANFORD, CA, 94305
COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: GERMANY; SPAIN; USA
SOURCE: PROTEIN SCIENCE, (MAY 1995) Vol. 4, No. 5, pp. 823-840.
ISSN: 0961-8368.
DOCUMENT TYPE: General Review; Journal
FILE SEGMENT: LIFE
LANGUAGE: ENGLISH
REFERENCE COUNT: 136

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 69 OF 87 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 17

ACCESSION NUMBER: 94304829 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 8031754
TITLE: Crystal structures of **recombinant** 19-kDa human
fibroblast collagenase complexed to itself.
AUTHOR: Lovejoy B; Hassell A M; Luther M A; Weigl D; Jordan S R
CORPORATE SOURCE: Glaxo Research Institute, Research Triangle Park, North
Carolina 27709.

SOURCE: Biochemistry, (1994 Jul 12) 33 (27) 8207-17.
Journal code: 0370623. ISSN: 0006-2960.
PUB. COUNTRY: United States
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 199408
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19940825
Last Updated on STN: 20000303
Entered Medline: 19940816

L18 ANSWER 70 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 94:380207 SCISEARCH
THE GENUINE ARTICLE: NR647
TITLE: NEW THIOL INHIBITORS OF NEUTRAL ENDOPEPTIDASE EC-3.4.24.11
- SYNTHESIS AND ENZYME ACTIVE-SITE RECOGNITION
AUTHOR: GOMEZMONTERREY I; BEAUMONT A; NEMECEK P; ROQUES B P
(Reprint); FOURNIEZALUSKI M C
CORPORATE SOURCE: UNIV PARIS 05, UFR SCI PHARMACEUT & BIOL, CNRS, URA D1500,
INSERM, U266, UNITE PHARMACOCHEM MOLEC, F-75270 PARIS 06,
FRANCE (Reprint); UNIV PARIS 05, UFR SCI PHARMACEUT &
BIOL, CNRS, URA D1500, INSERM, U266, UNITE PHARMACOCHEM
MOLEC, F-75270 PARIS 06, FRANCE; RHONE POULENC RORER, CTR
RECH VITRY ALFORTVILLE, F-94403 VITRY, FRANCE
COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: FRANCE
SOURCE: JOURNAL OF MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY, (10 JUN 1994) Vol. 37, No.
12, pp. 1865-1873.
ISSN: 0022-2623.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal
FILE SEGMENT: LIFE
LANGUAGE: ENGLISH
REFERENCE COUNT: 50
ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 71 OF 87 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 18
ACCESSION NUMBER: 94222095 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 8168535
TITLE: Asp650 is crucial for catalytic activity of neutral
endopeptidase 24-11.
AUTHOR: Le Moual H; Dion N; Roques B P; Crine P; Boileau G
CORPORATE SOURCE: Departement de Biochimie, Universite de Montreal, Canada.
SOURCE: European journal of biochemistry / FEBS, (1994 Apr 1) 221
(1) 475-80.
Journal code: 0107600. ISSN: 0014-2956.
PUB. COUNTRY: GERMANY: Germany, Federal Republic of
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 199406
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19940613
Last Updated on STN: 20000303
Entered Medline: 19940602

L18 ANSWER 72 OF 87 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 19
ACCESSION NUMBER: 94368822 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 8086433
TITLE: Elucidation of the thermal stability of the neutral
proteinase II from Aspergillus oryzae.
AUTHOR: Tatsumi H; Ikegaya K; Murakami S; Kawabe H; Nakano E; Motai
H
CORPORATE SOURCE: Research and Development Division, Kikkoman Corporation,
Chiba, Japan.
SOURCE: Biochimica et biophysica acta, (1994 Sep 21) 1208 (1)

179-85.
 Journal code: 0217513. ISSN: 0006-3002.
 Netherlands
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LANGUAGE: English
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
 ENTRY MONTH: 199410
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19941031
 Last Updated on STN: 20000303
 Entered Medline: 19941018

L18 ANSWER 73 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
 on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 94:622724 SCISEARCH
 THE GENUINE ARTICLE: PH592
 TITLE: ELUCIDATION OF THE THERMAL-STABILITY OF THE NEUTRAL
 PROTEINASE-II FROM ASPERGILLUS-ORYZAE
 AUTHOR: TATSUMI H (Reprint); IKEGAYA K; MURAKAMI S; KAWABE H;
 NAKANO E; MOTAI H
 CORPORATE SOURCE: KIKKOMAN FOODS INC, DIV RES & DEV, 399 NODA, NODA, CHIBA
 278, JAPAN (Reprint); GREEN CROSS CO, DIV RES, HIRAKATA,
 OSAKA 573, JAPAN
 COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: JAPAN
 SOURCE: BIOCHIMICA ET BIOPHYSICA ACTA-PROTEIN STRUCTURE AND
 MOLECULAR ENZYMOLOGY, (21 SEP 1994) Vol. 1208, No. 1, pp.
 179-185.
 ISSN: 0167-4838.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal
 FILE SEGMENT: LIFE
 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH
 REFERENCE COUNT: 39

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 74 OF 87 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:500613 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:100613
 TITLE: Degradation of insulin-like growth factor
 (IGF)-binding protein-3 (IGFBP-3) by a metal-dependent
 protease produced by human fibroblasts: effects of
 IGFs on protease activity
 AUTHOR(S): Fowlkes, J.L.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Med. Cent., Duke Univ., Durham, NC, 27710, USA
 SOURCE: Endocrine Journal (Basingstoke, United Kingdom)
 (1994), 2(1), 63-8
 CODEN: EDJUE6; ISSN: 0969-711X
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

L18 ANSWER 75 OF 87 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 20

ACCESSION NUMBER: 94059987 MEDLINE
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 8241164
 TITLE: Secondary structure and zinc ligation of human
recombinant short-form stromelysin by
 multidimensional heteronuclear NMR.
 AUTHOR: Gooley P R; Johnson B A; Marcy A I; Cuca G C; Salowe S P;
 Hagmann W K; Esser C K; Springer J P
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Biophysical Chemistry, Merck Research
 Laboratories, Rahway, New Jersey 07065.
 SOURCE: Biochemistry, (1993 Dec 7) 32 (48) 13098-108.
 Journal code: 0370623. ISSN: 0006-2960.
 PUB. COUNTRY: United States
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LANGUAGE: English
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 199401
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19940201
Last Updated on STN: 20000303
Entered Medline: 19940106

L18 ANSWER 76 OF 87 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:423669 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:23669
TITLE: The zinc metalloprotease of *Listeria monocytogenes* is required for maturation of phosphatidylcholine phospholipase C: Direct evidence obtained by gene complementation
AUTHOR(S): Poyart, Claire; Abachin, Eric; Razafimanantsoa, Ihari; Berche, Patrick
CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Microbiol., Fac. Med., Necker-Enfants Malades, 75724, Fr.
SOURCE: Infection and Immunity (1993), 61(4), 1576-80
CODEN: INFIBR; ISSN: 0019-9567
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

L18 ANSWER 77 OF 87 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:358112 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199345041537
TITLE: Increased **expression** of the surface zinc **-proteinase** in zinc-tolerant *Leishmania mexicana amazonensis*.
AUTHOR(S): Chaudhuri, Gautam
CORPORATE SOURCE: Meharry Med. College, Nashville, TN 37208, USA
SOURCE: Abstracts of the General Meeting of the American Society for Microbiology, (1993) Vol. 93, No. 0, pp. 234. Meeting Info.: 93rd General Meeting of the American Society for Microbiology. Atlanta, Georgia, USA. May 16-20, 1993. ISSN: 1060-2011.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; (Meeting)
LANGUAGE: English
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 31 Jul 1993
Last Updated on STN: 31 Jul 1993

L18 ANSWER 78 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 93:351599 SCISEARCH
THE GENUINE ARTICLE: LE436
TITLE: IMPLICATIONS OF THE 3-DIMENSIONAL STRUCTURE OF ASTACIN FOR THE STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION OF THE ASTACIN FAMILY OF ZINC-ENDOPEPTIDASES
AUTHOR: STOCKER W (Reprint); GOMISRUTH F X; BODE W; ZWILLING R
CORPORATE SOURCE: UNIV HEIDELBERG, INST ZOOL, FACHRICHTUNG PHYSIOL, NEUENHEIMER FELD 230, W-6900 HEIDELBERG 1, GERMANY (Reprint); MAX PLANCK INST BIOCHEM, W-8033 MARTINSRIED, GERMANY
COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: GERMANY
SOURCE: EUROPEAN JOURNAL OF BIOCHEMISTRY, (15 MAY 1993) Vol. 214, No. 1, pp. 215-231. ISSN: 0014-2956.
DOCUMENT TYPE: General Review; Journal
FILE SEGMENT: LIFE
LANGUAGE: ENGLISH
REFERENCE COUNT: 113
ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 79 OF 87 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:209738 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:209738
TITLE: Sequence diversity and organization of the msp gene family encoding gp63 of Leishmania chagasi
AUTHOR(S): Roberts, Sigrid C.; Swihart, Kristin G.; Agey, Michael W.; Ramamoorthy, Ramesh; Wilson, Mary E.; Donelson, John E.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Biochem., Univ. Iowa, Iowa City, IA, 52242, USA
SOURCE: Molecular and Biochemical Parasitology (1993), 62(2), 157-71
CODEN: MBIPDP; ISSN: 0166-6851
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

L18 ANSWER 80 OF 87 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 21
ACCESSION NUMBER: 92279252 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 1594604
TITLE: Extrachromosomal genetic complementation of surface metalloproteinase (gp63)-deficient Leishmania increases their binding to macrophages.
AUTHOR: Liu X; Chang K P
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Microbiology/Immunology, University of Health Sciences/Chicago Medical School, IL 60064.
CONTRACT NUMBER: AI-20486 (NIAID)
SOURCE: Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, (1992 Jun 1) 89 (11) 4991-5.
Journal code: 7505876. ISSN: 0027-8424.
PUB. COUNTRY: United States
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 199206
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19920710
Last Updated on STN: 20000303
Entered Medline: 19920626

L18 ANSWER 81 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 92:682677 SCISEARCH
THE GENUINE ARTICLE: JY669
TITLE: A ZINC-PROTEASE SPECIFIC DOMAIN IN BOTULINUM AND TETANUS NEUROTOXINS
AUTHOR: FUJII N (Reprint); KIMURA K; YOKOSAWA N; TSUZUKI K; OGUMA K
CORPORATE SOURCE: SAPPORO MED COLL, DEPT MICROBIOL, SOUTH 1, WEST 17, SAPPORO, HOKKAIDO 060, JAPAN (Reprint)
COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: JAPAN
SOURCE: TOXICON, (NOV 1992) Vol. 30, No. 11, pp. 1486-1488.
ISSN: 0041-0101.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Note; Journal
FILE SEGMENT: LIFE
LANGUAGE: ENGLISH
REFERENCE COUNT: 21

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 82 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 92:291997 SCISEARCH
THE GENUINE ARTICLE: HR526
TITLE: MUTATIONAL ANALYSIS REVEALS ONLY ONE CATALYTIC HISTIDINE IN NEUTRAL ENDOPEPTIDASE (ENKEPHALINASE)
AUTHOR: KIM Y A; SHRIVER B; HERSH L B (Reprint)
CORPORATE SOURCE: UNIV TEXAS, SW MED CTR, DEPT BIOCHEM, 5323 HARRY HINES BLVD, DALLAS, TX, 75235
COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: USA

SOURCE: BIOCHEMICAL AND BIOPHYSICAL RESEARCH COMMUNICATIONS, (30
APR 1992) Vol. 184, No. 2, pp. 883-887.
ISSN: 0006-291X.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal
FILE SEGMENT: LIFE
LANGUAGE: ENGLISH
REFERENCE COUNT: 27

L18 ANSWER 83 OF 87 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:446691 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:46691
TITLE: Inhibition of **recombinant** human blood
coagulation factor VIIa amidolytic and proteolytic
activity by zinc ions
AUTHOR(S): Pedersen, Anders H.; Lund-Hansen, Torben; Komiyama,
Yutaka; Petersen, Lars C.; Oestergaard, Per B.;
Kisiel, Walter
CORPORATE SOURCE: Biopharm. Div., Novo-Nord., Bagsvaerd, Den.
SOURCE: Thrombosis and Haemostasis (1991), 65(5), 528-34
CODEN: THHADQ; ISSN: 0340-6245
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

L18 ANSWER 84 OF 87 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 22
ACCESSION NUMBER: 91375620 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 1716743
TITLE: Immunoautoradiographic localisation of enkephalinase (EC
3.4.24.11) in rat gastrointestinal tract.
AUTHOR: Pollard H; Moreau J; Ronco P; Verroust P; Schwartz J C
CORPORATE SOURCE: Unite de Neurobiologie et Pharmacologie (U 109) de
l'Inserm, Centre Paul Broca, Paris, France.
SOURCE: Neuropeptides, (1991 Jul) 19 (3) 169-78.
Journal code: 8103156. ISSN: 0143-4179.
PUB. COUNTRY: SCOTLAND: United Kingdom
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 199110
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19911108
Last Updated on STN: 19970203
Entered Medline: 19911023

L18 ANSWER 85 OF 87 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 91:418570 SCISEARCH
THE GENUINE ARTICLE: FX813
TITLE: IMMUNOAUTORADIOGRAPHIC LOCALIZATION OF ENKEPHALINASE
(EC-3.4.24.11) IN RAT GASTROINTESTINAL-TRACT
AUTHOR: POLLARD H (Reprint); MOREAU J; RONCO P; VERROUST P;
SCHWARTZ J C
CORPORATE SOURCE: CTR PAUL BROCA, INSERM, U109, UNITE NEUROBIOL & PHARMACOL,
2TER RUE ALESIA, F-75014 PARIS, FRANCE (Reprint); HOP
TENON, INSERM, U64, UNITE NEPHROL NORMALE & PATHOL,
F-75970 PARIS 20, FRANCE
COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: FRANCE
SOURCE: NEUROPEPTIDES, (1991) Vol. 19, No. 3, pp. 169-178.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal
FILE SEGMENT: LIFE
LANGUAGE: ENGLISH
REFERENCE COUNT: 54

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

L18 ANSWER 86 OF 87 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on
STN DUPLICATE 23

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:244547 BIOSIS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV198987125612; BA87:125612
 TITLE: AMINO ACID SEQUENCE DEDUCED FROM A RAT KIDNEY COMPLEMENTARY
 DNA SUGGESTS IT ENCODES THE ZINC
 PEPTIDASE AMINOPEPTIDASE N.
 AUTHOR(S): WATT V M [Reprint author]; YIP C C
 CORPORATE SOURCE: DEP PHYSIOL, UNIV TORONTO, TORONTO, CANADA M5S 1A8
 SOURCE: Journal of Biological Chemistry, (1989) Vol. 264, No. 10,
 pp. 5480-5487.
 CODEN: JBCHA3. ISSN: 0021-9258.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
 FILE SEGMENT: BA
 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20 May 1989
 Last Updated on STN: 20 May 1989

L18 ANSWER 87 OF 87 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 24
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 89019388 MEDLINE
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 3051385
 TITLE: How do enzymes work?..
 AUTHOR: Kraut J
 CORPORATE SOURCE: University of California, San Diego, La Jolla 92093.
 SOURCE: Science, (1988 Oct 28) 242 (4878) 533-40. Ref: 65
 Journal code: 0404511. ISSN: 0036-8075.
 PUB. COUNTRY: United States
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 General Review; (REVIEW)
 (REVIEW, TUTORIAL)
 LANGUAGE: English
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
 ENTRY MONTH: 198811
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19900308
 Last Updated on STN: 19900308
 Entered Medline: 19881123

=> e hillman j l/au

E1	82	HILLMAN J J/AU
E2	5	HILLMAN J K/AU
E3	484 -->	HILLMAN J L/AU
E4	1	HILLMAN J M/AU
E5	4	HILLMAN J M L/AU
E6	2	HILLMAN J O/AU
E7	9	HILLMAN J P/AU
E8	243	HILLMAN J R/AU
E9	2	HILLMAN J RICHARD/AU
E10	111	HILLMAN J S/AU
E11	21	HILLMAN J T/AU
E12	10	HILLMAN J V/AU

=> s e3

L19 484 "HILLMAN J L"/AU

=> e bandman o/au

E1	3	BANDMAN MARC A/AU
E2	1	BANDMAN MARC ALAN/AU
E3	385 -->	BANDMAN O/AU
E4	20	BANDMAN O A/AU
E5	15	BANDMAN O L/AU
E6	64	BANDMAN OLG/AU
E7	361	BANDMAN OLGA/AU
E8	2	BANDMAN R/AU
E9	1	BANDMAN R L/AU
E10	4	BANDMAN T/AU

E11 9 BANDMAN T B/AU
E12 7 BANDMAN T M/AU

=> s e3-e7

L20 845 ("BANDMAN O"/AU OR "BANDMAN O A"/AU OR "BANDMAN O L"/AU OR "BANDMAN OLG"/AU OR "BANDMAN OLGA"/AU)

=> e tang y t/au

E1 449 TANG Y S/AU
E2 6 TANG Y SIM/AU
E3 446 --> TANG Y T/AU
E4 1 TANG Y TANG/AU
E5 499 TANG Y TOM/AU
E6 429 TANG Y W/AU
E7 1 TANG Y W A/AU
E8 1 TANG Y W W/AU
E9 146 TANG Y X/AU
E10 3 TANG Y X P/AU
E11 154 TANG Y Y/AU
E12 2 TANG Y Y N/AU

=> s e3

L21 446 "TANG Y T"/AU

=> e azimzai y/au

E1 2 AZIMZADEH S/AU
E2 1 AZIMZADEHKHATAYLOO S/AU
E3 139 --> AZIMZAI Y/AU
E4 1 AZIMZAI YALD/AU
E5 151 AZIMZAI YALDA/AU
E6 3 AZIMZHANOVA B M/AU
E7 1 AZIMZHANOVA M M/AU
E8 1 AZIMZHANOVA M P/AU
E9 1 AZIN A/AU
E10 1 AZIN A D/AU
E11 94 AZIN A L/AU
E12 1 AZIN A P/AU

=> s e3-e5

L22 291 ("AZIMZAI Y"/AU OR "AZIMZAI YALD"/AU OR "AZIMZAI YALDA"/AU)

=> e yue h/au

E1 39 YUE GUOZHEN/AU
E2 1 YUE GUOZHEN Z/AU
E3 485 --> YUE H/AU
E4 1 YUE H A/AU
E5 3 YUE H B/AU
E6 3 YUE H C/AU
E7 1 YUE H D/AU
E8 6 YUE H F/AU
E9 3 YUE H G/AU
E10 7 YUE H H/AU
E11 4 YUE H HENRY/AU
E12 39 YUE H J/AU

=> s e3

L23 485 "YUE H"/AU

=> e baughn m r/au

E1 1 BAUGHN L E/AU
E2 16 BAUGHN M/AU
E3 350 --> BAUGHN M R/AU
E4 1 BAUGHN MARIA R/AU
E5 17 BAUGHN MARIAH/AU

E6	389	BAUGHN MARIAH R/AU
E7	2	BAUGHN P/AU
E8	1	BAUGHN P F/AU
E9	48	BAUGHN R/AU
E10	3	BAUGHN R B/AU
E11	432	BAUGHN R E/AU
E12	22	BAUGHN R L/AU

=> s e3-e6

L24 757 ("BAUGHN M R"/AU OR "BAUGHN MARIA R"/AU OR "BAUGHN MARIAH"/AU
OR "BAUGHN MARIAH R"/AU)

=> e lu d a m/au

E1	1446	LU D/AU
E2	5	LU D A/AU
E3	169 -->	LU D A M/AU
E4	1	LU D A R/AU
E5	12	LU D B/AU
E6	154	LU D C/AU
E7	1	LU D C D C/AU
E8	10	LU D C T/AU
E9	36	LU D D/AU
E10	2	LU D D C/AU
E11	2	LU D D L/AU
E12	2	LU D D S/AU

=> s e3

L25 169 "LU D A M"/AU

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:16:50 ON 09 DEC 2004)

FILE 'MEDLINE, EMBASE, BIOSIS, BIOTECHDS, SCISEARCH, HCAPLUS, NTIS,
LIFESCI' ENTERED AT 13:17:17 ON 09 DEC 2004

L1	628423	S PEPTIDASE? OR PROTEINASE? OR PROTEASE?
L2	232488	S HUMAN AND L1
L3	1461	S ZINC(A) METALLOPROTEASE?
L4	3232	S ZINC AND L2
L5	6823002	S CLON? OR EXPRESS? OR RECOMBINANT
L6	1449	S L4 AND L5
L7	4633	S MATRIXIN OR HEMOPEXIN
L8	52	S L6 AND L7
L9	31	DUP REM L8 (21 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L10	6055	S BRAIN (A)CANCER
L11	1	S L6 AND L10
L12	924	S ZINC (A)L1
L13	0	S L12 AND L10
L14	1	S L5 AND L1`2
L15	169	S L5 AND L12
L16	3	S L7 AND L15
L17	3	DUP REM L16 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L18	87	DUP REM L15 (82 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
		E HILLMAN J L/AU
L19	484	S E3
		E BANDMAN O/AU
L20	845	S E3-E7
		E TANG Y T/AU
L21	446	S E3
		E AZIMZAI Y/AU
L22	291	S E3-E5
		E YUE H/AU
L23	485	S E3
		E BAUGHN M R/AU

L24 757 S E3-E6
E LU D A M/AU
L25 169 S E3

=> s 119 or 120 or 121 or 122 or 123 or 124 or 125
L26 2086 L19 OR L20 OR L21 OR L22 OR L23 OR L24 OR L25

=> s 16 and 126
L27 0 L6 AND L26

=> s 12 and 126
L28 61 L2 AND L26

=> dup rem 128
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L28
L29 43 DUP REM L28 (18 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 1-43 ibib

L29 ANSWER 1 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:333826 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:333615
TITLE: Novel **human** protein modification and
maintenance molecules and their cDNAs and therapeutic
use
INVENTOR(S): Khare, Reena; Swarnakar, Anita; Lee, Soo Yeun;
Baughn, Mariah R.; Tran, Uyen K.; Hafalia,
April J. A.; Elliott, Vicki S.; Marquis, Joseph P.;
Murage, Jagi; Ramkumar, Jayalaxmi; Richardson, Thomas
W.; Wang, Jonathan T.; Chien, David
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Incyte Corporation, USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 194 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004033636	A2	20040422	WO 2003-US31531	20031003
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-416096P	P 20021004
			US 2002-420927P	P 20021023

L29 ANSWER 2 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:270095 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:282467
TITLE: Novel **human** protein modification and
maintenance molecules and their cDNAs and therapeutic
use
INVENTOR(S): Khare, Reena; Jin, Pei; Chawla, Narinder K.;
Swarnakar, Anita; Lee, Soo Yeun; Yang, Yonghong G.;
Baughn, Mariah R.; Tran, Uyen K.; Hafalia,
April J. A.; Elliott, Vicki S.; Marquis, Joseph P.;

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Murage, Jagi; Ramkumar, Jayalaxmi; Richardson, Thomas W.; Wang, Jonathan T.; Chien, David
 SOURCE: Incyte Corporation, USA
 PCT Int. Appl., 200 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004027039	A2	20040401	WO 2003-US29692	20030917
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-412376P	P 20020920
			US 2002-416096P	P 20021004
			US 2002-420927P	P 20021023

L29 ANSWER 3 OF 43 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:496262 BIOSIS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200300496456
 TITLE: Human proteinase molecules.
 AUTHOR(S): Bandman, Olga [Inventor, Reprint Author]; Corley, Neil C. [Inventor]; Guegler, Karl J. [Inventor]; Baughn, Mariah R. [Inventor]
 CORPORATE SOURCE: ASSIGNEE: Incyte Corporation
 PATENT INFORMATION: US 6627605 September 30, 2003
 SOURCE: Official Gazette of the United States Patent and Trademark Office Patents, (Sep 30 2003) Vol. 1274, No. 5.
<http://www.uspto.gov/web/menu/patdata.html>. e-file.
 ISSN: 0098-1133 (ISSN print).
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 22 Oct 2003
 Last Updated on STN: 22 Oct 2003

L29 ANSWER 4 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004-02525 BIOTECHDS
 TITLE: New alpha-2-macroglobulin-like polypeptide and encoding polynucleotide, useful for diagnosing or treating disorders such as Alzheimer's disease, multiple sclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis, tumors, ischemia and viral infections; vector-mediated gene transfer and expression in host cell for recombinant protein production, drug screening and gene therapy
 AUTHOR: GODBOLE S D; BOYLE B J; MIZE N K; DENG C; GOODRICH R W; ARTERBURN M C; ZHOU P; TANG Y T; LIU C; YEUNG G; DRMANAC R T
 PATENT ASSIGNEE: GODBOLE S D; BOYLE B J; MIZE N K; DENG C; GOODRICH R W; ARTERBURN M C; ZHOU P; TANG Y T; LIU C; YEUNG G; DRMANAC R T
 PATENT INFO: US 2003180722 25 Sep 2003
 APPLICATION INFO: US 2001-756247 8 Jan 2001
 PRIORITY INFO: US 2001-756247 8 Jan 2001; US 2000-496914 3 Feb 2000
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2003-852227 [79]

L29 ANSWER 5 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003-19550 BIOTECHDS
TITLE: Novel purified **human** cathepsin protein, useful for treating, diagnosing, staging or monitoring progression or treatment of cell proliferation disorders e.g. lung cancer and complications of lung cancer; involving vector-mediated gene transfer and expression in host cell for use in diagnosis, prevention and therapy
AUTHOR: **BANDMAN O**; SHAH P; RICKERT P K
PATENT ASSIGNEE: **BANDMAN O**; SHAH P; RICKERT P K
PATENT INFO: US 2003036102 20 Feb 2003
APPLICATION INFO: US 2002-143650 8 May 2002
PRIORITY INFO: US 2002-143650 8 May 2002; US 1997-883526 26 Jun 1997
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2003-512248 [48]

L29 ANSWER 6 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:435072 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:21017
TITLE: Prostate-associated **protease** HUPAP, cDNA and antibodies for prognosis, diagnosis and treatment of prostate cancer
INVENTOR(S): Spancake, Kimberly M.; **Bandman, Olga**; Lal, Preeti G.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Incyte Genomics, Inc., USA
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 42 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 988,975.
CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2003103981	A1	20030605	US 2002-235699	20020904
US 6043033	A	20000328	US 1997-807151	19970227
US 6350448	B1	20020226	US 2000-478957	20000107
US 2002119531	A1	20020829	US 2001-988975	20011119
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1997-807151	A3 19970227
			US 2000-478957	A2 20000107
			US 2001-988975	A2 20011119

L29 ANSWER 7 OF 43 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN
DUPLICATE 1
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:278022 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200200278022
TITLE: **Human** prostate-associated **protease**.
AUTHOR(S): **Bandman, Olga** [Inventor]; Lal, Preeti [Inventor]
CORPORATE SOURCE: ASSIGNEE: Incyte Genomics, Inc.
PATENT INFORMATION: US 6350448 February 26, 2002
SOURCE: Official Gazette of the United States Patent and Trademark Office Patents, (Feb. 26, 2002) Vol. 1255, No. 4.
<http://www.uspto.gov/web/menu/patdata.html>. e-file.
CODEN: OGUPE7. ISSN: 0098-1133.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 8 May 2002
Last Updated on STN: 8 May 2002

L29 ANSWER 8 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
DUPLICATE 2

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-16546 BIOTECHDS

TITLE: New **human proteases** useful for
diagnosing, preventing or treating anorexia, myocardial
infarction, Addison's disease, hepatitis, Cushing's syndrome,
eczema, Parkinson's disease, and impotence;
vector-mediated recombinant protein gene transfer and
expression in host cell for disease or disorder gene
therapy

AUTHOR: LEE E A; HAFALIA A J A; **YUE H**; LAL P G; YAO M G; LU
Y; WALIA N K; WARREN B A; **LU D A M**; **BAUGHN M**
R; DELEGEANE A M; BURFORD N; BOROWSKY M L; LEE S; XU Y;
GRIFFIN J A; KALLICK D A; GANDHI A R; ARVIZU C; ISON C H;
TANG Y T; **AZIMZAI Y**; ELLIOTT V S;
SWARNAKAR A; RAMKUMAR J; NGUYEN D B; TRIBOULEY C M; LO T P;
AU-YOUNG J; THANGAVELU K; KEARNEY L
PATENT ASSIGNEE: INCYTE GENOMICS INC
PATENT INFO: WO 2002038744 16 May 2002
APPLICATION INFO: WO 2000-US51034 18 Oct 2000
PRIORITY INFO: US 2000-250981 1 Dec 2000
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2002-463471 [49]

L29 ANSWER 9 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
DUPLICATE 3

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-13166 BIOTECHDS

TITLE: New purified **proteases** and polynucleotides, useful
for diagnosing, treating or preventing disorders of
gastrointestinal, cardiovascular, cell proliferative,
developmental, epithelial, neurological and reproductive
systems;

vector-mediated gene transfer, expression in host cell,
transgenic animal and antibody for recombinant protein
production, drug screening and gene therapy
AUTHOR: TODD S; DELEGEANE A M; GANDHI A R; NGUYEN D B; HAFALIA A J A;
KEARNEY L; LU Y; LEE E A; WALIA N K; DAS D; PATTERSON C; YAO
M G; KALLICK D A; ELLIOTT V S; DING L; **YUE H**; REDDY
R; **LU D A M**; RAMKUMAR J; YANG J; TRIBOULEY C M;
BURFORD N; **BAUGHN M R**; LAL P; BOROWSKY M L; KHAN F
A; GURURAJAN R; **TANG Y T**; AU-YOUNG J; WARREN B A;
HERNANDEZ R; DUGGAN B M
PATENT ASSIGNEE: INCYTE GENOMICS INC
PATENT INFO: WO 2002020736 14 Mar 2002
APPLICATION INFO: WO 2000-US28161 8 Sep 2000
PRIORITY INFO: US 2000-239658 12 Oct 2000
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2002-351775 [38]

L29 ANSWER 10 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
DUPLICATE 4

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-10809 BIOTECHDS

TITLE: New **human protease** polypeptide, useful in
diagnosis, prevention and treatment of gastrointestinal,
cardiovascular, autoimmune/inflammatory, cell proliferative,
developmental, epithelial and neurological disorders;
vector-mediated gene transfer and expression in hybridoma,
monoclonal antibody, transgenic animal model construction,
polymerase chain reaction, agonist, antagonist, chimeric
antibody, single chain antibody, Fab and humanized antibody
for use in drug screening, diagnosis, prevention, therapy
and gene therapy

AUTHOR: DELEGEANE A M; GANDHI A R; HAFALIA A J A; LU D A M;
PATTERSON C; TRIBOULEY C M; DAS D; KALLICK D A; NGUYEN D B;
LEE E A; KHAN F A; YUE H; AU-YOUNG J; GRIFFIN J A;
POLICKY J L; RAMKUMAR J; YANG J; THANGAVELU K; DING L;
KEARNEY L; BAUGHN M R; BOROWSKY M L; SANJANWALA M
S; YAO M G; BURFORD N; WALIA N K; LAL P; LEE S; TODD S; LO T
P; TANG Y T; ELLIOTT V S; AZIMZAI Y; LU Y
PATENT ASSIGNEE: INCYTE GENOMICS INC
PATENT INFO: WO 2002008396 31 Jan 2002
APPLICATION INFO: WO 2000-US22397 21 Jul 2000
PRIORITY INFO: US 2000-227568 23 Aug 2000
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2002-206082 [26]

L29 ANSWER 11 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
DUPLICATE 5

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003-01793 BIOTECHDS
TITLE: Novel **human** prostate-associated **protease**
(HUPAP), useful for treating gastrointestinal disorders such
as congenital enterokinase deficiency and for producing
anti-HUPAP antibodies;
plasmid-mediated recombinant protein gene transfer and
expression in host cell and hybridoma cell culture for
monoclonal antibody, humanized antibody and single chain
antibody production for disease diagnosis and therapy

AUTHOR: BANDMAN O; LAL P G
PATENT ASSIGNEE: BANDMAN O; LAL P G
PATENT INFO: US 2002119531 29 Aug 2002
APPLICATION INFO: US 2001-988975 19 Nov 2001
PRIORITY INFO: US 2001-988975 19 Nov 2001; US 1997-807151 27 Feb 1997
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2002-627171 [67]

L29 ANSWER 12 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-17113 BIOTECHDS

TITLE: Novel **human** transmembrane proteins and
polynucleotides useful for diagnosing, treating or preventing
infertility, anemia, hypertension, anorexia,
hypercholesterolemia, cancer, gout, Grave's disease;
plasmid-mediated recombinant protein gene transfer and
expression in Escherichia coli and transgenic animal, DNA
microarray and computer bioinformatic software for disease
prevention, diagnosis and gene therapy

AUTHOR: WARREN B A; XU Y; YUE H; BATRA S; BURFORD N; GANDHI
A R; WALIA N K; ARVIZU C; TANG Y T; LU D A
M; DUGGAN B M; BAUGHN M R; LEE E A; KHAN F A;
NGUYEN D B; AZIMZAI Y; YAO M G; LAL P G; THANGAVELU
K; RAMKUMAR J; TRAN B; DING L; AU-YOUNG J

PATENT ASSIGNEE: INCYTE GENOMICS INC
PATENT INFO: WO 2002034783 2 May 2002
APPLICATION INFO: WO 2000-US49670 27 Oct 2000
PRIORITY INFO: US 2000-255085 12 Dec 2000
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2002-463354 [49]

L29 ANSWER 13 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:594884 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:151105
TITLE: **Human** PMMM proteins as sequence homologs of
proteinases with possible diagnostic and
therapeutic uses

INVENTOR(S) :

Warren, Bridget A.; Honchell, Cynthia D.; Lu, Yan;
 Walia, Narinder K.; Burford, Neil; Delegeane, Angelo
 M.; Gandhi, Ameena R.; **Baughn, Mariah R.**;
 Griffin, Jennifer A.; Gietzen, Kimberly J.; Lu, Dyung
 Aina M.; Ison, Craig H.; Ramkumar, Jayalaxmi; Tang,
 Tom Y.; Lal, Preeti G.; Borowski, Mark L.; Duggan,
 Brendan M.; Hafalia, April J. A.; Arvizu, Chandra;
 Thangavelu, Kavitha; Yao, Monique G.; Elliott, Vicki
 S.; Ding, Li; Yue, Henry; Lee, Sally; Swarnakar,
 Anita; Tran, Uyen K.; Xu, Yuming
 Incyte Genomics, Inc., USA; et al.
 PCT Int. Appl., 172 pp.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S) :

SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002060942	A2	20020808	WO 2002-US2813	20020130
WO 2002060942	A3	20030724		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
CA 2434953	AA	20020808	CA 2002-2434953	20020130
EP 1356028	A2	20031029	EP 2002-723076	20020130
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR			
US 2004077048	A1	20040422	US 2003-467042	20030731
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2001-265705P	P 20010131
			US 2001-266762P	P 20010205
			US 2001-269581P	P 20010216
			US 2001-271198P	P 20010223
			US 2001-272813P	P 20010301
			US 2001-275586P	P 20010313
			US 2001-278505P	P 20010323
			US 2001-280539P	P 20010330
			WO 2002-US2813	W 20020130

L29 ANSWER 14 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
 DUPLICATE 6

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-07460 BIOTECHDS

TITLE:

Twenty one **human proteases** (referred to
 as PRTS-1 to PRTS-21), useful in the diagnosis, treatment and
 prevention of gastrointestinal (e.g. gastritis),
 cardiovascular (e.g. atherosclerosis) and cell proliferative
 (e.g. cancer) disorders;

vector-mediated recombinant enzyme gene transfer and
 expression in host cell, transgenic animal, hybridoma cell
 culture for monoclonal antibody production, DNA probe,
 cDNA library, database, algorithm and
 bioinformatic software for developmental, epithelial,
 neurological, reproductive disease gene therapy

AUTHOR:

YUE H; ELLIOTT V S; GANDHI A R; LAL P; AU-YOUNG J;
 TRIBOULEY C M; DELEGEANE A M; **BAUGHN M R**; NGUYEN D
 B; LEE E A; HAFALIA A; KHAN F A; WALIA N K; YAO M G; **LU**

D A M; PATTERSON C; **TANG Y T**; WALSH R T;
AZIMZAI Y; LU Y; RAMKUMAR J; XU Y; REDDY R; DAS D;
KEARNEY L; KALLICK D A
PATENT ASSIGNEE: INCYTE GENOMICS INC
PATENT INFO: WO 2001098468 27 Dec 2001
APPLICATION INFO: WO 2000-US19178 16 Jun 2000
PRIORITY INFO: US 2000-218946 14 Jul 2000
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2002-090437 [12]

L29 ANSWER 15 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
DUPLICATE 7

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-04114 BIOTECHDS
TITLE: Novel **human proteases** and polynucleotides
encoding the **proteases**, useful for treating,
diagnosing or preventing cell proliferative, cardiovascular,
autoimmune/inflammatory, neurological and developmental
disorders;
involving vector plasmid-mediated gene transfer for
expression in Escherichia coli, for use in gene therapy,
transgenic animal model construction and drug screening
AUTHOR: Delegeane A M; Lal P; Hafalia A; Patterson C; Walia N K;
Kearney L; Tribouley C M; Khan F A; Yao M G; **Baughn M**
R; Azimzai Y; Elliott V; Nguyen D B; Gandhi A
R; Yang J; Hernandez R; Policky J L; Lu D A M;
Reddy R; **Yue H; Tang Y T**
PATENT ASSIGNEE: Incyte-Genomics
LOCATION: Palo Alto, CA, USA.
PATENT INFO: WO 2001083775 8 Nov 2001
APPLICATION INFO: WO 2001-US14651 4 May 2001
PRIORITY INFO: US 2000-209402 1 Jun 2000; US 2000-202082 4 May 2000
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2002-034518 [04]

L29 ANSWER 16 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
DUPLICATE 8

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-02340 BIOTECHDS
TITLE: New polypeptide for treating gastrointestinal, cardiovascular
and autoimmune disorders, comprises novel **human**
proteases (PRTS) and polynucleotides;
recombinant **human proteases** for
disease therapy, diagnosis, and drug screening
AUTHOR: **Yue H; Lu D A M**; Policky J L; Delegeane A
M; Tribouley C M; Khan F A; Au-Young J; **Bandman O**;
Lal P; Borowsky M L; Gandhi A R; **Hillman J L**;
Tang Y T; Burford N; **Baughn M R**; Nguyen D
B; Yao M G; Walia N K; He A; Hafalia A; Lu Y; Patterson C
PATENT ASSIGNEE: Incyte-Genomics
LOCATION: Palo Alto, CA, USA.
PATENT INFO: WO 2001071004 27 Sep 2001
APPLICATION INFO: WO 2001-US8441 16 Mar 2001
PRIORITY INFO: US 2000-200227 28 Apr 2000; US 2000-190708 17 Mar 2000
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2001-611509 [70]

L29 ANSWER 17 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
DUPLICATE 9

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001-13556 BIOTECHDS
TITLE: Novel **human protease** protein (PRTS)
useful for diagnosing, treating, preventing gastrointestinal,
cardiovascular, autoimmune/inflammatory, cell proliferative

disorders associated with abnormal expression of PRTS;
recombinant protein gene production useful in gene therapy
and drug screening

AUTHOR: Yang J; **Baughn M R**; Burford N; Au-Young J; Lu
D A M; Reddy R; Yue H; Nguyen D B; **Tang Y**
T; Yao M G; Lal P
PATENT ASSIGNEE: Incyte-Genomics
LOCATION: Palo Alto, CA, USA.
PATENT INFO: WO 2001046443 28 Jun 2001
APPLICATION INFO: WO 2000-US34811 19 Dec 2000
PRIORITY INFO: US 2000-179903 2 Feb 2000; US 1999-172055 23 Dec 1999
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2001-418080 [44]

L29 ANSWER 18 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
DUPLICATE 10

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001-07759 BIOTECHDS
TITLE: New **protease** (inhibitor) useful for diagnosis and
treatment of autoimmune/inflammatory disorders such as
acquired immunodeficiency syndrome, Cushing disease,
Addison's disease and cell proliferative disorders such as
cancer;

human recombinant protease-inhibitor
production via plasmid pBLUESCRIPT expression in
Escherichia coli for gene therapy

AUTHOR: Yu H; Lal P; **Tang Y T**; **Bandman O**;
Baughn M R; **Azimzai Y**; Lu D A M;
Yang J
PATENT ASSIGNEE: Incyte-Genomics
LOCATION: Palo Alto, CA, USA.
PATENT INFO: WO 2001010903 15 Feb 2001
APPLICATION INFO: WO 2000-US21878 9 Aug 2000
PRIORITY INFO: US 1999-160807 21 Oct 1999; US 1999-147986 9 Aug 1999
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2001-202760 [20]

L29 ANSWER 19 OF 43 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on
STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:499747 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200100499747
TITLE: **Human proteinase** molecules.
AUTHOR(S): **Bandman, Olga** [Inventor]; Hillman, Jennifer L.
[Inventor]; Corley, Neil C. [Inventor]; Guegler, Karl J.
[Inventor]; **Baughn, Mariah R.** [Inventor]
CORPORATE SOURCE: ASSIGNEE: Incyte Genomics, Inc.
PATENT INFORMATION: US 6232454 May 15, 2001
SOURCE: Official Gazette of the United States Patent and Trademark
Office Patents, (May 15, 2001) Vol. 1246, No. 3. e-file.
CODEN: OGUPE7. ISSN: 0098-1133.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 24 Oct '2001
Last Updated on STN: 23 Feb 2002

L29 ANSWER 20 OF 43 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on
STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:424540 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200100424540
TITLE: **Human protease** molecules.
AUTHOR(S): **Bandman, Olga** [Inventor]; Hillman, Jennifer L.
[Inventor]; Yue, Henry [Inventor]; Guegler, Karl J.
[Inventor]; Corley, Neil C. [Inventor]; **Tang, Y. Tom**

[Inventor]; Shah, Purvi [Inventor]
CORPORATE SOURCE: ASSIGNEE: Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
PATENT INFORMATION: US 6203979 March 20, 2001
SOURCE: Official Gazette of the United States Patent and Trademark
Office Patents, (Mar. 20, 2001) Vol. 1244, No. 3. e-file.
CODEN: OGUPE7. ISSN: 0098-1133.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 5 Sep 2001
Last Updated on STN: 22 Feb 2002

L29 ANSWER 21 OF 43 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on
STN DUPLICATE 11

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:430020 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200000430020
TITLE: **Human prostate-associated protease.**
AUTHOR(S): **Bandman, Olg** [Inventor]; Lal, Preeti [Inventor]
CORPORATE SOURCE: ASSIGNEE: Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
PATENT INFORMATION: US 6043033 March 28, 2000
SOURCE: Official Gazette of the United States Patent and Trademark
Office Patents, (Mar. 28, 2000) Vol. 1232, No. 4. e-file.
CODEN: OGUPE7. ISSN: 0098-1133.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 11 Oct 2000
Last Updated on STN: 10 Jan 2002

L29 ANSWER 22 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
DUPLICATE 12

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000-12639 BIOTECHDS
TITLE: An isolated peptide for diagnosis, prevention and treatment
of cell proliferative, autoimmune/inflammatory and metabolic
disorders comprises a sequence encoding a **human
peptidase;**
method is useful for treating disease
AUTHOR: **Bandman O; Hillman J L; Tang Y T
; Azimzai Y; Baughn M R; Lal P; Yue
H; Lu D A M**
PATENT ASSIGNEE: Incyte-Pharm.
LOCATION: Palo Alto, CA, USA.
PATENT INFO: WO 2000042201 20 Jul 2000
APPLICATION INFO: WO 2000-US641 11 Jan 2000
PRIORITY INFO: US 1999-136653 27 May 1999; US 1999-172247 11 Jan 1999
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2000-482832 [42]

L29 ANSWER 23 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
DUPLICATE 13

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000-06538 BIOTECHDS
TITLE: New **human proteases**, useful for
diagnosis, treatment and prevention of cell proliferative
disorders such as atherosclerosis;
expression in host cell, antibody, agonist, antagonist,
DNA probe and DNA primer
AUTHOR: **Bandman O; Hillman J L; Baughn M;
Azimzai Y; Guegler K J; Corley N C; Yue H;
Tang Y T; Reddy R; Patterson C; Au-Young J; Shih L L;
Lu D A M**
PATENT ASSIGNEE: Incyte-Pharm.
LOCATION: Palo Alto, CA, USA.
PATENT INFO: WO 2000009709 24 Feb 2000
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US17818 6 Aug 1999
PRIORITY INFO: US 1999-119768 11 Feb 1999; US 1998-96114 10 Aug 1998

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2000-224346 [19]

L29 ANSWER 24 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
DUPLICATE 14

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000-05873 BIOTECHDS
TITLE: New **human** aspartic **protease** polypeptide
useful for treating and detecting endocrinological disorders
e.g. hypogonadism, Sheehan syndrome and diabetes insipidus;
and for treating and preventing cancers, immunological
disorder, inflammatory diseases, microbial infections,
respiratory disorders
AUTHOR: Xu H; Bruno S A; Elsenboss L A; Fogliano M; Cohan V L;
Bandman O
PATENT ASSIGNEE: Incyte-Pharm.
LOCATION: Palo Alto, CA, USA.
PATENT INFO: WO 2000004137 27 Jan 2000
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US15988 15 Jul 1999
PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-116641 16 Jul 1998
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2000-182413 [16]

L29 ANSWER 25 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:628257 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:218536
TITLE: **Human** secretory proteins and their encoding
cDNAs
INVENTOR(S): Tang, Y. Tom; Lal, Preeti; **Baughn, Mariah R.**
; Yue, Henry; Au-young, Janice; Lu, Dyung Aina M.;
Azimzai, Yalda
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 107 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000052151	A2	20000908	WO 2000-US5621	20000303
WO 2000052151	A3	20010426		
W:	AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
CA 2363684	AA	20000908	CA 2000-2363684	20000303
EP 1165766	A2	20020102	EP 2000-912168	20000303
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO			
JP 2002537805	T2	20021112	JP 2000-602763	20000303
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-123117P	P 19990305
			WO 2000-US5621	W 20000303

L29 ANSWER 26 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
DUPLICATE 15

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999-14508 BIOTECHDS

TITLE: New **human protease** molecules 1-3, useful
for e.g. diagnosis, prevention and treatment of cancer and
immune disorders;
recombinant protein production via vector plasmid
pSport-mediated gene transfer and expression in
Escherichia coli, COS-7, HeLa or CHO cell culture

AUTHOR: **Bandman O; Hillman J L; Corley N C;**
Guegler K J; Baughn M R

PATENT ASSIGNEE: Incyte-Pharm.

LOCATION: Palo Alto, CA, USA.

PATENT INFO: WO 9943832 2 Sep 1999

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US2632 8 Feb 1999

PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-32523 27 Feb 1998

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 1999-540600 [45]

L29 ANSWER 27 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
DUPLICATE 16

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999-12044 BIOTECHDS

TITLE: Novel **human protease** molecules useful in
the treatment of developmental disorders and/or cancers;
plasmid pSportI-mediated gene transfer and expression in
Escherichia coli, antibody, antagonist, agonist and DNA
probe used for immune or cell proliferation disorder
therapy and drug screening

AUTHOR: **Bandman O; Hillman J L; Yue H;**
Guegler K J; Corley N C; Tang Y T; Shah P

PATENT ASSIGNEE: Incyte-Pharm.

LOCATION: Palo Alto, CA, USA.

PATENT INFO: WO 9936550 22 Jul 1999

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US655 12 Jan 1999

PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-8271 16 Jan 1998

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 1999-430616 [36]

L29 ANSWER 28 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
DUPLICATE 17

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999-05297 BIOTECHDS

TITLE: New DNA encoding mitochondrial processing **peptidase**
subunit;
human recombinant enzyme fragment, useful for
treating smooth muscle disorders including angina,
cardiovascular shock, cancer, amnesia, epilepsy and
myopathy, etc.

AUTHOR: **Bandman O; Shah P; Corley N C**

PATENT ASSIGNEE: Incyte-Pharm.

LOCATION: Palo Alto, CA, USA.

PATENT INFO: US 5869311 9 Feb 1999

APPLICATION INFO: US 1997-895521 17 Jul 1997

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-895521 17 Jul 1997

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 1999-152778 [13]

L29 ANSWER 29 OF 43 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on
STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:290853 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200000290853

TITLE: Mitochondrial processing **peptidase** subunit.

AUTHOR(S): **Bandman, Olg** [Inventor]; Lal, Preeti [Inventor];
Corley, Neil C. [Inventor]

CORPORATE SOURCE: ASSIGNEE: Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

PATENT INFORMATION: US 6001629 December 14, 1999
SOURCE: Official Gazette of the United States Patent and Trademark
Office Patents, (Dec. 14, 1999) Vol. 1229, No. 2. e-file.
CODEN: OGUPE7. ISSN: 0098-1133.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 6 Jul 2000
Last Updated on STN: 7 Jan 2002

L29 ANSWER 30 OF 43 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on
STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:96581 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199900096581
TITLE: **Human serine protease precursor.**
AUTHOR(S): **Hillman, J. L.** [Inventor]; Corley, N. C.
[Inventor]; Shah, P. [Inventor]
CORPORATE SOURCE: San Jose, Calif., USA
ASSIGNEE: INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
PATENT INFORMATION: US 5858758 Jan. 12, 1999
SOURCE: Official Gazette of the United States Patent and Trademark
Office Patents, (Jan. 12, 1999) Vol. 1218, No. 2, pp. 1270.
print.
CODEN: OGUPE7. ISSN: 0098-1133.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 4 Mar 1999
Last Updated on STN: 4 Mar 1999

L29 ANSWER 31 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000-02922 BIOTECHDS
TITLE: Novel **human protease** associated proteins
used for, e.g. the diagnosis and prevention of cell
proliferation and immune disorders;
therapy and gene therapy
AUTHOR: **Hillman J L; Tang Y T; Lal P; Corley N C;**
Guegler K J; Patterson C
PATENT ASSIGNEE: Incyte-Pharm.
LOCATION: Palo Alto, CA, USA.
PATENT INFO: WO 9957274 11 Nov 1999
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US9190 28 Apr 1999
PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-71709 1 May 1998
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2000-062147 [05]

L29 ANSWER 32 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000-02914 BIOTECHDS
TITLE: Novel protein used for prevention, diagnosis and treatment of
reproductive, developmental, neoplastic and immunological
disorders;
human growth-associated protease
-inhibitor heavy chain precursor protein expression in
host cell, antibody, agonist, antagonist, DNA probe and
DNA primer for gene therapy
AUTHOR: **Hillman J L; Guegler K J; Patterson C**
PATENT ASSIGNEE: Incyte-Pharm.
LOCATION: Palo Alto, CA, USA.
PATENT INFO: WO 9957140 11 Nov 1999
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US9947 5 May 1999
PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-74579 7 May 1998
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2000-052939 [04]

L29 ANSWER 33 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000-01638 BIOTECHDS

TITLE: New prostate-associated serum **protease** and
polynucleotides which identify and encode PRASP, useful for
treating reproductive disorders and cancer;
expression in host cell, antibody, agonist, antagonist and
DNA probe used for gene therapy, diagnosis and drug
screening

AUTHOR: **Tang Y T**; Corley N C; Guegler K J
PATENT ASSIGNEE: Incyte-Pharm.
LOCATION: Palo Alto, CA, USA.
PATENT INFO: WO 9941387 19 Aug 1999
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US2571 5 Feb 1999
PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-25059 17 Feb 1998
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2000-012993 [01]

L29 ANSWER 34 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999-03376 BIOTECHDS

TITLE: **Human** cathepsin, LCAP;
expression in host cell, used for cancer and immune
disease therapy or prevention

AUTHOR: **Bandman O**; Guegler K J; Corley N C; Shah P
PATENT ASSIGNEE: Incyte-Pharm.
LOCATION: Palo Alto, CA, USA.
PATENT INFO: WO 9900508 7 Jan 1999
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US12863 19 Jun 1998
PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-883526 26 Jun 1997
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 1999-095753 [08]

L29 ANSWER 35 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000-01635 BIOTECHDS

TITLE: New polynucleotide encoding a microsomal signal
peptidase subunit, useful in the treatment,
prevention and diagnosis of cancer, smooth muscle disorders
and immunological disorders;

human recombinant ADH Q-reductase membrane
anchor protein production via vector plasmid
pSPORT1-mediated gene transfer and expression in
Escherichia coli for gene therapy
AUTHOR: **Hillman J L**; Goli S K
PATENT ASSIGNEE: Incyte-Pharm.
LOCATION: Palo Alto, CA, USA.
PATENT INFO: US 5985638 16 Nov 1999
APPLICATION INFO: US 1997-824577 26 Mar 1997
PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-824577 26 Mar 1997
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2000-012794 [01]

L29 ANSWER 36 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999-02068 BIOTECHDS

TITLE: New **human** serine **protease** precursor and
related nucleic acid vectors;
recombinant production by vector expression in Escherichia
coli and DNA probe, antibody, antisense, agonist and
antagonist for disease therapy

AUTHOR: **Hillman J L**; Corley N C; Shah P
PATENT ASSIGNEE: Incyte-Pharm.
LOCATION: Palo Alto, CA, USA.
PATENT INFO: WO 9850424 12 Nov 1998

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US9096 6 May 1998
PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-851974 7 May 1997
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 1999-034707 [03]

L29 ANSWER 37 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999-00951 BIOTECHDS
TITLE: New isolated **human** tumor-associated Kazal inhibitor

;

vector-mediated gene transfer and expression in colon tissue, DNA probe, antibody and antagonist for cancer diagnosis, therapy and gene therapy

AUTHOR: **Bandman O**; Guegler K J; Shah P
PATENT ASSIGNEE: Incyte-Pharm.
LOCATION: Palo Alto, CA, USA.
PATENT INFO: WO 9846758 22 Oct 1998
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US7598 14 Apr 1998
PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-839709 14 Apr 1997
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 1998-594581 [50]

L29 ANSWER 38 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999-02657 BIOTECHDS
TITLE: **Human** kallikrein polypeptide, HKALL;
a **human** stratum corneum chymotryptic enzyme homolog, used for eczema, psoriasis, scleroderma, cancer, leukemia, etc. therapy, gene therapy, diagnosis, drug screening and mapping

AUTHOR: **Hillman J L**; Lal P
PATENT ASSIGNEE: Incyte-Pharm.
LOCATION: Palo Alto, CA, USA.
PATENT INFO: WO 9842849 1 Oct 1998
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US5939 25 Mar 1998
PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-824874 26 Mar 1997
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 1999-070073 [06]

L29 ANSWER 39 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998-09555 BIOTECHDS
TITLE: New isolated prostate-associated kallikrein;
expression vector, antibody, and antagonist of kallikrein for use in prostate cancer therapy

AUTHOR: **Hillman J L**; Goli S K
PATENT ASSIGNEE: Incyte-Pharm.
LOCATION: Palo Alto, CA, USA.
PATENT INFO: WO 9832865 30 Jul 1998
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US1440 26 Jan 1998
PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-790137 29 Jan 1997
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 1998-427961 [36]

L29 ANSWER 40 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998-07568 BIOTECHDS
TITLE: New ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme and related nucleic acid, vectors and transformed cells;
human recombinant enzyme preparation by vector expression in host cell, DNA probe, antisense DNA and ribozyme, used for disease diagnosis, therapy or gene therapy

AUTHOR: **Bandman O**; Goli S K

PATENT ASSIGNEE: Incyte-Pharm.
LOCATION: Palo Alto, CA, USA.
PATENT INFO: WO 9821318 22 May 1998
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1997-US20601 7 Nov 1997
PRIORITY INFO: US 1996-748703 13 Nov 1996
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 1998-297925 [26]

L29 ANSWER 41 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998-07540 BIOTECHDS
TITLE: New isolated prostate-specific kallikrein;
recombinant tissue kallikrein preparation and antisense
nucleic acid for prostate cancer therapy and diagnosis
AUTHOR: **Bandman O**; Goli S K
PATENT ASSIGNEE: Incyte-Pharm.
LOCATION: Palo Alto, CA, USA.
PATENT INFO: WO 9820117 14 May 1998
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1997-US20051 31 Oct 1997
PRIORITY INFO: US 1996-744026 5 Nov 1996
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 1998-286933 [25]

L29 ANSWER 42 OF 43 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998-04810 BIOTECHDS
TITLE: DNA encoding **human** kallikrein;
recombinant enzyme preparation following vector expression
in host cell and antibody for e.g. hypertension gene
therapy
AUTHOR: Au-Young J; **Bandman O**; Braxton S M; Goli S K
PATENT ASSIGNEE: Incyte-Pharm.
LOCATION: Palo Alto, CA, USA.
PATENT INFO: WO 9803665 29 Jan 1998
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1997-US12724 21 Jul 1997
PRIORITY INFO: US 1996-681151 22 Jul 1996
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 1998-120785 [11]

L29 ANSWER 43 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:324889 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:24175
TITLE: Cloning of **human** tumor-associated Kazal
inhibitor with PEC-60 homology and its diagnostic and
therapeutic uses
INVENTOR(S): **Bandman, Olga**; Goli, Surya K.; Murry, Lynn
E.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA; Bandman, Olga;
Goli, Surya K.; Murry, Lynn E.
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 63 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9820132	A1	19980514	WO 1997-US20204	19971105
W:	AT, AU, CA, CH, CN, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, IL, JP, KR, MX, NO, NZ, RU, SE, SG, US, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,			

GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 5858710	A	19990112	US 1996-744670	19961106
CA 2270173	AA	19980514	CA 1997-2270173	19971105
AU 9851696	A1	19980529	AU 1998-51696	19971105
EP 942980	A1	19990922	EP 1997-946544	19971105
R: BE, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, NL				
JP 2001503629	T2	20010321	JP 1998-521770	19971105
US 5958699	A	19990928	US 1998-149933	19980909
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1996-744670	A2 19961106
			WO 1997-US20204	W 19971105
REFERENCE COUNT:	5	THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT		

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:16:50 ON 09 DEC 2004)

FILE 'MEDLINE, EMBASE, BIOSIS, BIOTECHDS, SCISEARCH, HCAPLUS, NTIS, LIFESCI' ENTERED AT 13:17:17 ON 09 DEC 2004

L1	628423 S PEPTIDASE? OR PROTEINASE? OR PROTEASE?
L2	232488 S HUMAN AND L1
L3	1461 S ZINC(A) METALLOPROTEASE?
L4	3232 S ZINC AND L2
L5	6823002 S CLON? OR EXPRESS? OR RECOMBINANT
L6	1449 S L4 AND L5
L7	4633 S MATRIXIN OR HEMOPEXIN
L8	52 S L6 AND L7
L9	31 DUP REM L8 (21 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L10	6055 S BRAIN (A)CANCER
L11	1 S L6 AND L10
L12	924 S ZINC (A)L1
L13	0 S L12 AND L10
L14	1 S L5 AND L1`2
L15	169 S L5 AND L12
L16	3 S L7 AND L15
L17	3 DUP REM L16 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L18	87 DUP REM L15 (82 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
	E HILLMAN J L/AU
L19	484 S E3
	E BANDMAN O/AU
L20	845 S E3-E7
	E TANG Y T/AU
L21	446 S E3
	E AZIMZAI Y/AU
L22	291 S E3-E5
	E YUE H/AU
L23	485 S E3
	E BAUGHN M R/AU
L24	757 S E3-E6
	E LU D A M/AU
L25	169 S E3
L26	2086 S L19 OR L20 OR L21 OR L22 OR L23 OR L24 OR L25
L27	0 S L6 AND L26
L28	61 S L2 AND L26
L29	43 DUP REM L28 (18 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

	Issue Date	Pages	Document ID	Title
1	20041118	274	US 20040229367 A1	Methods for monitoring multiple gene expression
2	20041104	48	US 20040220100 A1	Multi-component biological transport systems
3	20041028	13	US 20040213758 A1	Hydroxyamate-containing materials for the inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases
4	20040909	113	US 20040175385 A1	Therapeutic monoclonal antibodies that neutralize botulinum neurotoxins
5	20040902	26	US 20040170972 A1	Ehrlichia canis genes and vaccines
6	20040819	45	US 20040162345 A1	Compounds with NEP/MP-inhibitory activity and uses thereof
7	20040729	23	US 20040146532 A1	Agents and methods for treating pain
8	20040520	10	US 20040096817 A1	Model for in vitro adhesion development
9	20040226	37	US 20040038896 A1	Isolated human protease proteins, nucleic acid molecules encoding human protease proteins, and uses thereof
10	20040129	113	US 20040018561 A1	Peptide compounds and their use as protease substrates
11	20040122	25	US 20040014939 A1	Novel protease gene
12	20040115	286	US 20040009551 A1	Ricin-like toxin variants for treatment of cancer, viral or parasitic infections
13	20030703	61	US 20030124529 A1	Pregnancy-associated plasma protein-A2 (PAPP-A2)

	Issue Date	Pages	Document ID	Title
14	20030612	206	US 20030109021 A1	Polynucleotide encoding a novel metalloprotease highly expressed in the testis, MMP-29
15	20030508	124	US 20030087807 A1	Methods for identifying compounds for motion sickness, vertigo and other disorders related to balance and the perception of gravity
16	20030403	171	US 20030065156 A1	Novel human genes and gene expression products I
17	20030227	41	US 20030040471 A1	Compositions isolated from skin cells and methods for their use
18	20030220	38	US 20030036167 A1	Isolated human protease proteins, nucleic acid molecules encoding human protease proteins, and uses thereof
19	20030130	43	US 20030022835 A1	Compositions isolated from skin cells and methods for their use
20	20030109	23	US 20030008821 A1	Methods of preventing UVB-induced skin damage
21	20021128	36	US 20020177545 A1	Compositions and methods for treating gonadotrophin related illnesses
22	20021114	99	US 20020168727 A1	Recombinant light chains of botulinum neurotoxins and light chain fusion proteins for use in research and clinical therapy
23	20020613	37	US 20020072106 A1	Isolated human protease proteins, nucleic acid molecules encoding human protease proteins, and uses thereof
24	20020404	45	US 20020040489 A1	Expressed sequences of arabidopsis thaliana

	Issue Date	Pages	Document ID	Title
25	20020221	49	US 20020023281 A1	Expressed sequences of arabidopsis thaliana
26	20011101	30	US 20010036955 A1	Method of inhibiting angiogenesis
27	20041012	280	US 6803358 B1	Ricin-like toxin variants for treatment of cancer, viral or parasitic infections
28	20040914	26	US 6790649 B1	Composition, methods and reagents for the synthesis of a soluble form of human PHEX
29	20040907	21	US 6787517 B1	Agent and methods for treating pain
30	20040330	21	US 6712617 B2	Methods of preventing UVB-induced skin damage
31	20031028	35	US 6638751 B2	Isolated human zinc protease proteins
32	20030715	336	US 6593132 B1	Ricin-like toxin variants for treatment of cancer, viral or parasitic infections
33	20030422	455	US 6551795 B1	Nucleic acid and amino acid sequences relating to pseudomonas aeruginosa for diagnostics and therapeutics
34	20030422	119	US 6551575 B1	Methods for identifying compounds for motion sickness, vertigo and other disorders related to balance and the perception of gravity
35	20021008	35	US 6461850 B2	Isolated nucleic acid molecules encoding protease proteins, and uses thereof
36	20010904	16	US 6284513 B1	Process for the production of stromelysin catalytic domain protein

37	20010320	33	US 6203794 B1	Modification of clostridial toxins for use as transport proteins
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	Issue Date	Pages	Document ID	Title
38	20000516	9	US 6063816 A	Hydroxamic acid compounds

	Issue Date	Pages	Document ID	Title
1	20041118	274	US 20040229367 A1	Methods for monitoring multiple gene expression
2	20040909	113	US 20040175385 A1	Therapeutic monoclonal antibodies that neutralize botulinum neurotoxins
3	20040129	113	US 20040018561 A1	Peptide compounds and their use as protease substrates
4	20040122	25	US 20040014939 A1	Novel protease gene
5	20040115	286	US 20040009551 A1	Ricin-like toxin variants for treatment of cancer, viral or parasitic infections
6	20030508	124	US 20030087807 A1	Methods for identifying compounds for motion sickness, vertigo and other disorders related to balance and the perception of gravity
7	20030403	171	US 20030065156 A1	Novel human genes and gene expression products I
8	20030227	41	US 20030040471 A1	Compositions isolated from skin cells and methods for their use
9	20030130	43	US 20030022835 A1	Compositions isolated from skin cells and methods for their use
10	20030109	23	US 20030008821 A1	Methods of preventing UVB-induced skin damage
11	20020404	45	US 20020040489 A1	Expressed sequences of arabidopsis thaliana
12	20041012	280	US 6803358 B1	Ricin-like toxin variants for treatment of cancer, viral or parasitic infections
13	20040914	26	US 6790649 B1	Composition, methods and reagents for the synthesis of a soluble form of human PHEX

	Issue Date	Pages	Document ID	Title
14	20040330	21	US 6712617 B2	Methods of preventing UVB-induced skin damage
15	20030715	336	US 6593132 B1	Ricin-like toxin variants for treatment of cancer, viral or parasitic infections
16	20030422	455	US 6551795 B1	Nucleic acid and amino acid sequences relating to pseudomonas aeruginosa for diagnostics and therapeutics
17	20030422	119	US 6551575 B1	Methods for identifying compounds for motion sickness, vertigo and other disorders related to balance and the perception of gravity
18	20010904	16	US 6284513 B1	Process for the production of stromelysin catalytic domain protein

	Issue Date	Pages	Document ID	Title
1	20041021	103	US 20040209914 A1	Aromatic sulfone hydroxamic acids and their use as protease inhibitors
2	20040826	253	US 20040167182 A1	Hydroxamic acid and amide compounds and their use as protease inhibitors
3	20040722	123	US 20040142979 A1	Heteroarylsulfonylmethyl hydroxamic acids and amides and their use as protease inhibitors
4	20040708	60	US 20040132007 A1	Modified virus
5	20040610	480	US 20040110805 A1	Aromatic sulfone hydroxamic acids and their use as protease inhibitors
6	20040513	115	US 20040091962 A1	Proteases
7	20040318	105	US 20040053269 A1	Proteases
8	20040212	106	US 20040029249 A1	Proteases
9	20040205	365	US 20040024024 A1	Aromatic sulfone hydroxamates and their use as protease inhibitors
10	20040205	118	US 20040023243 A1	Proteases
11	20040115	485	US 20040010019 A1	Aromatic sulfone hydroxamates and their use as protease inhibitors
12	20031218	121	US 20030232349 A1	Proteases
13	20030911	231	US 20030171404 A1	Use of sulfonyl aryl or heteroaryl hydroxamic acids and derivatives thereof as aggrecanase inhibitors

	Issue Date	Pages	Document ID	Title
14	20030703	81	US 20030124706 A1	Proteases
15	20030703	61	US 20030124529 A1	Pregnancy-associated plasma protein-A2 (PAPP-A2)
16	20030612	206	US 20030109021 A1	Polynucleotide encoding a novel metalloprotease highly expressed in the testis, MMP-29
17	20030417	148	US 20030073845 A1	Sulfonyl aryl hydroxamates and their use as matrix metalloprotease inhibitors
18	20030417	99	US 20030073718 A1	Aromatic sulfone hydroxamic acids and their use as protease inhibitors
19	20030102	50	US 20030004651 A1	Crystalline TNF-alpha-converting enzyme and uses thereof
20	20020711	190	US 20020091244 A1	Human signal peptide-containing proteins
21	20020627	50	US 20020081692 A1	CRYSTALLINE TNF-ALPHA-CONVERTING ENZYNE AND USES THEREOF
22	20020620	55	US 20020076778 A1	33428, a novel human metalloprotease family member and uses thereof
23	20020613	67	US 20020072490 A1	33428, a novel human metalloprotease family member and uses thereof
24	20040224	137	US 6696449 B2	Sulfonyl aryl hydroxamates and their use as matrix metalloprotease inhibitors
25	20040210	355	US 6689794 B2	Aromatic sulfone hydroxamates and their use as protease inhibitors
26	20040127	95	US 6683093 B2	Aromatic sulfone hydroxamic acids and their use as protease inhibitors

	Issue Date	Pages	Document ID	Title
27	20040127	209	US 6683078 B2	Use of sulfonyl aryl or heteroaryl hydroxamic acids and derivatives thereof as aggrecanase inhibitors
28	20021112	50	US 6479268 B1	7970, a novel ATPase-like molecule and uses thereof
29	20021015	25	US 6465625 B1	Taxol derivatives
30	20020813	28	US 6432915 B1	Human mitochondrial chaperone protein
31	20001024	26	US 6136961 A	Biocatalytic methods for synthesizing and identifying biologically active compounds
32	20000104	29	US 6010879 A	Polynucleotides encoding human mitochondrial chaperone proteins
33	19990406	46	US 5892112 A	Process for preparing synthetic matrix metalloprotease inhibitors
34	19981229	25	US 5854414 A	Human mitochondrial membrane protein
35	19980630	33	US 5773438 A	Synthetic matrix metalloprotease inhibitors and use thereof
36	19980512	32	US 5750391 A	Filariid nematode cysteine protease proteins
37	19971125	31	US 5691186 A	Filariid cysteine protease genes

	L #	Hits	Search Text
1	L1	243668	zinc
2	L2	70384	protease\$2 or proteinase\$2 or peptidase\$2
3	L3	685681	clon\$3 or express\$3 or recombinant
4	L4	327	l1 adj2 l2
5	L5	38	l3 same l4
6	L6	1870	brain adj cancer
7	L7	0	l5 same l6
8	L8	18	human same l5
9	L9	34229	HILLMAN BANDMAN TANG AZIMZAI-YALDA BAUGHN YUE
10	L10	37	l4 and l9